





SBAS017A - NOVEMBER 1996 - REVISED MAY 2002

# **16-Bit 10μs Serial CMOS Sampling ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER**

### **FEATURES**

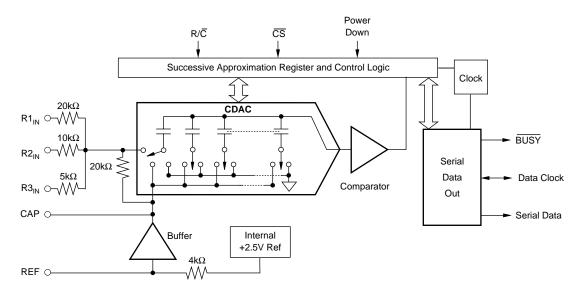
- 100kHz SAMPLING RATE
- 86dB SINAD WITH 20kHz INPUT
- ±2LSB INL
- DNL: 16 Bits "No Missing Codes"
- SIX SPECIFIED INPUT RANGES
- SERIAL OUTPUT
- SINGLE +5V SUPPLY OPERATION
- PIN-COMPATIBLE WITH 12-BIT ADS7808
- USES INTERNAL OR EXTERNAL REFERENCE
- 100mW MAX POWER DISSIPATION
- 20-PIN 0.3" PLASTIC DIP AND SO
- SIMPLE DSP INTERFACE

### DESCRIPTION

The ADS7809 is a complete 16-bit sampling Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converter using state-of-the-art CMOS structures. It contains a 16-bit capacitor-based Successive Approximation Register (SAR) A/D converter with sample-andhold, reference, clock, and a serial data interface. Data can be outputted using the internal clock, or can be synchronized to an external data clock. The ADS7809 also provides an output synchronization pulse for ease of use with standard DSP processors.

The ADS7809 is specified at a 100kHz sampling rate, and specified over the full temperature range. Laser-trimmed scaling resistors provide various input ranges including  $\pm$ 10V and 0V to 5V, while an innovative design operates from a single +5V supply, with power dissipation under 100mW.

The 20-pin ADS7809 is available in a plastic 0.3" DIP and in an SO, both fully specified for operation over the industrial  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+85^{\circ}$ C range.





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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>

Analog Inputs: R1 <sub>IN</sub>	±25V
R2 <sub>IN</sub>	±25V
R3 <sub>IN</sub>	±25V
CAP V <sub>AN</sub>	<sub>A</sub> + 0.3V to AGND2 - 0.3V
REF	Indefinite Short to AGND2,
	Momentary Short to VANA
Ground Voltage Differences: DGND, AGND2	±0.3V
V <sub>ANA</sub>	7V
V <sub>DIG</sub> to V <sub>ANA</sub>	
V <sub>DIG</sub>	7V
Digital Inputs	
Maximum Junction Temperature	+165°C
Internal Power Dissipation	
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

NOTE: (1) Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

PRODUCT	MAXIMUM LINEARITY ERROR (LSB)	NO MISSING CODE LEVEL (LSB)	MINIMUM SIGNAL-TO- (NOISE + DISTORTION) RATIO (dB)	PACKAGE- LEAD	PACKAGE DESIGNATOR <sup>(1)</sup>	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER	TRANSPORT MEDIA, QUANTITY
ADS7809P	±3	15	83	Plastic DIP-20	N	-40°C to +85°C	ADS7809P	ADS7809P	Rail, 19
ADS7809PB	±2	16	86	"	"	"	ADS7809PB	ADS7809PB	"
ADS7809U	±3	15	83	SO-20	DW	-40°C to +85°C	ADS7809U	ADS7809U	Rail, 38
ADS7809U	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	ADS7809U/1K	Tape and Reel, 1000
ADS7809UB	±2	16	86	"	"	"	ADS7809UB	ADS7809UB	Rail, 38
ADS7809UB	"	"	"	n	II	н	"	ADS7809UB/1K	Tape and Reel, 1000

NOTE: (1) For the most current specifications and package information, refer to our web site at www.ti.com.





## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

At  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to +85°C,  $f_S = 100$ kHz,  $V_{DIG} = V_{ANA} = +5V$ , using internal reference and fixed resistors (see Figure 4), unless otherwise specified.

		4	ADS7809P,	U	A			
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	ТҮР	UNITS	
RESOLUTION				16			*	Bits
ANALOG INPUT								
Voltage Ranges			±10,	0V to 5V, e		ble I)		
Impedance				See T	able I			
Capacitance			35			*		pF
THROUGHPUT SPEED								
Complete Cycle	Acquire and Convert			10			*	μs
Throughput Rate		100			*			kHz
DC ACCURACY								
Integral Linearity Error				±3			±2	LSB <sup>(1)</sup>
Differential Linearity Error				+3, -2			±1	LSB
No Missing Codes		15		, _	16			Bits
Transition Noise <sup>(2)</sup>			1.3			*		LSB
Full-Scale Error <sup>(3,4)</sup>				±0.5			*	%
Full-Scale Error Drift			±7	20.0		*		ppm/°C
Full-Scale Error <sup>(3,4)</sup>	Ext. 2.5000V Ref			±0.5		~	*	% ppm/
Full-Scale Error Drift	Ext. 2.5000V Ref		±2	10.0		*	, n	ppm/°C
Bipolar Zero Error <sup>(3)</sup>	Bipolar Ranges		<u> </u>	±10		~	*	mV
Bipolar Zero Error Drift	Bipolar Ranges		±2	10		*		ppm/°C
Unipolar Zero Error <sup>(3)</sup>	0V to 10V Ranges		<u>±</u> 2	±5		~	*	mV
Unipolar Zero Error <sup>(3)</sup>	0V to 4V, 0V to 5V Ranges			±3			*	mV
			+2	±3		*	*	
Unipolar Zero Error Drift	Unipolar Ranges		±2			*		ppm/°C
Recovery to Rated Accuracy	1µF Capacitor to CAP		1			*		ms
after Power-Down								1.00
Power-Supply Sensitivity	$+4.75V < V_{D} < +5.25V$			±8			*	LSB
$(V_{DIG} = V_{ANA} = V_D)$								
AC ACCURACY								
Spurious-Free Dynamic Range	$f_{IN} = 20 kHz$	90	100		96	*		dB <sup>(5)</sup>
Total Harmonic Distortion	$f_{IN} = 20 kHz$		-100	-90		*	-94	dB
Signal-to-(Noise + Distortion)	f <sub>IN</sub> = 20kHz	83	88		86	*		dB
	-60dB Input		30			32		dB
Signal-to-Noise	f <sub>IN</sub> = 20kHz	83	88		86	*		dB
Full-Power Bandwidth <sup>(6)</sup>			250			*		kHz
SAMPLING DYNAMICS								
Aperture Delay			40			*		ns
Transient Response	FS Step			2			*	μs
Overvoltage Recovery <sup>(7)</sup>			150			*		ns
REFERENCE								
Internal Reference Voltage	No Load	2.48	2.5	2.52	*	*	*	V
Internal Reference Source Current			1			*		μΑ
(Must use external buffer)								
External Reference Voltage Range		2.3	2.5	2.7	*	*	*	V
For Specified Linearity								
External Reference Current Drain	Ext. 2.5000V Ref			100			*	μΑ
DIGITAL INPUTS								
Logic Levels								
V <sub>IL</sub>		-0.3		+0.8	*		*	V
V <sub>IH</sub>		+2.0		$V_{D} + 0.3V$	*		*	V
I <sub>IL</sub>	$V_{IL} = 0V$			±10			*	μΑ
I <sub>IH</sub>	$V_{IH} = 5V$	1	1	±10			*	μΑ



### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)**

At  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to +85°C,  $f_S = 100$ kHz,  $V_{DIG} = V_{ANA} = +5V$ , using internal reference and fixed resistors as shown in Figure 4, unless otherwise specified.

		۵	ADS7809P, U			ADS7809PB, UB			
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
DIGITAL OUTPUTS									
Data Format				Serial	16 bits				
Data Co			Binary Two	o's Complei	ment or Stra	aight Binary			
Pipeline Delay		Convers	sion results	only availa	ble after co	mpleted cor	nversion.		
Data Clock			Selectable	for internal	or external	data clock			
Internal	EXT/INT LOW		2.3			*		MHz	
(Output Only When									
Transmitting Data)									
External	EXT/INT HIGH	0.1		10	*		*	MHz	
(Can Run Continually)									
V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1.6mA			+0.4			*	V	
V <sub>OH</sub>	$I_{SOURCE} = 500 \mu A$	+4			*			V	
Leakage Current	High-Z State,			±5			*	μA	
_	$V_{OUT} = 0V$ to $V_{DIG}$								
Output Capacitance	High-Z State			15			*	pF	
POWER SUPPLIES									
Specified Performance									
V <sub>DIG</sub>	Must be ≤ V <sub>ANA</sub>	+4.75	+5	+5.25	*	*	*	V	
V <sub>ANA</sub>		+4.75	+5	+5.25	*	*	*	V	
I <sub>DIG</sub>			0.3			*		mA	
I <sub>ANA</sub>			16			*		mA	
Power Dissipation: PWRD LOW	$V_{ANA} = V_{DIG} = 5V, f_{S} = 100 \text{kHz}$			100			*	mW	
PWRD HIGH			50			*		μW	
TEMPERATURE RANGE									
Specified Performance		-40		+85	*		*	°C	
Derated Performance		-55		+125	*		*	°C	
Storage		-65		+150	*		*	°C	
Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ )									
DIP			75			*		°C/W	
SO			75			*		°C/W	

\* Same as specification for ADS7809P, U.

NOTES: (1) LSB means Least Significant Bit. For the  $\pm 10V$  input range, one LSB is  $305\mu V$ . (2) Typical rms noise at worst case transitions and temperatures. (3) As measured with fixed resistors shown in Figure 4. Adjustable to zero with external potentiometer. (4) For bipolar input ranges, full-scale error is the worst case of –Full Scale or +Full Scale untrimmed deviation from ideal first and last code transitions, divided by the transition voltage (not divided by the full-scale range) and includes the effect of offset error. For unipolar input ranges, full-scale error is the deviation of the last code transition divided by the transition voltage. It also includes the effect of offset error. (5) All specifications in dB are referred to a full-scale  $\pm 10V$  input. (6) Full-Power Bandwidth defined as Full-Scale input frequency at which Signal-to-(Noise + Distortion) degrades to 60dB. (7) Recovers to specified performance after 2 • FS input overvoltage.

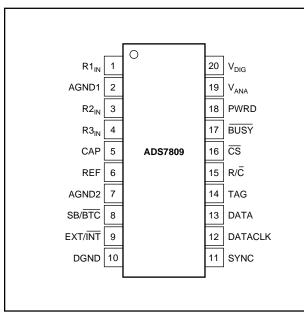




#### **PIN ASSIGNMENTS**

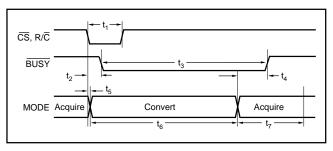
PIN #	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	R1 <sub>IN</sub>	Analog Input. See Table I and Figure 4 for input range connections.
2	AGND1	Analog Ground. Used internally as ground reference point. Minimal current flow.
3	R2 <sub>IN</sub>	Analog Input. See Table I and Figure 4 for input range connections.
4	R3 <sub>IN</sub>	Analog Input. See Table I and Figure 4 for input range connections.
5	CAP	Reference Buffer Capacitor. 2.2µF Tantalum to ground.
6	REF	Reference Input/Output. Outputs internal 2.5V reference. Can also be driven by external system reference. In both cases, bypass to ground with a 2.2μF Tantalum capacitor.
7	AGND2	Analog Ground
8	SB/BTC	Select Straight Binary or Binary Two's Complement data output format. If HIGH, data will be output in a Straight Binary format. If LOW, data will be output in a Binary Two's Complement format.
9	EXT/INT	Select External or Internal Clock for transmitting data. If HIGH, data will be output synchronized to the clock input on DATACLK. If LOW, a convert command will initiate the transmission of the data from the previous conversion, along with 16 clock pulses output on DATACLK.
10	DGND	Digital Ground
11	SYNC	Synch Output. If EXT/INT is HIGH, either a rising edge on R/C with CS LOW or a falling edge on CS with R/C HIGH will output a pulse on SYNC synchronized to the external DATACLK.
12	DATACLK	Either an input or an output depending on the EXT/INT level. Output data will be synchronized to this clock. If EXT/INT is LOW, DATACLK will transmit 16 pulses after each conversion, and then remain LOW between conversions.
13	DATA	Serial Data Output. Data will be synchronized to DATACLK, with the format determined by the level of SB/ $\overline{BTC}$ . In the external clock mode, after 16 bits of data, the ADS7809 will output the level input on TAG as long as $\overline{CS}$ is LOW and R/ $\overline{C}$ is HIGH (see Figure 3). If EXT/INT is LOW, data will be valid on both the rising and falling edges of DATACLK, and between conversions DATA will stay at the level of the TAG input when the conversion was started.
14	TAG	Tag Input for use in external clock mode. If EXT/INT is HIGH, digital data input on TAG will be output on DATA with a delay of 16 DATACLK pulses as long as CS is LOW and R/C is HIGH. See Figure 3.
15	R/Ċ	Read/Convert Input. With $\overline{CS}$ LOW, a falling edge on R/ $\overline{C}$ puts the internal sample-and-hold into the hold state and starts a conversion. When EXT/INT is LOW, this also initiates the transmission of the data results from the previous conversion. If EXT/INT is HIGH, a rising edge on R/ $\overline{C}$ with $\overline{CS}$ LOW, or a falling edge on $\overline{CS}$ with R/ $\overline{C}$ HIGH, transmits a pulse on SYNC and initiates the transmission of data from the previous conversion.
16	CS	Chip Select. Internally OR'ed with $R/\overline{C}$ .
17	BUSY	Busy Output. Falls when a conversion is started, and remains LOW until the conversion is completed and the data is latched into the output shift register. $\overline{\text{CS}}$ or R/ $\overline{\text{C}}$ must be HIGH when $\overline{\text{BUSY}}$ rises, or another conversion will start without time for signal acquisition.
18	PWRD	Power Down Input. If HIGH, conversions are inhibited and power consumption is significantly reduced. Results from the previous conversion are maintained in the output shift register.
19	V <sub>ANA</sub>	Analog Supply Input. Nominally +5V. Connect directly to pin 20, and decouple to ground with 0.1µF ceramic and 10µF tantalum capacitors.
20	$V_{\text{DIG}}$	Digital Supply Input. Nominally +5V. Connect directly to pin 19. Must be $\leq V_{ANA}$ .

#### **PIN CONFIGURATION**



ANALOG INPUT RANGE	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CONNECT R1}_{\text{IN}} \\ \text{VIA 200} \Omega \\ \text{TO} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CONNECT R2}_{\text{IN}} \\ \text{VIA } 100\Omega \\ \text{TO} \end{array}$	CONNECT R3 <sub>IN</sub> TO	IMPEDANCE
±10V	V <sub>IN</sub>	AGND	CAP	22.9kΩ
±5V	AGND	V <sub>IN</sub>	CAP	13.3kΩ
±3.33V	V <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub>	CAP	10.7kΩ
0V to 10V	AGND	V <sub>IN</sub>	AGND	13.3kΩ
0V to 5V	AGND	AGND	V <sub>IN</sub>	10.0kΩ
0V to 4V	V <sub>IN</sub>	AGND	V <sub>IN</sub>	10.7kΩ

TABLE I. Input Range Connections. See Figure 4 for complete information.









SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
t <sub>1</sub>	Convert Pulse Width	40		6000	ns
t <sub>2</sub>	BUSY Delay			65	ns
t <sub>3</sub>	BUSY LOW			8	μs
t <sub>4</sub>	BUSY Delay After End of Conversion		220		ns
t <sub>5</sub>	Aperture Delay		40		ns
t <sub>6</sub>	Conversion Time		7.6	8	μs
t <sub>7</sub>	Acquisition Time			2	μs
$t_{6} + t_{7}$	Throughput Time		9	10	μs
t <sub>8</sub>	R/C LOW to DATACLK Delay		450		ns
t <sub>9</sub>	DATACLK Period		440		ns
t <sub>10</sub>	Data Valid to DATACLK HIGH Delay	20	75		ns
t <sub>11</sub>	Data Valid After DATACLK LOW Delay	100	125		ns
t <sub>12</sub>	External DATACLK	100			ns
t <sub>13</sub>	External DATACLK HIGH	20			ns
t <sub>14</sub>	External DATACLK LOW	30			ns
t <sub>15</sub>	DATACLK HIGH Setup Time	20		t <sub>12</sub> + 5	ns
t <sub>16</sub>	$R/\overline{C}$ to $\overline{CS}$ Setup Time	10			ns
t <sub>17</sub>	SYNC Delay After DATACLK HIGH	15		35	ns
t <sub>18</sub>	Data Valid Delay	25		55	ns
t <sub>19</sub>	CS to Rising Edge Delay	25			ns
t <sub>20</sub>	Data Available after $\overline{CS}$ LOW	6			μs

TABLE II. Conversion and Data Timing.  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to +85°C.

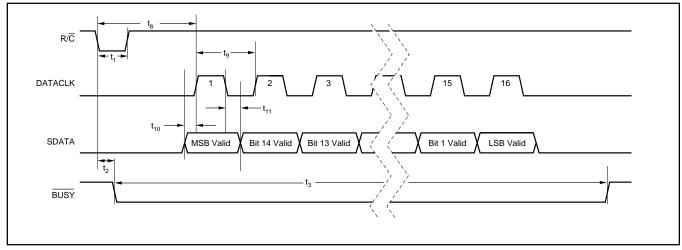


FIGURE 2. Serial Data Timing Using Internal Clock. (CS, EXT/INT and TAG Tied LOW.)





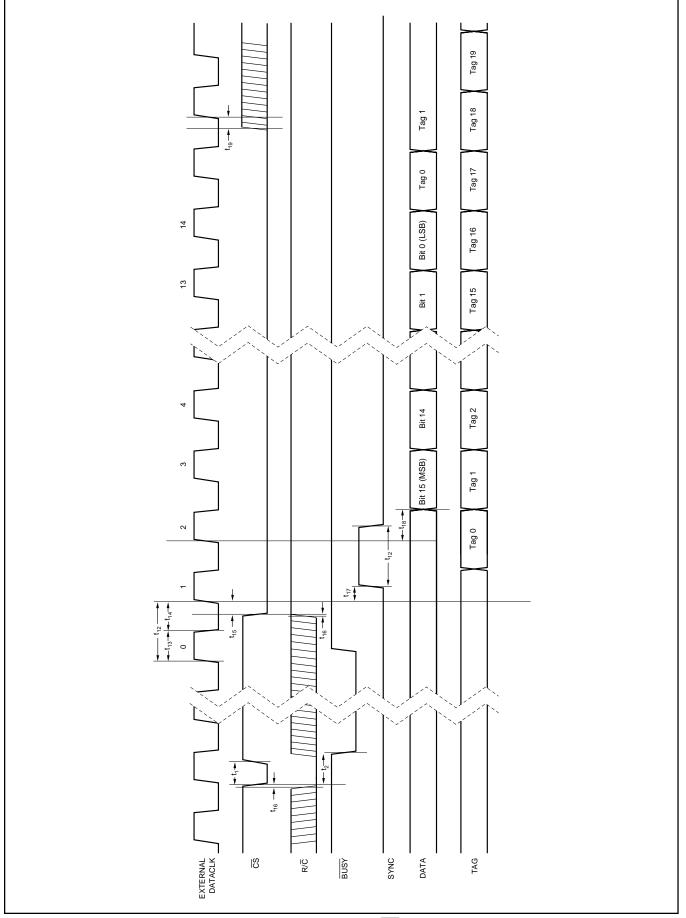
SPECIFIC FUNCTION	cs	R/C	BUSY	EXT/INT	DATACLK	PWRD	SB/BTC	OPERATION
Initiate Conversion and Output Data Using Internal Clock	1 > 0	0	1	0	Output	0	x	Initiates conversion "n". Data from conversion "n – 1" clocked out on DATA synchronized to 16 clock pulses output on DATACLK.
	0	1 > 0	1	0	Output	0	x	Initiates conversion "n". Data from conversion "n $-$ 1" clocked out on DATA synchronized to 16 clock pulses output on DATACLK.
Initiate Conversion and	1 > 0	0	1	1	Input	0	x	Initiates conversion "n".
Output Data Using External	0	1 > 0	1	1	Input	0	x	Initiates conversion "n".
Clock	1 > 0	1	1	1	Input	x	x	Outputs a pulse on SYNC followed by data from conversion "n" clocked out synchronized to external DATACLK.
	1 > 0	1	0	1	Input	0	x	Outputs a pulse on SYNC followed by data from conversion "n – 1" clocked out synchronized to external DATACLK. <sup>(1)</sup> Conversion "n" in process.
	0	0 > 1	0	1	Input	0	x	Outputs a pulse on SYNC followed by data from conversion "n – 1" clocked out synchronized to external DATACLK . <sup>(1)</sup> Conversion "n" in process.
Incorrect Conversions	0	0	0 > 1	x	x	0	x	$\overline{CS}$ or R/ $\overline{C}$ must be HIGH or a new conversion will be initiated without time for acquisition.
Power-Down	х	x	х	х	х	0	х	Analog circuitry powered. Conversion can proceed.
	x	x	x	x	x	1	x	Analog circuitry disabled. Data from previous conversion maintained in output registers.
Selecting Output Format	x	x	x	x	x	х	0	Serial data is output in Binary Two's Complement format.
	x	x	x	x	x	x	1	Serial data is output in Straight Binary format.

TABLE III. Control Truth Table.

						DIGITAL OUTPUT						
							BINARY TWO'S COMP (SB/BTC LOW)		STRAIGHT BINA (SB/BTC HIGH			
DESCRIPTION		AN		JT		BINARY CODE	HEX CODE	BINARY CODE	HEX CODE			
Full-Scale Range	±10	±5	±3.33V	0V to 10V	0V to 5V	0V to 4V						
Least Significant Bit (LSB)	305µV	153µV	102µV	153µV	76µV	61µV						
+Full Scale (FS – 1LSB)	9.999695V	4.999847V	3.333231V	9.999847V	4.999924V	3.999939V	0111 1111 1111 1111	7FFF	1111 1111 1111 1111	FFFF		
Midscale	0V	0V	0V	5V	2.5V	2V	0000 0000 0000 0000	0000	1000 0000 0000 0000	8000		
One LSB Below Midscale	–305μV	–153μV	-102μV	4.999847V	2.499924V	1.999939V	1111 1111 1111 1111	FFFF	0111 1111 1111 1111	7FFF		
-Full Scale	-10V	–5V	-3.333333V	0V	0V	0V	1000 0000 0000 0000	8000	0000 0000 0000 0000	0000		

TABLE IV. Output Codes and Ideal Input Voltages.

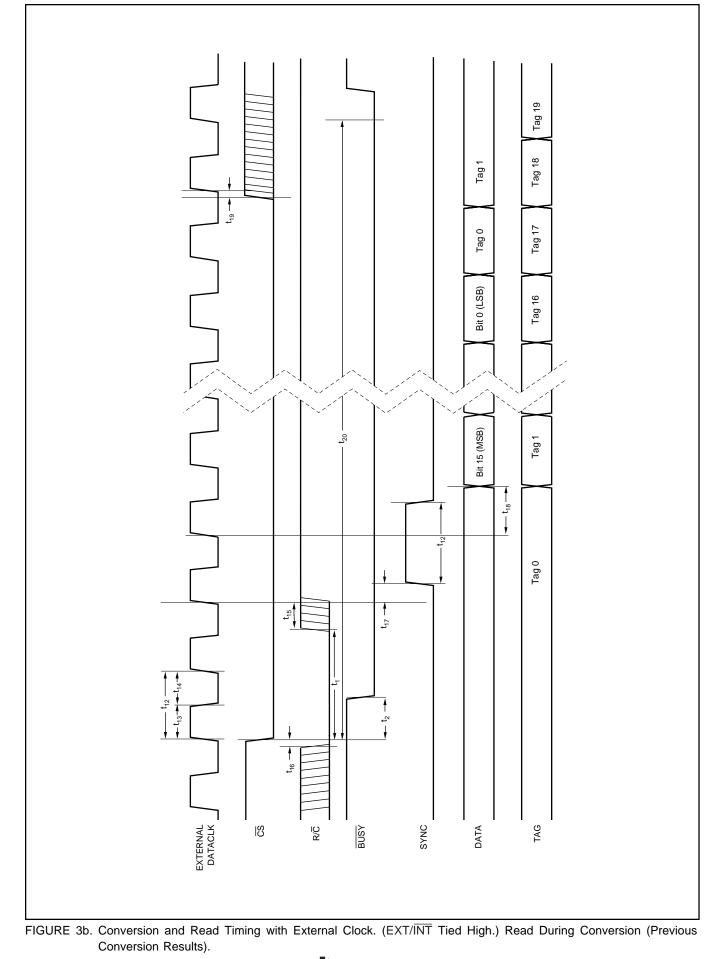








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ADS7809

SBAS017A



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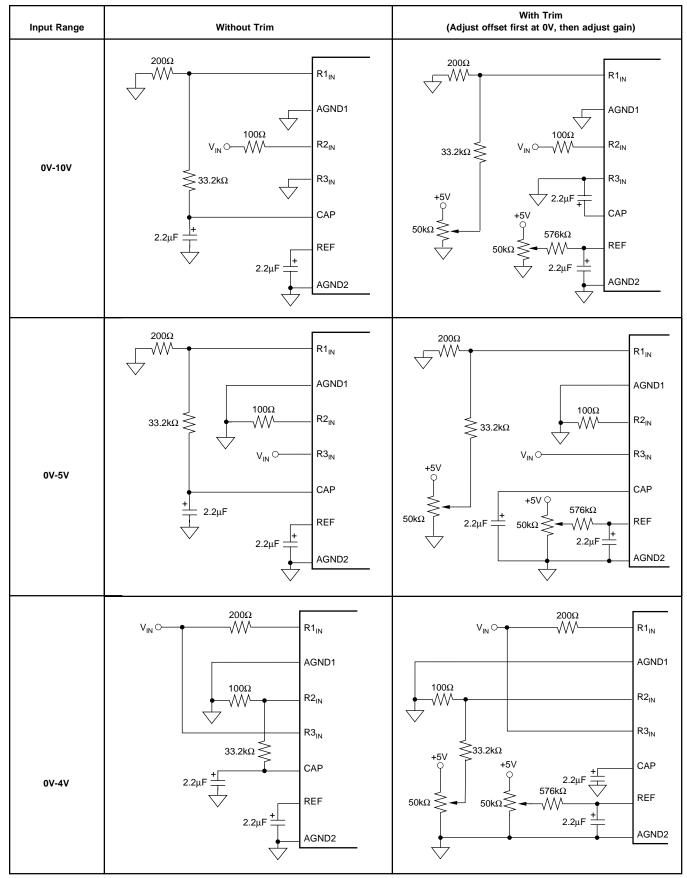


FIGURE 4a. Offset/Gain Circuits for Unipolar Input Ranges.

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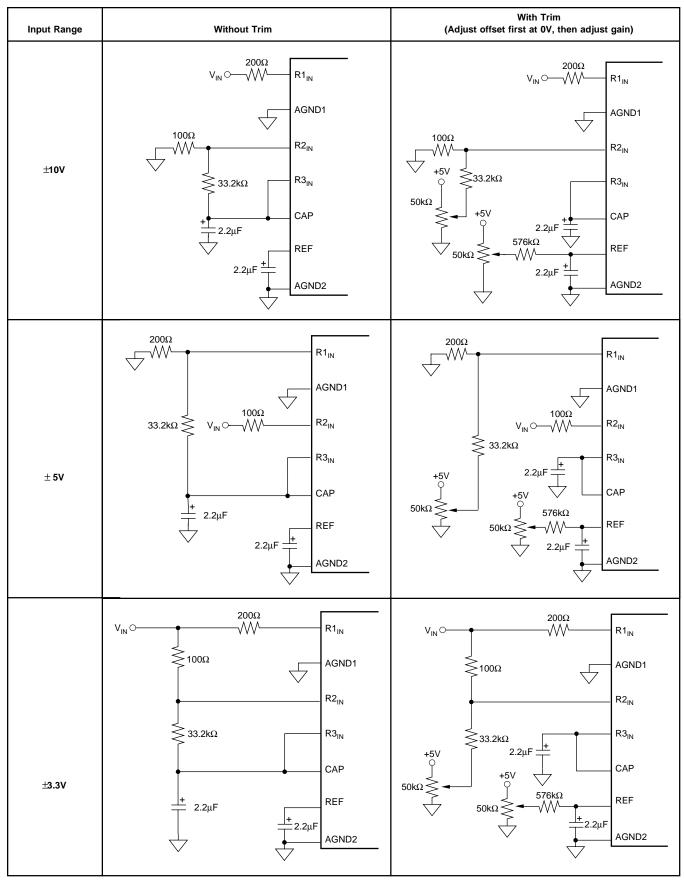


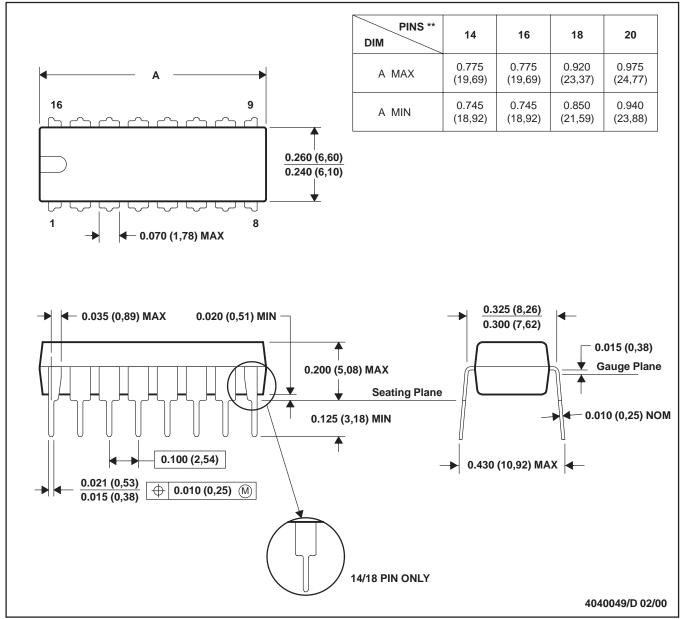
FIGURE 4b. Offset/Gain Circuits for Bipolar Input Ranges.



#### N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)



#### PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

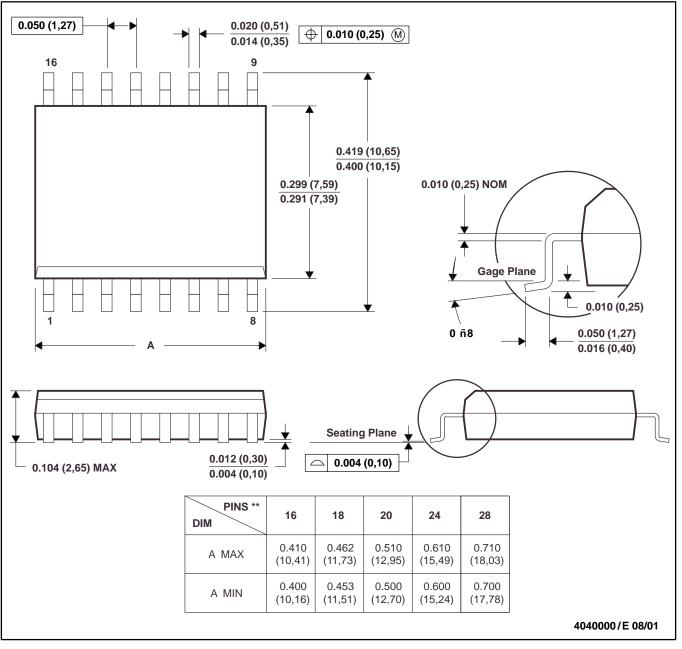
C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 (20-pin package is shorter than MS-001).





#### DW (R-PDSO-G\*\*) 16 PINS SHOWN

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).

D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013



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