

Application Examples

□ Solid-state switch

Current detectorProximity detection

□ Interrupter

Automotive. Consumer and Industrial

Features and Benefits

- Wide operating voltage range from 3.5V to 24V
- Low sensitivity
- CMOS technology
- Chopper-stabilized amplifier stage
- Low current consumption
- Open drain output
- Thin SOT23 3L and flat TO-92 3L both RoHS Compliant packages

Ordering Code

Ordering example:

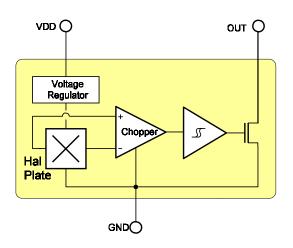
Product Code	Temperature Code	Package Code	Option Code	Packing Form Code
US5881	Ē	UÃ	ÅAA-000	ВŪ
US5881	L	UA	AAA-000	BU
US5881	E	SE	AAA-000	RE
US5881	L	SE	AAA-000	RE

Legend:

Temperature Code:	L for Temperature Range -40 ℃ to 150 ℃
	E for Temperature Range -40 ℃ to 85 ℃
Package Code:	UA for TO-92(Flat), SE for TSOT3
Packing Form:	RE for Reel, BU for Bulk
-	

US5881EUA-AAA-000-BU

1 Functional Diagram



2 General Description

The Melexis US5881 is a unipolar Hall-effect switch designed in mixed signal CMOS technology.

The device integrates a voltage regulator, Hall sensor with dynamic offset cancellation system, Schmitt trigger and an open-drain output driver, all in a single package.

Thanks to its wide operating voltage range and extended choice of temperature range, it is suitable for use in automotive and solid state switch applications.

The device is delivered in a Thin Small Outline Transistor (TSOT) for surface mount process and in a Plastic Single In Line (TO-92 flat) for throughhole mount.

Both 3-lead packages are RoHS compliant.



Table of Contents

1 Functional Diagram	1
2 General Description	1
3 Glossary of Terms	3
4 Absolute Maximum Ratings	. 3
5 Pin Definitions and Descriptions	. 3
6 General Electrical Specifications	. 4
7 Magnetic Specifications	. 4
8 Output Behaviour versus Magnetic Pole	.4
9 Detailed General Description	. 5
10 Unique Features	5
11 Performance Graphs	. 6
11.1 Typical Magnetic Switch Points vs V _{DD}	
11.2 Magnetic Switch Points vs Temperature 11.3 Typical Supply Current vs V _{DD}	
11.4 Typical Saturation Voltage vc Temperature (VDD=12V; lout=20mA)	
12 Application Information	
12.1 Typical Three-Wire Application Circuit	
12.2 Two-Wire Circuit	
13 Application Comments	
14 Standard information regarding manufacturability of Melexis products with different soldering processes	
15 ESD Precautions	8
16 Package Information	
16.1 SE Package (TSOT-3L)	
16.2 UA Package (TO-92 flat)	
17 Disclaimer	11



3 Glossary of Terms

MilliTesla (mT), Gauss	Units of magnetic flux density:
	1mT = 10 Gauss
RoHS	Restriction of Hazardous Substances
TSOT	Thin Small Outline Transistor (TSOT package) – also referred with the Melexis package code "SE"
ESD	Electro-Static Discharge
BLDC	Brush-Less Direct-Current

4 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	28	V
Supply Current	I _{DD}	50	mA
Output Voltage	Vout	28	V
Output Current	Iout	50	mA
Storage Temperature Range	Ts	-50 to 150	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	TJ	165	°C

Table 1: Absolute maximum ratings

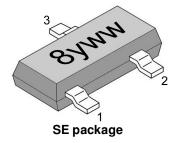
Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

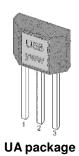
Operating Temperature Range	Symbol	Value	Units
Temperature Suffix "E"	TA	-40 to 85	°C
Temperature Suffix "L"	TA	-40 to 150	°C

5 Pin Definitions and Descriptions

SE Pin №	UA Pin №	Name	Туре	Function
1	1	VDD	Supply	Supply Voltage pin
2	3	OUT	Output	Open Drain Output pin
3	2	GND	Ground	Ground pin

Table 2: Pin definitions and descriptions







6 General Electrical Specifications

DC Operating Parameters	$T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C, V_{DD} = 12^{\circ}$	V (unless otherwise specified)
Do oporating i aramotoro	A = 2000, 000 = 12	

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	Operating	3.5		24	V
Supply Current	Idd	B < B _{RP}	1.5	2.5	5	mA
Output Saturation Voltage	V _{DSon}	$I_{OUT} = 20 \text{mA}, B > B_{OP}$		0.4	0.5	V
Output Leakage Current	IOFF	$B < B_{RP}, V_{OUT} = 24V$		0.01	10	μA
Output Rise Time	tr	$R_L = 1k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$		0.25		μs
Output Fall Time	tr	$R_L = 1k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$		0.25		μs
Maximum Switching Frequency	F _{SW}			10		KHz
SE Package Thermal Resistance	RTH	Single layer (1S) Jedec board		301		°C/W
UA Package Thermal Resistance	R _{TH}			200		°C/W

Table 3: Electrical specifications

7 Magnetic Specifications

DC Operating Parameters $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = 12V$ (unless otherwise s	specified)
--	------------

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Operating Point	Bop		15	25	30	mT
Release Point	Brp		9.5	20	-	mT
Hysteresis	Bhyst		2	4.3	5.5	mT

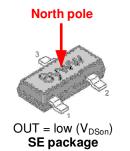
Table 4: Magnetic specifications

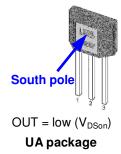
8 Output Behaviour versus Magnetic Pole

DC Operating Parameters $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 150° C, $V_{DD} = 3.5$ V to 24V (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test Conditions (SE)	OUT (SE)	OUT (UA)
South pole	$B > B_{OP}$	High	Low
Null or weak magnetic field	B -7 0 or B $<$ B _{RP}	High	High
North pole	$B > B_{OP}$	Low	High

Table 5: Output behaviour versus magnetic pole







9 Detailed General Description

Based on mixed signal CMOS technology, Melexis US5881 is a Hall-effect device with low magnetic sensitivity. Its sensitivity enables high accuracy in position sensing by the use of small air gap.

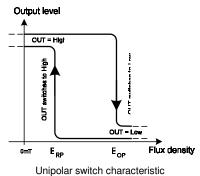
The chopper-stabilized amplifier uses switched capacitor technique to suppress the offset generally observed with Hall sensors and amplifiers. The CMOS technology makes this advanced technique possible and contributes to smaller chip size and lower current consumption than bipolar technology. The small chip size is also an important factor to minimize the effect of physical stress. This combination results in more stable magnetic characteristics and enables faster and more precise design.

The wide operating voltage from 3.5V to 24V, "L" and "E" operating temperature range and low current consumption make this device especially suitable for automotive solid state switch applications.

The output signal is open-drain type. Such output allows simple connectivity with TTL or CMOS logic by using a pull-up resistor tied between a pull-up voltage and the device output.

10 Unique Features

The US5881 exhibits unipolar magnetic switching characteristics. Therefore, it operates only with one magnetic pole.



The UA package is south pole active: Applying a south magnetic pole greater than B_{OP} facing the branded side of the package switches the output low.

The SE package is north pole active: Applying a north magnetic pole greater than B_{OP} facing the branded side of the package switches the output low.

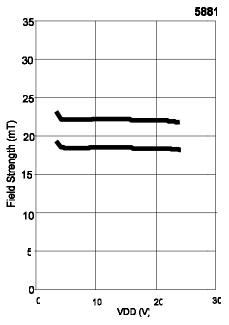
Removing the magnetic field $(B\rightarrow 0)$ switches the output high. The use of the opposite magnetic pole facing the branded side does not affect the output state.

A magnetic hysteresis B_{HYST} keeps B_{OP} and B_{RP} separated by a minimal value. This hysteresis prevents output oscillation near the switching point.

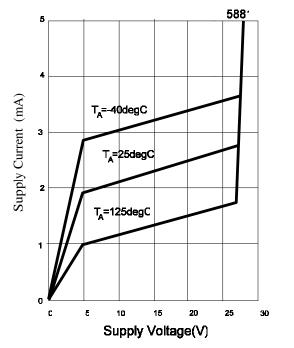


11 Performance Graphs

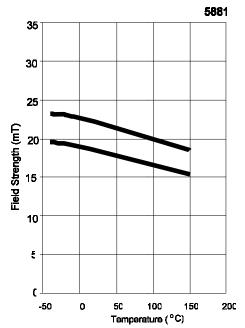
11.1 Typical Magnetic Switch Points vs V_{DD}



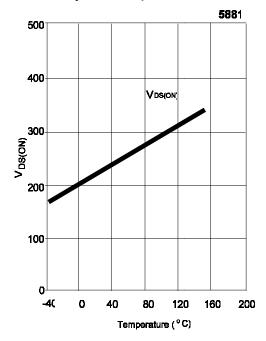
11.3 Typical Supply Current vs V_{DD}



11.2 Magnetic Switch Points vs Temperature



11.4 Typical Saturation Voltage vc Temperature (VDD=12V; lout=20mA)

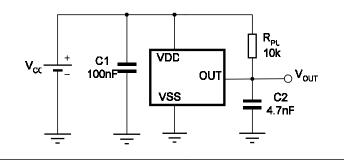


3901005881 Rev 008

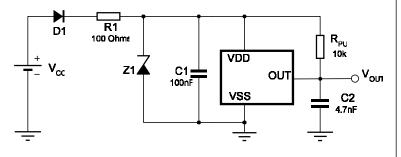


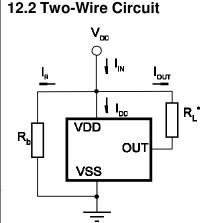
12 Application Information

12.1 Typical Three-Wire Application Circuit



12.3 Automotive and Harsh, Noisy Environments Three-Wire Circuit





Note:

With this circuit, precise ON and OFF currents can be detected using only two connecting wires.

The resistors RL and Rb can be used to bias the input current. Refer to the part specifications for limiting values.

 $\begin{array}{ll} B_{RP}: & I_{OFF} = I_R \ + \ I_{DD} = V_{DD}/R_b + \ I_{DD} \\ B_{OP}: & I_{ON} = I_{OFF} + \ I_{OUT} = I_{OFF} + \ V_{DD}/R_L \end{array}$

13 Application Comments

For proper operation, a 100nF bypass capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the device between the V_{DD} and ground pin.

For reverse voltage protection, it is recommended to connect a resistor or a diode in series with the V_{DD} pin. When using a resistor, three points are important:

- the resistor has to limit the reverse current to 50mA maximum (V_{CC} / R1 \leq 50mA)
- the resulting device supply voltage V_{DD} has to be higher than V_{DD} min ($V_{DD} = V_{CC} R1.I_{DD}$)
- the resistor has to withstand the power dissipated in reverse voltage condition ($P_D = V_{CC}^2/R1$)

When using a diode, a reverse current cannot flow and the voltage drop is almost constant (\approx 0.7V). Therefore, a 100 Ω /0.25W resistor for 5V application and a diode for higher supply voltage are recommended. Both solutions provide the required reverse voltage protection.

When a weak power supply is used or when the device is intended to be used in noisy environment, it is recommended that figure 13.3 from the Application Information section is used.

The low-pass filter formed by R1 and C1 and the zener diode Z1 bypass the disturbances or voltage spikes occurring on the device supply voltage V_{DD} . The diode D1 provides additional reverse voltage protection.



14 Standard information regarding manufacturability of Melexis products with different soldering processes

Our products are classified and qualified regarding soldering technology, solderability and moisture sensitivity level according to following test methods:

Reflow Soldering SMD's (Surface Mount Devices)

- IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices (classification reflow profiles according to table 5-2)
- EIA/JEDEC JESD22-A113
 Preconditioning of Nonhermetic Surface Mount Devices Prior to Reliability Testing (reflow profiles according to table 2)

Wave Soldering SMD's (Surface Mount Devices) and THD's (Through Hole Devices)

- EN60749-20 Resistance of plastic- encapsulated SMD's to combined effect of moisture and soldering heat
- EIA/JEDEC JESD22-B106 and EN60749-15 Resistance to soldering temperature for through-hole mounted devices

Iron Soldering THD's (<u>Through Hole Devices</u>)

• EN60749-15 Resistance to soldering temperature for through-hole mounted devices

Solderability SMD's (Surface Mount Devices) and THD's (Through Hole Devices)

• EIA/JEDEC JESD22-B102 and EN60749-21 Solderability

For all soldering technologies deviating from above mentioned standard conditions (regarding peak temperature, temperature gradient, temperature profile etc) additional classification and qualification tests have to be agreed upon with Melexis.

The application of Wave Soldering for SMD's is allowed only after consulting Melexis regarding assurance of adhesive strength between device and board.

Melexis is contributing to global environmental conservation by promoting **lead free** solutions. For more information on qualifications of **RoHS** compliant products (RoHS = European directive on the Restriction Of the use of certain Hazardous Substances) please visit the quality page on our website: http://www.melexis.com/quality.aspx

15 ESD Precautions

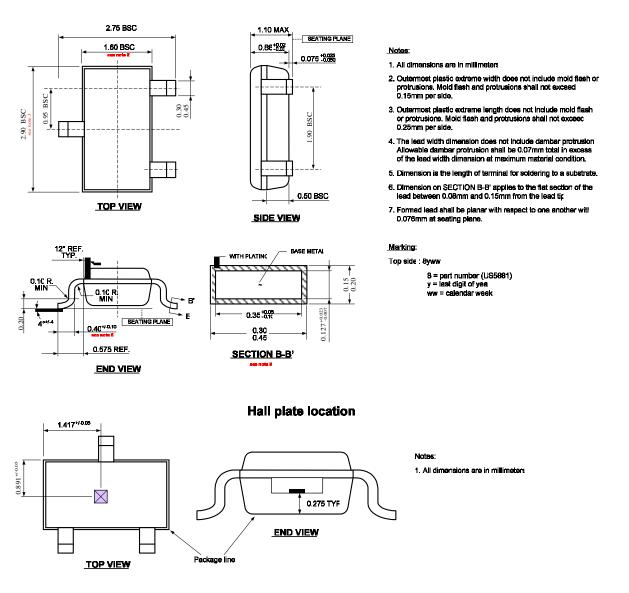
Electronic semiconductor products are sensitive to Electro Static Discharge (ESD). Always observe Electro Static Discharge control procedures whenever handling semiconductor products.



US5881 Unipolar Hall Switch – Low Sensitivity

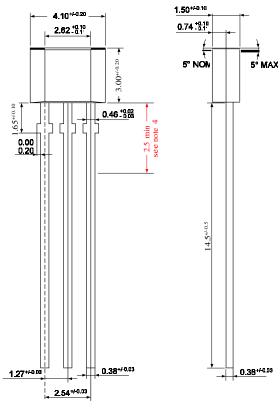
16 Package Information

16.1 SE Package (TSOT-3L)





16.2 UA Package (TO-92 flat)



Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters
- 2. Package dimension exclusive molding flash
- 3. The end flash shall not exceed 0.127 mm on each side.
- 4. To preserve reliability, it is recommended to have total lead length equal to 2.5mm minimum, measured from the package line.

Marking:

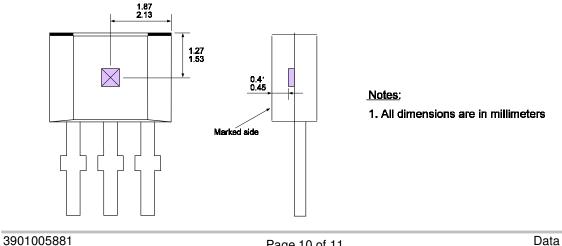
1st Line : U58 - Part number (US5881)

2nd Line : yww

y - last digit of year ww - calendar week



Hall plate location



Rev 008



17 Disclaimer

Devices sold by Melexis are covered by the warranty and patent indemnification provisions appearing in its Term of Sale. Melexis makes no warranty, express, statutory, implied, or by description regarding the information set forth herein or regarding the freedom of the described devices from patent infringement. Melexis reserves the right to change specifications and prices at any time and without notice. Therefore, prior to designing this product into a system, it is necessary to check with Melexis for current information. This product is intended for use in normal commercial applications. Applications requiring extended temperature range, unusual environmental requirements, or high reliability applications, such as military, medical life-support or life-sustaining equipment are specifically not recommended without additional processing by Melexis for each application.

The information furnished by Melexis is believed to be correct and accurate. However, Melexis shall not be liable to recipient or any third party for any damages, including but not limited to personal injury, property damage, loss of profits, loss of use, interrupt of business or indirect, special incidental or consequential damages, of any kind, in connection with or arising out of the furnishing, performance or use of the technical data herein. No obligation or liability to recipient or any third party shall arise or flow out of Melexis' rendering of technical or other services.

© 2012 Melexis NV. All rights reserved.

For the latest version of this document, go to our website at www.melexis.com

Or for additional information contact Melexis Direct:

Europe, Africa, Asia: Phone: +32 1367 0495 E-mail: sales_europe@melexis.com America: Phone: +1 248 306 5400 E-mail: sales_usa@melexis.com

ISO/TS 16949 and ISO14001 Certified

3901005881 Rev 008