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Note: Mitsubishi Electric will continue the business operations of high frequency & optical devices and power devices.

Renesas Technology Corp. Customer Support Dept. April 1, 2003



# M5M51008DFP, VP, RV, KV, KR -55H, -70H

#### 1048576-BIT(131072-WORD BY 8-BIT)CMOS STATIC RAM

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The M5M51008DP,FP,VP,RV,KV are a 1048576-bit CMOS static RAM organized as 131072 word by 8-bit which are fabricated using high-performance quadruple-polysilicon and double metal CMOS technology. The use of thin film transistor (TFT) load cells and CMOS periphery result in a high density and low power static

They are low standby current and low operation current and ideal

for the battery back-up application.

The M5M51008DVP,RV,KV are packaged in a 32-pin thin small outline package which is a high reliability and high density surface mount device(SMD). Two types of devices are available.

M5M51008DVP(normal lead bend type package), M5M51008DVP(normal lead bend type package), Using both types

M5M51008DRV(reverse lead bend type package). Using both types of devices, it becomes very easy to design a printed circuit board.

#### **FEATURES**

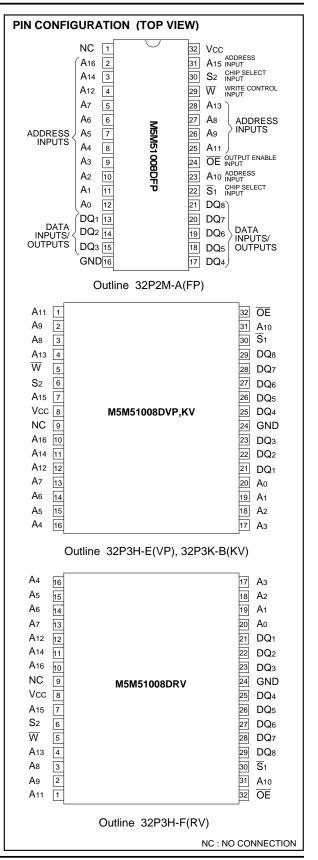
	Access	Power supply current				
Type name time (max)		Active (1MHz) (max)	stand-by (max)			
M5M51008DFP,VP,RV,KV-55H	55ns	15mA	20μΑ			
M5M51008DFP,VP,RV,KV-70H	70ns	(1MHz)	(Vcc=5.5V)			

- Directly TTL compatible : All inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion and power down by S
   <sup>1</sup>
   1,S₂
- Data hold on +2V power supply
- Three-state outputs : OR tie capability
- OE prevents data contention in the I/O bus
- Common data I/O
- Package

M5M51008DFP	32pin	525mil SQP
M5M51008DVP,RV	32pin	8 X 20 mm <sup>2</sup> TSOP 8 X 13.4 mm <sup>2</sup> TSOP
M5M51008DKV	32pin	8 X 13.4 mm <sup>2</sup> TSOP

#### **APPLICATION**

Small capacity memory units



When setting  $\overline{S}_1$  at a high level or  $S_2$  at a low level, the chip are in

#### 1048576-BIT(131072-WORD BY 8-BIT)CMOS STATIC RAM

#### **FUNCTION**

The operation mode of the M5M51008D series are determined by a combination of the device control inputs  $\overline{S}_1, S_2, \overline{W}$  and  $\overline{OE}$ . Each mode is summarized in the function table. A write cycle is executed whenever the low level  $\overline{W}$  overlaps with the low level  $\overline{S}_1$  and the high level S2. The address must be set up the low level S1 and the high level S2. The address must be set up before the write cycle and must be stable during the entire cycle. The data is latched into a cell on the trailing edge of  $\overline{W},\overline{S1}$  or S2,whichever occurs first,requiring the set-up and hold time relative to these edge to be maintained. The output enable input  $\overline{OE}$  directly controls the output stage. Setting the  $\overline{OE}$  at a high level, the output stage is in a high-impedance state, and the data bus contention problem in the write cycle is eliminated. A read cycle is executed by setting  $\overline{W}$  at a high level and  $\overline{OE}$  at a low level while  $\overline{S1}$  and S2 are in an active state( $\overline{S1}$ =L,S2=H).

when setting \$1 at a high level of \$2 at a low level, the chip are in a non-selectable mode in which both reading and writing are disabled. In this mode, the output stage is in a high- impedance state, allowing OR-tie with other chips and memory expansion by \$1 and \$2. The power supply current is reduced as low as the stand-by current which is specified as Icc3 or Icc4, and the memory data can be held at +2V power supply, enabling battery back-up operation during power failure or power-down operation in the nonselected mode.

#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

**BLOCK DIAGRAM** 

S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	$\overline{W}$	ŌE	Mode	DQ	Icc
Х	L	Х	Χ	Non selection	High-impedance	Stand-by
Н	Х	Х	Х	Non selection   High-impedance   S		Stand-by
L	Н	L	Χ	Write	Din	Active
L	Н	Н	L	Read	Dout	Active
L	Н	Н	Н		High-impedance	Active

Note 1: "H" and "L" in this table mean VIH and VIL, respectively. 2: "X" in this table should be "H" or "L".

\* Pin numbers inside dotted line show those of TSOP

**(**21**) ⊹⊳(**13**)** DQ1 14) DQ2 AMP 131072 WORDS **→**(15) DQ3 OUTPUT BUFFER X 8 BITS +**▶**(17) DQ4 DATA SENSE (512 ROWS INPUTS/ **18** DQ5 X128 COLUMNS OUTPUTS <del>1</del> 19 DQ6 X 16BLOCKS) 27 (28) **→**(20) (29) +>(21) DQ8 2 (31) ADDRESS INPUTS INPUT JFTER CLOCK ODRESS INPU BUFFER COLUMN **GENERATOR** DATA | BU A9 WRITE CONTROL **INPUT** ODRESS INPUT BUFFER BLOCK DECODER CHIP SELECT INPUTS OUTPUT OE ENABLE INPUT



GND 16

# 1048576-BIT(131072-WORD BY 8-BIT)CMOS STATIC RAM

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage		- 0.3*~7	V
VI	Input voltage	With respect to GND $-0.3*\sim Vcc + 0.3$		V
Vo	Output voltage		0~Vcc	V
$P_d$	Power dissipation	Ta=25°C	700	mW
T <sub>opr</sub>	Operating temperature		0~70	C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		- 65~150	C

<sup>\* –3.0</sup>V in case of AC ( Pulse width ≤ 50ns )

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=0~70°C, Vcc=5V±10%, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions				Limits		Unit
Symbol	Faiametei	rest conditions	rest conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Ornic
VIH	High-level input voltage				2.2		Vcc + 0.3	V
VIL	Low-level input voltage				-0.3*		0.8	V
Voн	High-level output voltage	IOH= -1.0mA			2.4			V
VOIT	riigir iever output voltage	Iон= -0.1mA			Vcc - 0.5			V
Vol	Low-level output voltage	IoL=2mA					0.4	V
li	Input current	Vi=0~Vcc					±1	μΑ
lo	Output current in off-state	S <sub>1</sub> =VIH or S <sub>2</sub> =VIL or OE=VIH VI/O=0~VCC				±1	μΑ	
	Active supply current $\overline{S}_1 \le 0.2 \text{V}, S_2 \ge \text{VCC}0.2 \text{V}$		55ns		39	80		
ICC1	Active supply current (AC, MOS level)	other inputs ≤ 0.2V or ≥ VCC–0.2V Output-open(duty 100%)		70ns		34	70	mA
				1MHz		4	15	
	A - ti	S1=VIL,S2=VIH,		55ns		42	85	
ICC2	Active supply current (AC, TTL level)	other inputs=VIH or VIL Output-open(duty 100%)		70ns		37	70	mA
		Output-open(duty 100%)		1MHz		5	15	
		1) S <sub>2</sub> ≤ 0.2V, other inputs=0~Vcc		~25°C			2	
Іссз	Stand-by current	2) S1 ≥ Vcc-0.2V,	-H	~40°C			6	μA
		S2≥ Vcc–0.2V, other inputs=0~Vcc		~70°C			20	
ICC4	Stand-by current	S <sub>1</sub> =VIH or S <sub>2</sub> =VIL, other inputs=0~Vcc					3	mA

<sup>\*</sup> -3.0V in case of AC ( Pulse width  $\leq 50$ ns )

# CAPACITANCE (Ta=0~70°C, Vcc=5V±10% unless otherwise noted)

Cumple of	Parameter		Test conditions				
Symbol			Test conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Cı	Input capacitance	FP,VP,RV,KV	Vi=GND, Vi=25mVrms, f=1MHz			8	pF
Со	Output capacitance	FP,VP,RV,KV	Vo=GND,Vo=25mVrms, f=1MHz			10	pF

Note 3: Direction for current flowing into an IC is positive (no mark). 4: Typical value is Vcc = 5V,  $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ 



# M5M51008DFP,VP,RV,KV,KR -55H, -70H

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#### AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=0~70°C, 5V±10% unless otherwise noted )

#### (1) MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

Input pulse level ···········VIH=2.4V,VIL=0.6V (-70H)

VIH=3.0V, VIL=0.0V (-55H)

Input rise and fall time ..... 5ns

Reference level ·······VoH=VoL=1.5V

Output loads ······ Fig.1, CL=100pF (-70H) CL=30pF (-55H)

CL=5pF (for ten,tdis)

Transition is measured  $\pm$  500mV from steady

state voltage. (for ten,tdis)

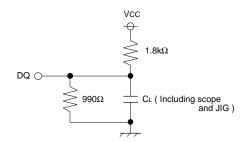


Fig.1 Output load

#### (2) READ CYCLE

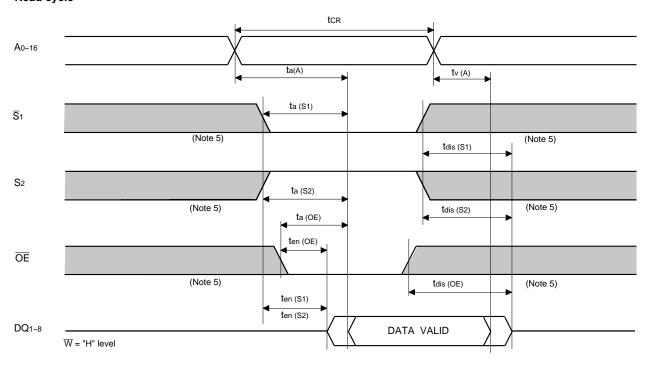
	Parameter					
Symbol		-55H		-7	0H	Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
tcr	Read cycle time	55		70		ns
ta(A)	Address access time		55		70	ns
ta(S1)	Chip select 1 access time		55		70	ns
ta(S2)	Chip select 2 access time		55		70	ns
ta(OE)	Output enable access time		30		35	ns
tdis(S1)	Output disable time after \$\overline{S}_1\$ high		20		25	ns
tdis(S2)	Output disable time after S2 low		20		25	ns
tdis(OE)	Output disable time after OE high		20		25	ns
ten(S1)	Output enable time after S <sub>1</sub> low	5		10		ns
ten(S2)	Output enable time after S <sub>2</sub> high	5		10		ns
ten(OE)	Output enable time after OE low	5		5		ns
tV(A)	Data valid time after address	5		10		ns

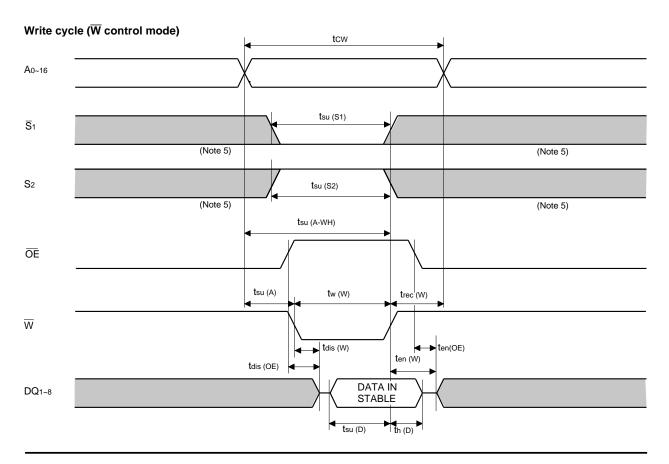
### (3) WRITE CYCLE

	Parameter					
Symbol		-55H		-70H		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
tcw	Write cycle time	55		70		ns
tw(W)	Write pulse width	45		50		ns
tsu(A)	Address setup time	0		0		ns
tsu(A-WH)	Address setup time with respect to $\overline{\mathbb{W}}$	50		55		ns
tsu(S1)	Chip select 1 setup time	50		55		ns
tsu(S2)	Chip select 2 setup time	50		55		ns
tsu(D)	Data setup time	25		30		ns
th(D)	Data hold time	0		0		ns
trec(W)	Write recovery time	0		0		ns
tdis(W)	Output disable time from $\overline{\mathbb{W}}$ low		20		25	ns
tdis(OE)	Output disable time from OE high		20		25	ns
ten(W)	Output enable time from W high	5		5		ns
ten(OE)	Output enable time from OE low	5		5		ns



# (4) TIMING DIAGRAMS Read cycle





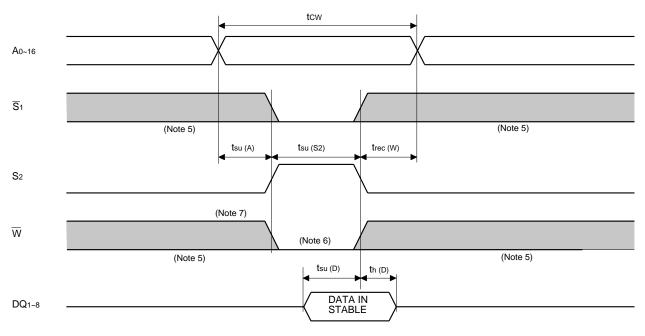


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#### 1048576-BIT(131072-WORD BY 8-BIT)CMOS STATIC RAM

# Write cycle ( \$\overline{S}\_1\$ control mode) tcw A0~16 tsu (A) tsu (S1) trec (W) $\overline{S}_1$ S<sub>2</sub> (Note 5) (Note 5) (Note 7) W (Note 6) (Note 5) (Note 5) th (D) tsu (D) DATA IN DQ1~8 **STABLE**

### Write cycle (S2 control mode)



- Note 5: Hatching indicates the state is "don't care". 6: Writing is executed while  $S_2$  high overlaps  $\overline{S}_1$  and  $\overline{W}$  low. 7: When the falling edge of  $\overline{W}$  is simultaneously or prior to the falling edge of  $\overline{S}_1$  or rising edge of  $S_2$ , the outputs are maintained in the high impedance state. 8: Don't apply inverted phase signal externally when DQ pin is output mode.



### 1048576-BIT(131072-WORD BY 8-BIT)CMOS STATIC RAM

#### **POWER DOWN CHARACTERISTICS**

#### (1) ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=0~70°C, unless otherwise noted)

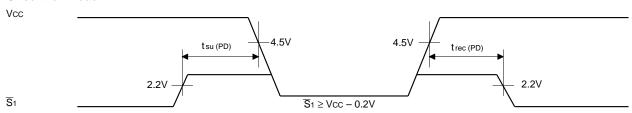
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions			Limits		Linit		
Symbol	r arameter	Test conditions	rest conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
VCC (PD)	Power down supply voltage				2.0			V	
VI (S1)	Chip select input \$\overline{S}_1\$	2.2V≤Vcc(PD)			2.2			V	
V1 (31)	Chip select input 31	2V≤Vcc(PD)≤2.2V			Vcc(PD)		V		
V. (00)	Ohio and and in mot On	4.5V≤Vcc(PD)				0.8	W		
VI (S2)	Chip select input S2	Vcc(PD)<4.5V					0.2	V	
		Vcc = 3V		~25°C			1		
ICC (PD)	Power down supply current	<ol> <li>S2 ≤ 0.2V, other inputs = 0~3V</li> <li>S1 ≥ Vcc-0.2V,S2 ≥ Vcc-0.2V</li> </ol>	-H	~40°C			3	μΑ	
		other inputs = 0~3V		~70°C			10		

#### (2) TIMING REQUIREMENTS (Ta=0~70°C, unless otherwise noted )

Symbol	Parameter	Toot conditions		Limit		
		Test conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
tsu (PD)	Power down set up time		0			ns
trec (PD)	Power down recovery time		5			ms

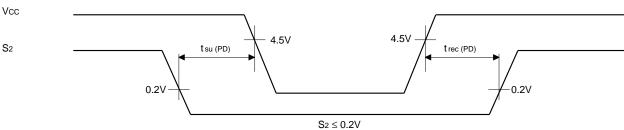
#### (3) POWER DOWN CHARACTERISTICS

#### S<sub>1</sub> control mode



Note 9: On the power down mode by controlling  $\overline{S}_1$ , the input level of  $S_2$  must be  $S_2 \ge Vcc$  - 0.2V or  $S_2 \le 0.2V$ . The other pins(Address,I/O, $\overline{WE}$ , $\overline{OE}$ ) can be in high impedance state.

# S<sub>2</sub> control mode





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