<u>SPECIFICATIO</u>	DN SPEC. No. 13a DATE: 2013 F			
То	Nor	-Control	led Copy	
CUSTOMER'S PRODUCT NAME Please return this specification to TDM	MUI C S Ger Mid	PRODUCT NAME TILAYER CERAMIC (eries / Commercial Gra eral (Up to 50V) voltage (100 to 630V)		
accepted by your side.				
	DATE:	YEAR	Month da'	
TDK Corporation Sales Electronic Components Sales & Marketing Group	DATE: TDK-EPC Co Engineering			
Sales Electronic Components	DATE: TDK-EPC Co Engineering	poration icitors Business Group		

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1. SCOPE

This specification is applicable to chip type multilayer ceramic capacitors with a priority over the other relevant specifications.

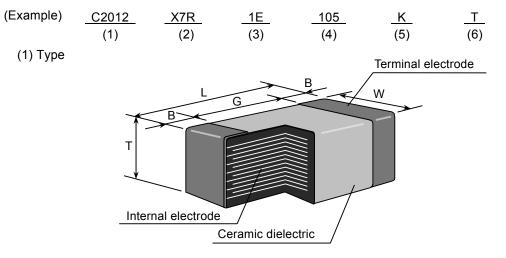
Production places defined in this specification shall be TDK-EPC Corporation Japan, TDK (Suzhou) Co., Ltd and TDK Components U.S.A. Inc.

EXPLANATORY NOTE:

This specification warrants the quality of the ceramic chip capacitors. The chips should be evaluated or confirmed a state of mounted on your product.

If the use of the chips goes beyond the bounds of the specification, we can not afford to guarantee.

2. CODE CONSTRUCTION



Please refer to product list for the dimension of each product.

- (2) Temperature Characteristics (Details are shown in table 1 No.7 and No.8 at page 5)
- (3) Rated Voltage

Symbol	Rated Voltage		
2 J	DC 630 V		
2 W	DC 450 V		
2 V	DC 350 V		
2 E	DC 250 V		
2 A	DC 100 V		
1 H	DC 50 V		
1 V	DC 35 V		
1 E	DC 25 V		
1 C	DC 16 V		
1 A	DC 10 V		
0 J	DC 6.3 V		
0 G	DC 4V		



- 1 –

(4) Rated Capacitance

Stated in three digits and in units of pico farads (pF).

The first and Second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance, the third digit identifies the multiplier.

R is designated for a decimal point.

Example 2R2 \rightarrow 2.2pF 105 \rightarrow 1,000,000pF

(5) Capacitance tolerance

Symbol	Tolerance	Capacitance	
В	± 0.1 pF		
С	± 0.25 pF	10pF and under	
D	± 0.5 pF		
J	± 5%		
К	± 10 %	Over 10pF	
М	± 20 %		

(6) Packaging

Symbol	Packaging
В	Bulk
Т	Taping



3. RATED CAPACITANCE AND CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE

Class	Temperature Characteristics	Capacitanc	e tolerance	Rated capacitance		
		10pF and	B (±0.1 pF) C (±0.25pF)	0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 2.2, 3, 3.3, 4, 4.7, 5		
1	СН	under	D (±0.5pF)	6, 6.8, 7, 8, 9, 10		
I	C0G	12pF to 10,000pF	J (± 5 %)	E – 12 series		
_		Over 10,000pF	K (± 10 %)	E – 6 series		
2	J B X5R X6S X7R X7S X7S X7T	10uF and under	K (± 10 %) M (± 20 %)	E – 6 series		
Z		X7S Over 10uF		L - 0 series		

3.1 Standard combination of rated capacitance and tolerances

3.2 Capacitance Step in E series

E series		Capacitance Step										
E- 3	1.0				2.2			4.7				
E- 6	1	.0	1	1.5		2.2		.3	4	.7	6	.8
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2

4. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE

T.C.	Min. operating Temperature	Max. operating Temperature	Reference Temperature	
C H J B	-25°C	85°C	20°C	
X5R	-55°C	85°C	25°C 25°C	
X6S	-55°C	105°C		
X7R X7S X7T C0G	-55°C	125°C	25°C	

5. STORING CONDITION AND TERM

5 to 40°C at 20 to 70%RH 6 months Max.

6. P.C. BOARD

When mounting on an aluminum substrate, large case sizes such as C3225, C4532 and C5750 types are more likely to be affected by heat stress from the substrate.

Please inquire separate specification for the large case sizes when mounted on the substrate.

7. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose this product as industrial waste in accordance with the Industrial Waste Law.



No.	Item	Perform	nance	Test or inspection method				
1	External Appearance	No defects which performance.	may affect	Inspect with magnifying glass (3×), in case of C0402 and C0603 type, with magnifying glass (10×)				
2	Insulation Resistance	10,000MΩ or 500M (As for the capacitor voltage 16, 10V DC 10,000 MΩ or 100I whichever smaller.	ors of rated C and lower, MΩ·μF min.,)	Apply rat	ted voltage f	or 60s.		
3	Voltage Proof	Withstand test volta	age without					
		insulation breakdow	wn or other	Class	Rated volta	ge Apply	voltage	
		damage.		Class1	100V and un		ed voltage	
					Over 100		ited voltage	
				Class2	100V and un		ated voltage	
					Over 100		ted voltage	
				1 to 5s.	C voltage sh ′ discharge c 50mA.			
4	Capacitance	Within the specifie	d tolerance.					
				Class	Rated Capacitance	Measuring frequency	Measuring voltage	
				Class1	1000pF and under	1MHz±10%		
					Over 1000pF	1kHz±10%	0.5-5 Vrms.	
					10uF and		0.5±0.2Vrms.	
				Class2	under	1kHz±10%	1.0±0.2V/ms.	
					Over 10uF	120Hz±20%	0.5±0.2Vrms.	
				Eor infor	mation whic			
				measurir	ng voltage, p presentative.	lease conta		
5	Q	Dated Canacitanes	Q	See No.4	4 in this table	e for meası	uring	
	(Class1)	Rated Capacitance 30pF and over	1,000 min.	condition	1.			
		Under 30pF	400+20×C min.					
		C : Rated capacita						
6	Dissipation Factor			See No 4	4 in this table	e for measu	irina	
0	(Class2)	T.C.	D.F.	condition			unig	
		J B X5R X6S X7R X7S X7T	0.025 max. 0.03 max. 0.05 max. 0.075 max. 0.10 max. 0.15 max.	For information which product has which Dissipation Factor, please contact with our sales representative.				

No.	Item	Performance	Test or inspection method Temperature coefficient shall be calculated based on values at 25°C and 85°C temperature. Measuring temperature below 20°C shall be -10°C and -25°C.		
7	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class1)	T.C.Temperature Coefficient (ppm/°C)C H0 \pm 60COG0 \pm 30Capacitance driftWithin \pm 0.2% or \pm 0.05pF, whichever larger.			
8	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class2) Robustness of Terminations	Capacitance Change (%)No voltage appliedWith voltage appliedJ B : ±10J B : ±10J B : ±10J B : ±10- 30: ±10- 50: ±10: ±10- 60: ±15X6S : ±22X7R : ±15X7S : ±22X7T : ±22-33No sign of termination coming off, breakage of ceramic, or other abnormal signs.	Capacitance shall be measured by the steps shown in the following table after thermal equilibrium is obtained for each step.ΔC be calculated ref. STEP3 readingΔC be calculated ref. STEP3 readingΔ (a percent temp. ± 2ΔΔMeasuring voltage: 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0Vrms.For information which product has which applied voltage, please contact with our sales representative.Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1a or Appendix 1b and apply a pushing force of 2N (C0603, C1005) or 5N (C1608, C2012, C3216, C3225, C4532, C5750) with 10±1s.With 10±1s.(Not applicable to C0402.)Pushing force CapacitorP.C.Board		
10	Bending No mechanical damage.		Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2a or Appendix 2b and bend it for 1mm.		



No.	Item	Performance	Test or inspection method
11	Solderability	(C0402)	Completely soak both terminations in
		Both end faces and the contact areas	solder at $235\pm5^{\circ}$ C for 2 \pm 0.5s.
		shall be covered with a smooth and	
		bright solder coating with no more than	Solder : H63A (JIS Z 3282)
		a small amount of scattered	
		imperfections such as pinholes or	Flux: Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839)
		un-wetted or de-wetted areas.	Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid
		These imperfections shall not be	solution.
		concentrated in one area.	
		(Others)	Only reflow soldering applicable to
		New solder to cover over 75% of termination.	C0402.
		25% may have pin holes or rough spots	Peak condition
		but not concentrated in one spot.	Temp. : 235±5°C
		Ceramic surface of A sections shall not	Time: 2±0.5s.
		be exposed due to melting or shifting of	Preheating condition
		termination material.	Temp. : 150±10°C
			Time: 1 to 2min.
		A section	



No.	Ite	Item		Perfo	ormance	Test or inspection method	
12	Resistance	External	No crack	s are a	llowed and	Completely soak both terminations in	
	to solder	appearance	terminations shall be covered at			solder at 260±5°C for 5±1s.	
	heat		least 60%	% with r	new solder.		
		Capacitance				Preheating condition	
			Charact	teristics	Change from the	Temp. : 150±10°C	
					value before test Capacitance drift	Time: 1 to 2min.	
			Class	СН	within ±2.5% or		
			1	C0G	±0.25pF,	Solder : H63A (JIS Z 3282)	
				JB	whichever larger. ± 7.5 %	Flux : Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839)	
				X5R	± 7.5 %	Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid	
			Class	X6S	± 7.5 %	solution.	
			2	X7R X7S	± 7.5 % ± 7.5 %	solution.	
				X7T	± 7.5 %	Leave the capacitors in ambient	
						- condition for 6 to 24h (Class1) or 24±	
		Q			· · · · · · · · ·	(Class2) before measurement.	
		(Class1)	Rated C	apacitano	e Q	(,	
			30pF a	and over	1,000 min.	Only reflow soldering applicable to	
			Under 30pF 400+20×C min.			C0402.	
		C : Rate	d capao	citance (pF)	Peak condition		
		D.F.	Meet the	initial s	spec.	Temp. : 235±5°C	
		(Class2)				Time: 2±0.5s.	
		Insulation	Meet the	initial s	spec.	Preheating condition	
		Resistance				Temp. : 150±10°C	
		Voltage	No insula	ation br	eakdown or other	Time : 1 to 2min.	
		proof	damage.				
3	Vibration	External	No mech	nanical	damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a	
		appearance			C C	P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1a or	
		Capacitance				Appendix 1b before testing.	
			Charact	eristics	Change from the		
					value before test	Vibrate the capacitors with amplitude	
			Class1	CH C0G	±2.5% or ±0.25pF, whichever larger.	of 1.5mm P-P changing the	
				JВ	± 7.5 %	frequencies from 10Hz to 55Hz and	
				X5R X6S	± 7.5 % ± 7.5 %	back to 10Hz in about 1min.	
			Class2	X7R	± 7.5 %	Repeat this for 2h each in 3	
				X7S	± 7.5 %	perpendicular directions.	
				X7T	± 7.5 %		
		Q				_	
		(Class1)		Capacitanc	x Q		
		(010331)					
			30pF and over 1,000 min. Under 30pF 400+20×C min.				
				•	400+20×C min.		
				-	citance (pF)	_	
		D.F.	Meet the	initial s	spec.		
		(Class2)					





No.	lte	Item		Performance			Test or inspection method			
14	Temperature cycle	External appearance	No mechanical damage.				Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix1a or			
		Capacitance	CharacteristicsChange from the value before testClass1C H C0G±2.5% or ±0.25pF,			Expos step11	dix1b before testing. e the capacitors in th through step 4 and re cutively.	e condition		
			*Class2	J B X5R X6S X7R X7S	whichever larger. ± 7.5 % ± 10 % ± 12.5 %	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 6 to 24h (Class 1) or 24±2h (Class 2) before measuremen				
			* Applied for some parts.			Step	Temperature(°C)	Time (min.)		
		Q (Class1)				1	Min. operating	30 ± 3		
			Rated Capacitance 30pF and over		e Q	2	temp. ±3			
					1,000 min.		Reference Temp.	2 - 5		
			Under	30pF	400+20×C min.		Max operating			
			C : Rated capacitance (pF)			3	Max. operating temp. ±2	30 ± 2		
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the initial spec.			4	Reference Temp.	2 - 5		
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the	Meet the initial spec.						
		Voltage proof	No insulation breakdown or other damage.							





No.	lte	Item Performance		Test or inspection method					
Re	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mechanical damage.		image.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1a or			
	(Steady	Capacitance				Appendix 1b before testing.			
	State)		Characte	eristics	Change from the value before test	Leave at temperature 40 ± 2°C, 90 to			
			Class1		±5% or ±0.5pF, whichever larger.	95%RH for 500 +24,0h.			
			*Class2	J B X5R X6S X7R X7R X7S X7T	± 10 % ± 12.5 % ± 25 %	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 6 to 24h (Class1) or 24 ± 2h (Class2) before measurement.			
			* Applied for some parts.		parts.				
		Q							
		(Class1)	Rated Ca	pacitanc	e Q				
			30pF a	nd over	350 min.				
				10pF and over under 30pF 275+5/2×C min.					
						Under	⁻ 10pF	200+10×C min.	
			C : Rated	capacit	ance (pF)				
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of in	iitial spe	ec. max.				
		Insulation	1,000MΩ o	r 50MΩ∙	µF min.				
		Resistance			tors of rated				
			voltage 16	, 10V D	C and lower,				
			1,000 MΩ	or 10M	Ω·µF min.,)				
			whichever						



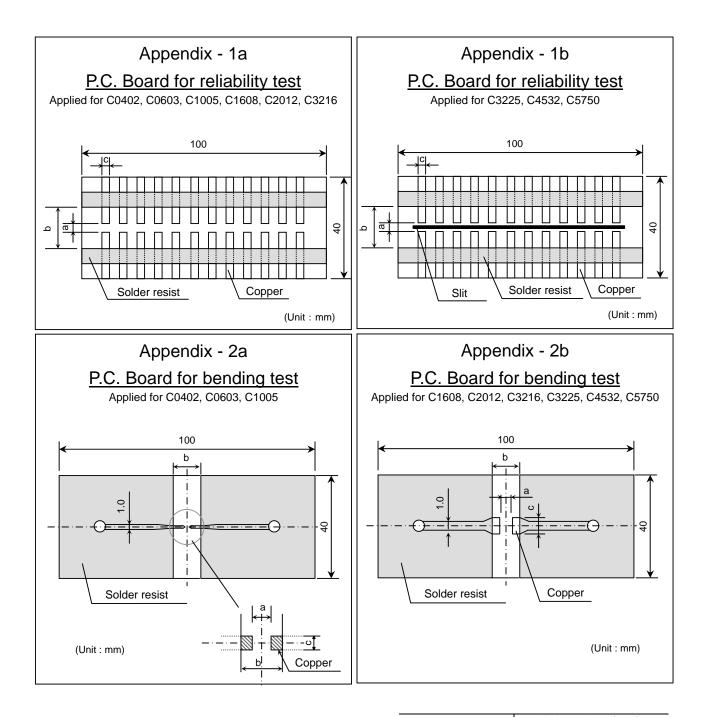
No.				Perfo	rmance	Test or inspection method
16	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mechanical damage.			Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix1a or
		Capacitance				Appendix 1b before testing.
			Characte	eristics Change from the value before test		Apply the rated voltage at temperature 40±2°C and 90 to
			Class1	C H C0G	±7.5% or ±0.75pF, whichever larger.	95%RH for 500 +24,0h.
				J B X5R	± 10 %	Charge/discharge current shall not exceed 50mA.
			*Class2	X6S X7R X7S X7T	± 12.5 % ± 25 %	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 6 to 24h (Class1) or
			* Applied for		parts.	24±2h (Class2) before measuremen
		Q				Voltage conditioning (only for class 2
		(Class1)	Rated Capacitance Q		ce Q	Voltage treat the capacitors under
			30pF a	nd over	200 min.	testing temperature and voltage for hour.
			Unde	r 30pF	100+10/3×C min.	
			C : Rated capacitance (pF) 200% of initial spec. max.			Leave the capacitors in ambient
	D.F. (Class2)					measurement. Use this measurement for initial
		Insulation Resistance	500MΩ or 25MΩ·μF min. (As for the capacitors of rated voltage 16, 10V DC and lower, 500 MΩ or 5MΩ·μF min.,) whichever smaller.			value.



No.		Item	Performance			Test or inspection method	
17	Life	External appearance	No mechanical damage.		mage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix1a or Appendix 1b before testing.	
		Capacitance	Characteristics Change from the value before test			Below the voltage shall be applied a maximum operating temperature ±2	
			Class1		±3% or ±0.3pF, whichever larger.	for 1,000 +48, 0h.	
				JB		Applied voltage	
			*Class2	X5R X6S	± 10 %	Rated voltage x2	
			Classz	X7R X7S	± 12.5 % ± 25 %	Rated voltage x1.5	
				X7U X7T	± 20 %	Rated voltage x1.2	
			* Applied for	or some p	arts.	Rated voltage x1	
		Q					
		(Class1)		apacitance	Q	For information which product has which applied voltage, please contact	
			30pF and over 10pF and over unde		350 min.	with our sales representative.	
					Charge/discharge current shall not		
				er 10pF	200+10×C min.	exceed 50mA.	
			C : Rated	capacita	ance (pF)	Leave the capacitors in ambient	
		D.F.	200% of initial spec. max.			condition for 6 to 24h (Class1) or	
		(Class2)				24±2h (Class2) before measurement. Voltage conditioning (only for class 2)	
		Insulation	1,000MΩ o				
		Resistance	(As for the capacitors of rated voltage 16, 10V DC and lower, 1,000 MΩ or 10MΩ·μF min.,)			Voltage treat the capacitors under testing temperature and voltage for 1 hour.	
			whichever	smaller		Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h before measurement.	
						Use this measurement for initial value	

*As for the initial measurement of capacitors (Class2) on number 8,12,13,14 and 15, leave capacitors at 150 $-10,0^{\circ}$ C for 1 hour and measure the value after leaving capacitors for 24 ± 2h in ambient condition.





Material : Glass Epoxy (As per JIS C6484 GE4)

P.C. Board thickness : Appendix-2a 0.8mm

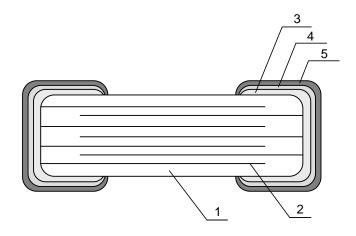
- Appendix-1a, 1b, 2b 1.6mm

Copper (thickness 0.035mm) Solder resist

TDK (EIA style)	Dime	Dimensions (mm)				
TDR (EIA Style)	а	b	С			
C0402 (CC01005)	0.2	0.8	0.2			
C0603 (CC0201)	0.3	0.8	0.3			
C1005 (CC0402)	0.4	1.5	0.5			
C1608 (CC0603)	1.0	3.0	1.2			
C2012 (CC0805)	1.2	4.0	1.65			
C3216 (CC1206)	2.2	5.0	2.0			
C3225 (CC1210)	2.2	5.0	2.9			
C4532 (CC1812)	3.5	7.0	3.7			
C5750 (CC2220)	4.5	8.0	5.6			



9. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL



No.	NAME	MATERIAL				
NO.		Class1	Class2			
1	Dielectric	CaZrO ₃ BaTiO ₃				
2	Electrode	Nickel (Ni)				
3		Copper (Cu)				
4	Termination	Nickel (Ni)				
5		Tin (Sn)				

10. RECOMMENDATION

As for C3225, C4532 and C5750 types, It is recommended to provide a slit (about 1mm wide) in the board under the components to improve washing Flux. And please make sure to dry detergent up completely before.

11. SOLDERING CONDITION

As for C0402, C0603, C1005, C3225, C4532 and C5750 types, reflow soldering only.



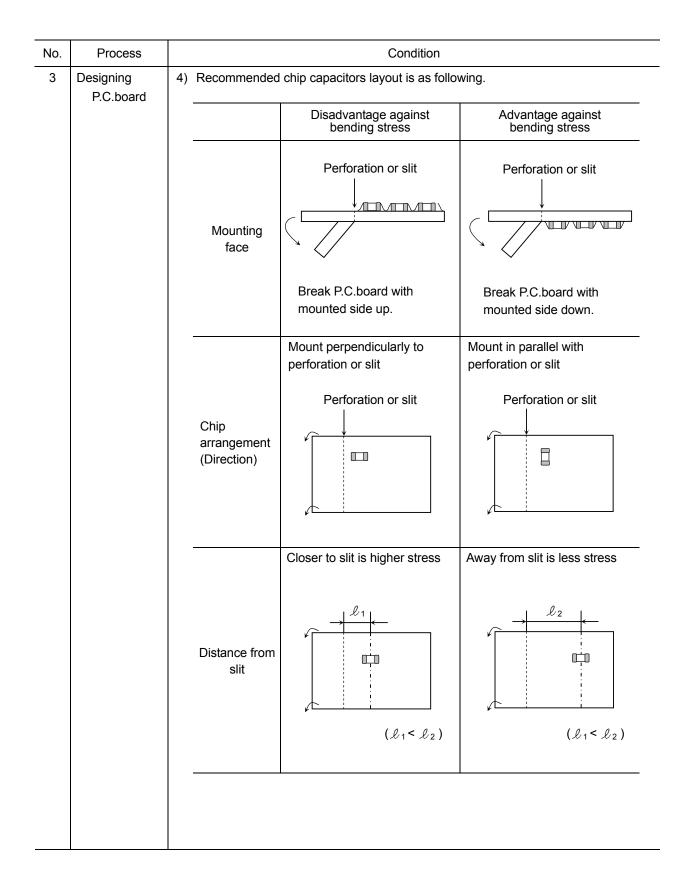
12. Caution

No.	Process	Condition					
1	Operating Condition (Storage, Transportation)	 Storage The capacitors must be stored in an ambient temperature of 5 to 40°C with a relative humidity of 20 to 70%RH. The products should be used within 6 months upon receipt. The capacitors must be operated and stored in an environment free of dew condensation and these gases such as Hydrogen Sulphide, Hydrogen Sulphate, Chlorine, Ammonia and sulfur. Avoid storing in sun light and falling of dew. Do not use capacitors under high humidity and high and low atmospheric pressure which may affect capacitors reliability. Capacitors should be tested for the solderability when they are stored for long time 1-2. Handling in transportation In case of the transportation of the capacitors, the performance of the capacitors may be deteriorated depending on the transportation condition. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335B 9.2 Handling in transportation) 					
2	Circuit design <u>∧</u> Caution	 2-1. Operating temperature Operating temperature should be followed strictly within this specification, especially be careful with maximum temperature. 1) Do not use capacitors above the maximum allowable operating temperature. 2) Surface temperature including self heating should be below maximum operating temperature. (Due to dielectric loss, capacitors will heat itself when AC is applied. Especially at high frequencies around its SRF, the heat might be so extreme that it may damage itself or the product mounted on. Please design the circuit so that the maximum temperature of the capacitors including the self heating to be below the maximum allowable operating temperature. Temperature rise at capacitor surface shall be below 20°C) 3) The electrical characteristics of the capacitors will vary depending on the temperature. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the temperature. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the temperature into consideration. 2-2. Operating voltage across the terminals should be below the rated voltage. When AC and DC are super imposed, V_{0-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (1) and (2) AC or pulse with overshooting, V_{P-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (1) and (2) AC or pulse with overshooting, V_{P-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (3), (4) and (5) When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use the capacitors within rated voltage (3) AC voltage Voltage (4) Pulse voltage (A) (5) Pulse voltage (B) Voltage (4) Pulse voltage (A) (5) Pulse voltage (B) Voltage (4) Pulse voltage (A) (5) Pulse voltage (B) Voltage (4) Pulse voltage (A) (5) Pulse voltage (B) 					

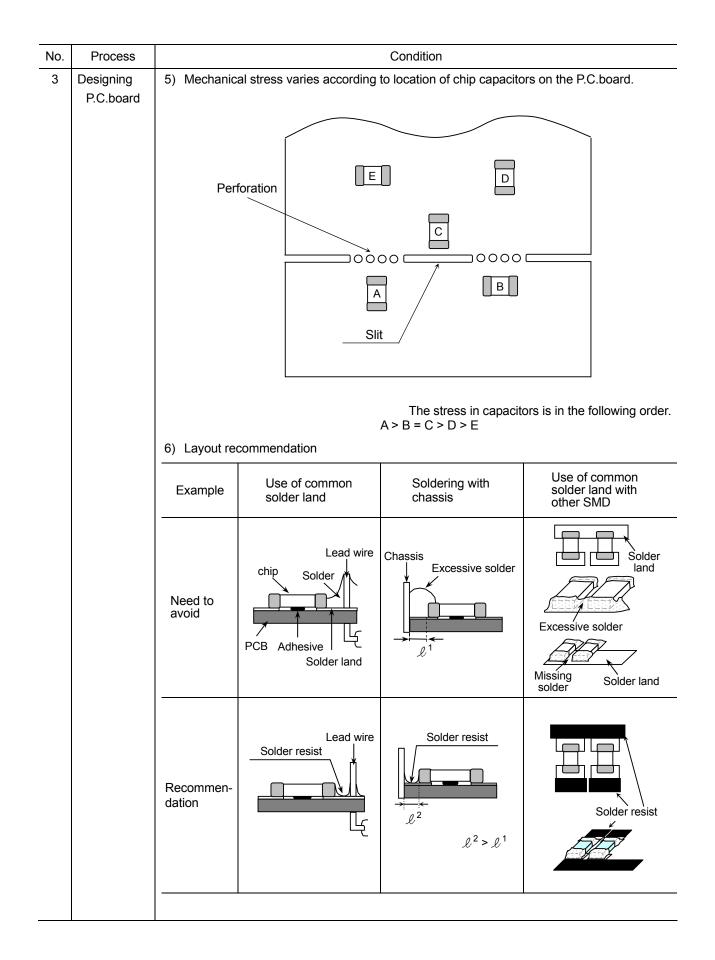


No.	Process				Condi	tion					
2	Circuit design	roliability of the capacitors may be reduced							-		
		The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the voltages into consideration.									
			apacitors (Cla nay vibrate the	,			•		•	s, the	
3	Designing P.C.board	capacitors. 1) The greater t and the more shape and siz terminations.	1) The greater the amount of solder, the higher the stress on the chip capacitors, and the more likely that it will break. When designing a P.C.board, determine the shape and size of the solder lands to have proper amount of solder on the								
		 Avoid using of solder land for 	or each termin			pie terr	ninatior	is and pro	ovia	e individual	
		3) Size and reco	ommended la	nd dim	ensions.						
				Chip	capacit	ors So	older la	nd			
		C Solder								r resist	
			В	→←	А	→					
			-	-	1				mm)	
		Type Symbol	C160 (CC060			C0805))	C3216 (CC120			
		A	0.7 - 1	.0) 1.0 - 1.3			2.1 - 2.5			
		В	0.8 - 1	.0	1.	.0 - 1.2		1.1 - 1.3	3		
		C	C 0.6 - 0.8 0.8 - 1.1					1.0 - 1.3	3		
		Reflow sold	lering							(mm)	
		Type Symbol	C0402 (CC01005)		0603 0201)		005 0402)	C1608 (CC060		C2012 (CC0805)	
		A	0.15 - 0.25		- 0.35		- 0.5	0.6 - 0.	-	0.9 - 1.2	
		В	0.15 - 0.25	0.2	- 0.3	0.35 ·	- 0.45	0.6 - 0.	8	0.7 - 0.9	
		С	0.15 - 0.25	0.25	- 0.35	0.4 ·	- 0.6	0.6 - 0.	8	0.9 - 1.2	
		Type Symbol	C3216 (CC1206))	C322 (CC12			532 1812)	(C5750 CC2220)	
		A	2.0 - 2.4		2.0 - 2	2.4	3.1	- 3.7	4	4.1 - 4.8	
		В	1.0 - 1.2		1.0 - 1	.2	1.2	- 1.4		1.2 - 1.4	
		С	1.1 - 1.6		1.9 - 2	2.5	2.4	- 3.2	4	4.0 - 5.0	











No.	Process			Condition					
4	Mounting	 4-1. Stress from mounting head If the mounting head is adjusted too low, it may induce excessive stress in the chip capacitors to result in cracking. Please take following precautions. 1) Adjust the bottom dead center of the mounting head to reach on the P.C.board surface and not press it. 2) Adjust the mounting head pressure to be 1 to 3N of static weight. 							
		 2) Adjust the mounting head pressure to be 1 to 3N of static weight. 3) To minimize the impact energy from mounting head, it is important to provide support from the bottom side of the P.C.board. See following examples. 							
			Not	recommended	Recommended				
		Single sided mounting		Crack	Support pin				
		Double-sides mounting	Solder	Crack	Support pin				
		to cause crack. P	When the centering jaw is worn out, it may give mechanical impact on the capacitors to cause crack. Please control the close up dimension of the centering jaw and provide sufficient preventive maintenance and replacement of it.						
		4-2. Amount of adh	esive						
					°↓ 				
			Example : (C2012 (CC0805), C32	216 (CC1206)				
			Example : 0	C2012 (CC0805), C32 0.2mm m					
					in.				



No.	Process		C	ondition					
5	Soldering	5-1. Flux selection Although highly-activated flux gives better solderability, substances which increase activity may also degrade the insulation of the chip capacitors. To avoid such degradation, it is recommended following.							
		1) It is recommended to use a mildly activated rosin flux (less than 0.1wt% chlorine). Strong flux is not recommended.							
		2) Excessive flux must be avoided. Please provide proper amount of flux.3) When water-soluble flux is used, enough washing is necessary.							
		5-2. Recommended soldering profile by various methods							
		Wave sold	-		Reflow solde	-			
		Solder Preheating →	ring Natural cooling	→ ←	Preheating	Idering Natural cooling ←→ ←			
		Peak Temp ()))))))))))))))))))	Over 60 sec.	Peak Temp (), dua U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	er 60 sec.	→ Temp time			
		Peak Temp time Peak Temp time Manual soldering							
		(Solde		As for and C solder As for C100 (CC18	ICATION C1608 (CC0603), (3216 (CC1206), ap ring and reflow sold C0402 (CC01005), 5 (CC0402), C3225 312), C5750 (CC222) y soldering.	plied to wave ering. C0603 (CC0201), (CC1210), C4532			
		0 Preheating	3sec. (As short a	as possible)					
		5-3. Recommended sold	ering peak temp	and peak tem	p duration				
		Temp./Duration	Wave so	-	Reflow s	oldering			
		Solder	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)			
		Sn-Pb Solder	250 max.	3 max.	230 max.	20 max.			
		Lead Free Solder	260 max.	5 max.	260 max.	10 max.			
		Recommended solde Sn-37Pb (Sn-Pb sol Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu (Le	der)						



No.	Process	Condition							
5	Soldering	5-4. Avo	biding thermal shock	ĸ					
		1) Prel	neating condition						
			Soldering		Туре	Temp. (°C)			
			Wave soldering	C1608(CC0603) C3216(CC1206)	, C2012(CC0805),	∆T ≤ 150			
			Reflow soldering	C1005(CC0402)),C0603(CC0201), , C1608(CC0603), , C3216(CC1206)	∆T ≤ 150			
				C3225(CC1210) C5750(CC2220)	, C4532(CC1812),	∆T ≤ 130			
			Manual soldering	C1005(CC0402) C2012(CC0805)),C0603(CC0201), , C1608(CC0603), , C3216(CC1206)	∆T ≤ 150			
				C3225(CC1210) C5750(CC2220)	∆T ≤ 130				
		t	Excessive solder will induce higher tensile force in chip capacitors whe temperature changes and it may result in chip cracking. In sufficient solder ma detach the capacitors from the P.C.board.						
						•			
		Ex	cessive /	rs from the P.C.bo	Hig chir	her tensile force in o capacitors to cause			
		Ex	·	rs from the P.C.bo	Hig chip crae	o capacitors to cause ck			
		Ex sol	cessive /	rs from the P.C.bo	Hig chip crae	o capacitors to cause ck <u>n amount</u>			
		Exi sol Ad	cessive /	rs from the P.C.bo	Hig chip crace Maximun Minimum Low cau chip	o capacitors to cause ck <u>n amount</u>			
		Ex sol Ad Ins sol 5-6. Sol 1) Sele Tip Ian hea Ple tim	cessive der equate ufficient der der repair by solder ection of the solderin temperature of sol d size. The higher t at shock may cause ease make sure the	r iron ng iron tip der iron varies by the tip temperature e a crack in the ch tip temp. before s th following recorr	Hig chip crad Maximun Minimum Low cau chip the its type, P.C.board e, the quicker the ip capacitors. soldering and keep mended conditior	d material and solder operation. However, of the peak temp and n. (Please preheat the			
		Ex sol Ad Ins sol 5-6. Sol 1) Sele Tip Ian hea Ple tim chi	cessive der equate ufficient der der repair by solder ection of the solderin temperature of sol d size. The higher t at shock may cause ease make sure the e in accordance wit	r iron ng iron tip der iron varies by the tip temperature e a crack in the ch tip temp. before s th following recorr e condition in 5-4	Hig chip crad Maximun Minimum Low cau chip the its type, P.C.boan e, the quicker the ip capacitors. soldering and keep mended condition to avoid the therm	d material and solder operation. However, the peak temp and the peak temp and the peak temp and the peak temp and the peak temp and the peak temp and the peak temp and temp a			
		Ex sol Ad Ins sol 5-6. Sol 1) Sele Tip Ian hea Ple tim chi	cessive der equate ufficient der der repair by solder ection of the solderin temperature of sol d size. The higher t at shock may cause ease make sure the e in accordance with p capacitors with th	r iron ng iron tip der iron varies by the tip temperature e a crack in the ch tip temp. before s th following recorr e condition in 5-4	Hig chip crad Maximun Minimum Low cau chip the its type, P.C.boan e, the quicker the ip capacitors. soldering and keep mended condition to avoid the therm	d material and solder operation. However, the peak temp and the peak temp and the peak temp and the peak temp and the peak temp and the peak temp and the peak temp and temp a			



No.	Process	Condition
5	Soldering	 Direct contact of the soldering iron with ceramic dielectric of chip capacitors may cause crack. Do not touch the ceramic dielectric and the terminations by solder iron. 5-7. Sn-Zn solder Sn-Zn solder affects product reliability. Please contact TDK in advance when utilize Sn-Zn solder. 5-8. Countermeasure for tombstone The misalignment between the mounted positions of the capacitors and the land patterns should be minimized. The tombstone phenomenon may occur especially the capacitors are mounted (in longitudinal direction) in the same direction of the reflow soldering. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335B Annex 1 (Informative) Recommendations to prevent the tombstone phenomenon)
6	Cleaning	 If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or some foreign articles may stick to chip capacitors surface to deteriorate especially the insulation resistance.
		2) If cleaning condition is not suitable, it may damage the chip capacitors.
		2)-1. Insufficient washing
		(1) Terminal electrodes may corrode by Halogen in the flux.
		(2) Halogen in the flux may adhere on the surface of capacitors, and lower the insulation resistance.
		(3) Water soluble flux has higher tendency to have above mentioned problems (1) and (2).
		2)-2. Excessive washing
		When ultrasonic cleaning is used, excessively high ultrasonic energy output can affect the connection between the ceramic chip capacitor's body and the terminal electrode. To avoid this, following is the recommended condition.
		Power : 20 W/ & max. Frequency : 40 kHz max.
		Washing time : 5 minutes max.
		2)-3. If the cleaning fluid is contaminated, density of Halogen increases, and it may bring the same result as insufficient cleaning.



No.	Process		Condition				
7	Coating and molding of the P.C.board	2) Please ve emission	the P.C.board is coated, please verify the quality influence on the product verify carefully that there is no harmful decomposing or reaction gas ion during curing which may damage the chip capacitors.				
8	Handling after chip mounted	2) When fur to be adj and bence	the chip capacitors may crack. Bend	t. But if the pressure is excessive o capacitors or peel the terminations			
		Item Board bending	Not recommended	Recommended Support pin Check pin			
9	Handling of loose chip capacitors	the large handle wi 2) Piling the		- Crack			



No.	Process	Condition					
10	Capacitance aging	The capacitors (Class 2) have aging in the capacitance. They may not be used in precision time constant circuit. In case of the time constant circuit, the evaluation should be done well.					
11	Estimated life and estimated failure rate of capacitors	As per the estimated life and the estimated failure rate depend on the temperature and the voltage. This can be calculated by the equation described in JEITA RCR-2335B Annex 6 (Informative) Calculation of the estimated lifetime and the estimated failure rate (Voltage acceleration coefficient : 3 multiplication rule, Temperature acceleration coefficient : 10°C rule) The failure rate can be decreased by reducing the temperature and the voltage but they will not be guaranteed.					
12	Others	The products listed on this specification sheet are intended for use in general electronic equipment (AV equipment, telecommunications equipment, home appliances, amusement equipment, computer equipment, personal equipment, office equipment, measurement equipment, industrial robots) under a normal operation and use condition. The products are not designed or warranted to meet the requirements of the applications listed below, whose performance and/or quality require a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or trouble could cause serious damage to society, person or property. Please understand that we are not responsible for any damage or liability caused by use of the products in any of the applications below or for any other use exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification, please contact us. (1) Aerospace/Aviation equipment (2) Transportation equipment (cars, electric trains, ships, etc.) (3) Medical equipment (4) Power-generation control equipment (5) Atomic energy-related equipment (6) Seabed equipment (7) Transportation control equipment (8) Public information-processing equipment (10) Electric heating apparatus, burning equipment (11) Disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment (12) Safety equipment (13) Other applications that are not considered general-purpose applications When designing your equipment even for general-purpose applications, you are kindly requested to take into consideration securing protection circuit/device or providing backup circuits in your equipment.					





13. Packaging label

Packaging shall be done to protect the components from the damage during transportation and storing, and a label which has the following information shall be attached.

1) Inspection No.
 2) TDK P/N
 3) Customer's P/N
 4) Quantity

*Composition of Inspection No.

Example $\underline{M} \underline{2} \underline{A} - \underline{OO} - \underline{OOO}$ (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)

a) Line code

b) Last digit of the year

c) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)

d) Inspection Date of the month.

e) Serial No. of the day

14. Bulk packaging quantity

Total number of components in a plastic bag for bulk packaging: 1,000pcs. As for C0402, C0603 and C1005 types, not available for bulk packaging.



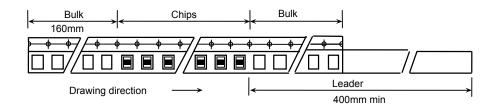
15. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

1. CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSION OF TAPING

1-1. Dimensions of carrier tape

Dimensions of paper tape shall be according to Appendix 3, 4. Dimensions of plastic tape shall be according to Appendix 5, 6.

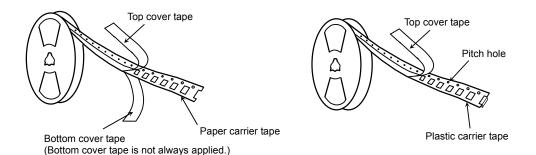
1-2. Bulk part and leader of taping



1-3. Dimensions of reel

Dimensions of Ø178 reel shall be according to Appendix 7, 8. Dimensions of Ø330 reel shall be according to Appendix 9, 10.

1-4. Structure of taping







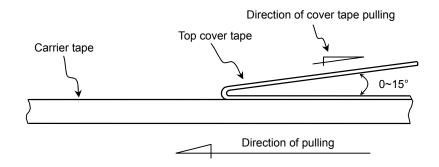
2. CHIP QUANTITY

Tuno	Thickness	Taping	Chip quantity (pcs.)			
Туре	of chip	Material	φ178mm reel	φ330mm reel		
C0402	0.20 mm	Paper	20,000	-		
C0603	0.30 mm	Paper	15,000	-		
C1005	0.50 mm	Paper	10,000	50,000		
C1608	0.80 mm	Paper	4,000	10,000		
	0.60 mm	Paper	4,000	10,000		
C2012	0.85 mm	Paper or Plastic	4,000			
	1.25 mm	Plastic	2,000			
	0.60 mm	Paper	4,000	- 10,000		
	0.85 mm	Paper or Plastic	4,000			
C3216	1.15 mm					
	1.30 mm	Plastic	2,000			
	1.60 mm			8,000		
	1.15 mm		2,000	10,000		
	1.25 mm		2,000			
	1.30 mm			8,000		
C3225	1.60 mm	Plastic				
	2.00 mm		1,000			
	2.30 mm			5,000		
	2.50 mm					
	1.60 mm		1,000	- 3,000		
	2.00 mm		1,000			
C4532	2.30 mm	Plastic	500			
04002	2.50 mm	Flastic				
	2.80 mm			2,000		
	3.20 mm					
	2.00 mm			3,000		
C5750	2.30 mm	Plastic	500			
03730	2.50 mm	Γιαδιίζ	500			
	2.80 mm			2,000		



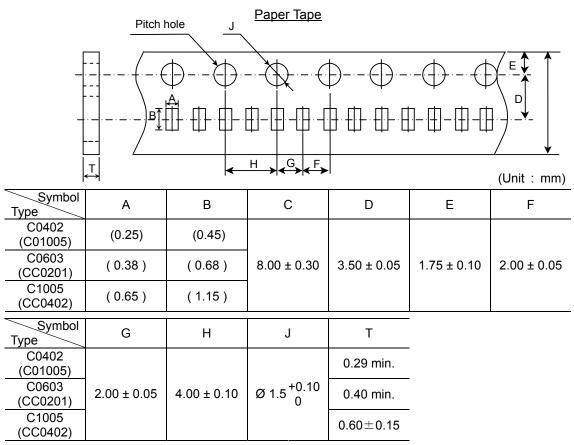
3. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

- 3-1. Fixing peeling strength (top tape)
 - 0.05-0.7N. (See the following figure.)



- 3-2. Carrier tape shall be flexible enough to be wound around a minimum radius of 30mm with components in tape.
- 3-3. The missing of components shall be less than 0.1%
- 3-4. Components shall not stick to fixing tape.
- 3-5. The fixing tapes shall not protrude beyond the edges of the carrier tape not shall cover the sprocket holes.



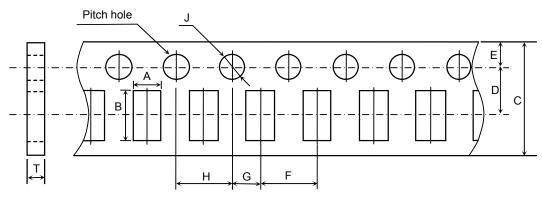


* The values in the parentheses () are for reference.





Paper Tape



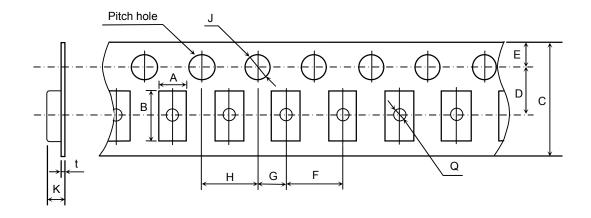
(Unit : mm)

Symbol Type	А	В	С	D	E	F
C1608 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
C2012 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
C3216 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)				
Symbol Type	G	Н	J	Т		
C1608 (CC0603) C2012 (CC0805) C3216 (CC1206)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.5 +0.10 0	1.10 max.		

* The values in the parentheses () are for reference.



Plastic Tape

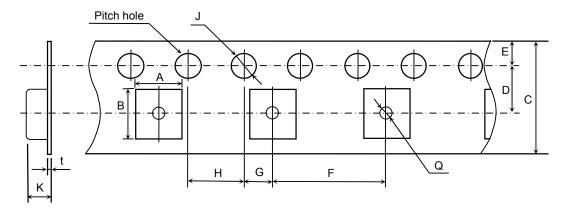


						(Unit : mm)
Symbol Type	А	В	С	D	Е	F
C2012 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8 00 1 0 20	2 50 1 0 05		
C3216 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05 [5.50 ± 0.05]	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
C3225 (CC1210)	(2.90)	(3.60)	[12.0 ± 0.00]	[0.00 ± 0.00]		
Symbol Type	G	Н	J	К	t	Q
C2012 (CC0805) C3216			Ø 1.5 +0.10	2.50 max.	0.30 max.	~ ~ ~ ~ `
(CC1206) C3225 (CC1210)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.5 0	3.20 max.	0.60 max.	Ø 0.50 min.

* The values in the parentheses () are for reference.

* As for 2.5mm thickness products, apply values in the brackets [].

Plastic Tape

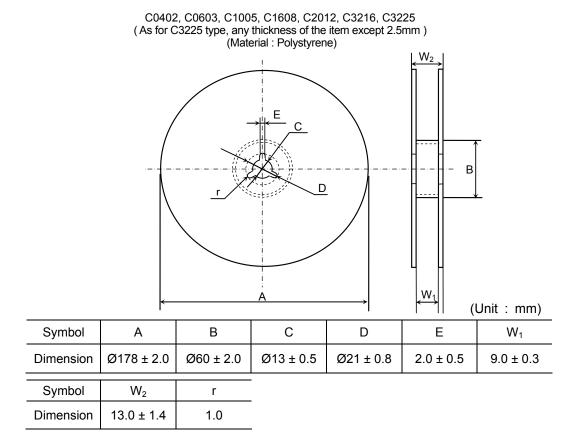


(Unit : mm)

Symbol Type	А	В	С	D	E	F
C4532 (CC1812)	(3.60)	(4.90)	12.0 ± 0.30	5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	8.00 ± 0.10
C5750 (CC2220)	(5.40)	(6.10)	12.0 ± 0.50			
Symbol Type	G	Н	J	К	t	Q
C4532 (CC1812)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.5 +0.10 0	6.50 max.	0.60 max.	Ø 1.50 min.
C5750 (CC2220)						

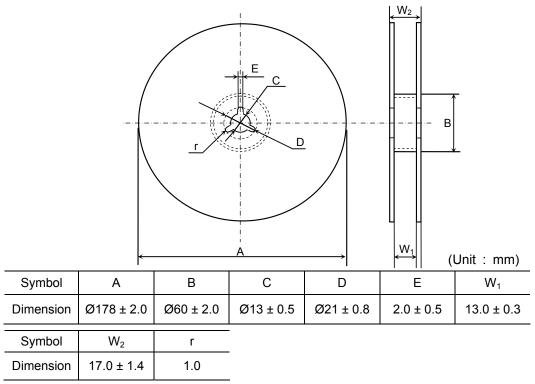
* The values in the parentheses () are for reference.



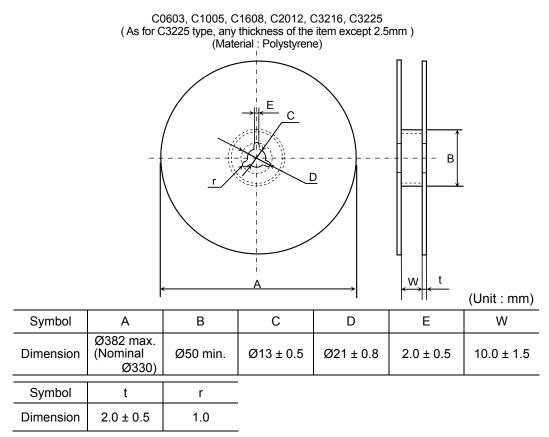


Appendix 8

C3225, C4532, C5750 (As for C3225 type, applied to 2.5mm thickness products) (Material : Polystyrene)







Appendix 10

C3225, C4532, C5750 (As for C3225 type, applied to 2.5mm thickness products) (Material : Polystyrene)

