

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**



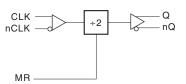
The ICS87332I-01 is a high performance  $\div$ 2 Differential-to-2.5V/3.3V ECL/LVPECL Clock Generator and a member of the HiPerClockS<sup>M</sup> family of High Performance Clock Solutions from ICS. The CLK, nCLK pair can accept most

standard differential input levels The ICS87332I-01 is characterized to operate from either a 2.5V or a 3.3V power supply. Guaranteed output and part-to-part skew characteristics make the ICS87332I-01 ideal for those clock distribution applications demanding well defined performance and repeatability.

### **F**EATURES

- One ÷2 differential 2.5V/3.3V LVPECL / ECL output
- One CLK, nCLK input pair
- CLK, nCLK pair can accept the following differential input levels: LVDS, LVPECL, LVHSTL, SSTL, HCSL
- Maximum output frequency: 500MHz
- Maximum input frequency: 1GHz
- Translates any single ended input signal to 3.3V LVPECL levels with resistor bias on nCLK input
- Part-to-part skew: 400ps (maximum)
- Propagation delay: 1.6ns (maximum)
- LVPECL mode operating voltage supply range:  $V_{cc} = 2.375V$  to 3.8V,  $V_{EE} = 0V$
- ECL mode operating voltage supply range:  $V_{cc} = 0V$ ,  $V_{EE} = -2.375V$  to -3.8V
- -40°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature
- Lead-Free package fully RoHS compliant

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

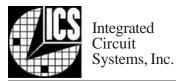


## **PIN ASSIGNMENT**

MR	1	8	
CLK	2	7	Q
nCLK 🗌	3	6	□nQ
nc 🗆	4	5	VEE

ICS87332I-01

8-Lead SOIC 3.90mm x 4.90mm x 1.37mm package body M Package Top View



### TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Ту	/pe	Description
1	MR	Input	Pulldown	Master reset. When LOW, outputs are enabled. When HIGH, divider is reset forcing Q output LOW and nQ output HIGH. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface level.
2	CLK	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential clock input.
3	nCLK	Input	Pullup Inverting differential clock input.	
4	nc	Unused		No connect.
5	V <sub>EE</sub>	Power		Negative supply pin.
6, 7	Q, nQ	Output		Differential output pair. LVPECL interface levels.
8	V <sub>cc</sub>	Power		Positive supply pin.

NOTE: Pullup and Pulldown refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

### TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Input Pullup Resistor			51		kΩ
R <sub>PULLDOWN</sub>	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ

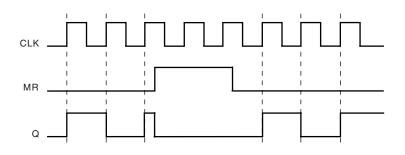


FIGURE 1. TIMING DIAGRAM



#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V <sub>cc</sub>	4.6V
Inputs, V <sub>I</sub>	-0.5V to V $_{\rm cc}$ + 0.5 V
Outputs, I <sub>o</sub> Continuous Current Surge Current	50mA 100mA
Package Thermal Impedance, $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{_{JA}}$	112.7°C/W (0 lfpm)
Storage Temperature, $T_{\rm STG}$	-65°C to 150°C

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the DC Characteristics or AC Characteristics is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

#### TABLE 3A. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{cc} = 2.375V$ to 3.8V, $V_{ee} = 0$ , TA = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>cc</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage		2.375	3.3	3.8	V
I	Power Supply Current				30	mA

### TABLE 3B. LVCMOS DC Characteristics, $V_{CC} = 2.375V$ to 3.8V, $V_{EE} = 0$ , TA = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage	MR		2		V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage	MR		-0.3		0.8	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Current	MR	$V_{\rm CC} = V_{\rm IN} = 3.8V$			150	μA
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Current	MR	$V_{\rm CC} = 3.8 V, V_{\rm IN} = 0 V$	-5			μA

### TABLE 3C. DIFFERENTIAL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{cc}$ = 2.375V to 3.8V, $V_{ee}$ = 0, TA = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
	Input High Current	CLK	$V_{\rm CC} = V_{\rm IN} = 3.8 V$			150	μA
чн		nCLK	$V_{\rm CC} = V_{\rm IN} = 3.8 V$			5	μA
	Input Low Current	CLK	$V_{cc} = 3.8V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-5			μA
'⊪		nCLK	$V_{\rm CC} = 3.8$ V, $V_{\rm IN} = 0$ V	-150			μA
V <sub>PP</sub>	Peak-to-Peak Input	Voltage		0.15		1.3	V
V <sub>CMR</sub>	Common Mode Inpu NOTE 1, 2	it Voltage;		V <sub>EE</sub> + 0.5		V <sub>cc</sub> - 0.85	V

NOTE 1: Common mode voltage is defined as  $V_{IH}$ . NOTE 2: For single ended applications, the maximum input voltage for CLK, nCLK is  $V_{cc}$  + 0.3V.



### TABLE 3D. LVPECL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{cc}$ = 2.375V to 3.8V, $V_{ee}$ = 0, TA = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1		V <sub>cc</sub> - 1.4		V <sub>cc</sub> - 0.9	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1		V <sub>cc</sub> - 2.0		V <sub>cc</sub> - 1.7	V
V <sub>SWING</sub>	Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing		0.65		1.0	V

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50  $\Omega$  to V  $_{\rm CC}$  - 2V.

Table 4. AC Characteristics,  $V_{CC}$  = 2.375V to 3.8V,  $V_{EE}$  = 0, Ta = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Input Frequency				1	GHz
t <sub>PD</sub>	Propagation Delay; NOTE 1	<i>f</i> ≤ 1GHz	1.1	1.4	1.6	ns
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 2, 3				400	ps
t <sub>R</sub>	Output Rise Time	20% to 80%	200		700	ps
t <sub>F</sub>	Output Fall Time	20% to 80%	200		700	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle		49		51	%

All parameters measured at 500MHz unless noted otherwise.

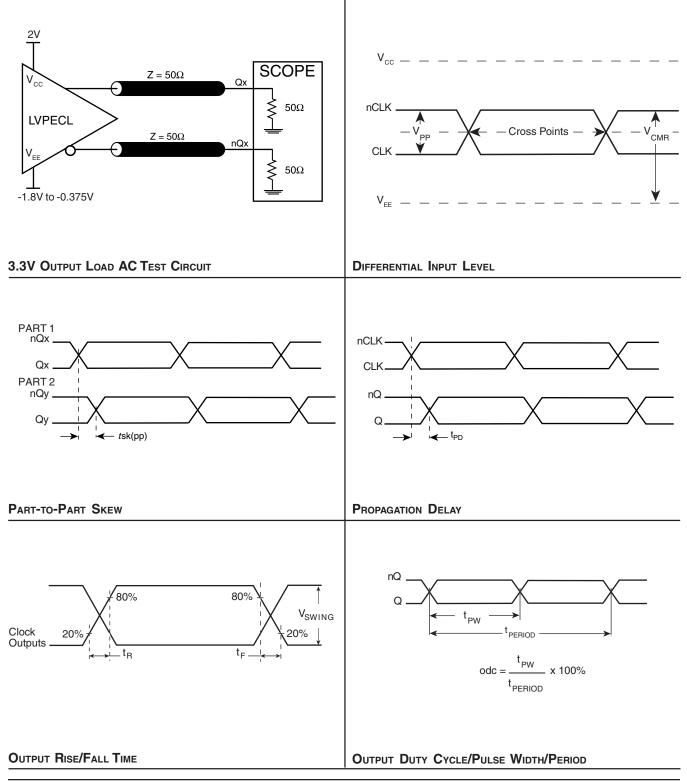
NOTE 1: Measured from the differential input crossing point to the differential output crossing point.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of inputs on each device, the outputs are measured at the differential cross points.

NOTE 3: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.



# **PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**



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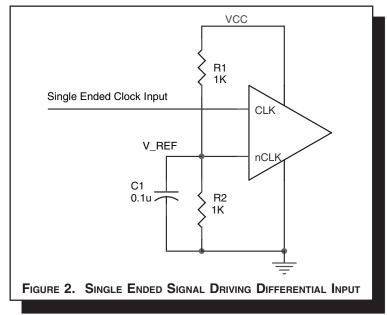


# **APPLICATION** INFORMATION

### WIRING THE DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO ACCEPT SINGLE ENDED LEVELS

Figure 2 shows how the differential input can be wired to accept single ended levels. The reference voltage V\_REF =  $V_{cc}/2$  is generated by the bias resistors R1, R2 and C1. This bias circuit should be located as close as possible to the input pin. The ratio

of R1 and R2 might need to be adjusted to position the V\_REF in the center of the input voltage swing. For example, if the input clock swing is only 2.5V and  $V_{cc}$  = 3.3V, V\_REF should be 1.25V and R2/R1 = 0.609.



### **TERMINATION FOR 3.3V LVPECL OUTPUT**

The clock layout topology shown below is a typical termination for LVPECL outputs. The two different layouts mentioned are recommended only as guidelines.

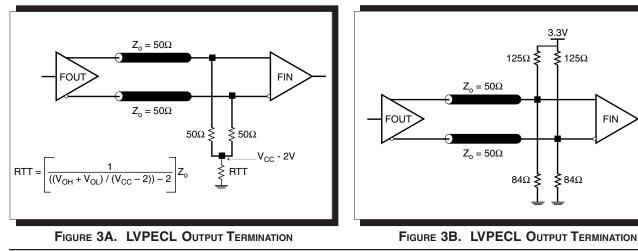
FOUT and nFOUT are low impedance follower outputs that generate ECL/LVPECL compatible outputs. Therefore, terminating resistors (DC current path to ground) or current sources must be used for functionality. These outputs are designed to drive

 $50\Omega$  transmission lines. Matched impedance techniques should be used to maximize operating frequency and minimize signal distortion. Figures 3A and 3B show two different layouts which are recommended only as guidelines. Other suitable clock layouts may exist and it would be recommended that the board designers simulate to guarantee compatibility across all printed circuit and clock component process variations.

3.3\

1250

≹84Ω



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FIN



### **TERMINATION FOR 2.5V LVPECL OUTPUT**

Figure 4A and Figure 4B show examples of termination for 2.5V LVPECL driver. These terminations are equivalent to terminating 50 $\Omega$  to V<sub>cc</sub> - 2V. For V<sub>cc</sub> = 2.5V, the V<sub>cc</sub> - 2V is very close to

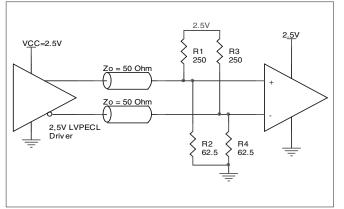


FIGURE 4A. 2.5V LVPECL DRIVER TERMINATION EXAMPLE

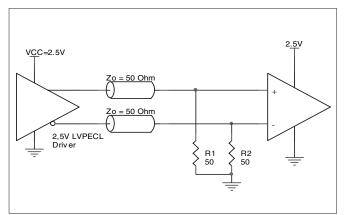


FIGURE 4C. 2.5V LVPECL TERMINATION EXAMPLE

ground level. The R3 in Figure 4B can be eliminated and the termination is shown in *Figure 4C*.

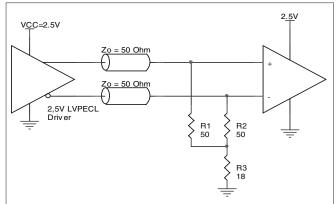


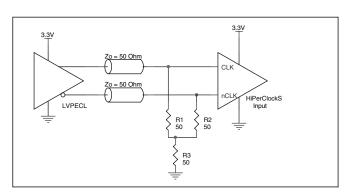
FIGURE 4B. 2.5V LVPECL DRIVER TERMINATION EXAMPLE



### DIFFERENTIAL CLOCK INPUT INTERFACE

The CLK /nCLK accepts LVDS, LVPECL, LVHSTL, SSTL, HCSL and other differential signals. Both V<sub>SWING</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> must meet the V<sub>PP</sub> and V<sub>CMR</sub> input requirements. Figures 5A to 5E show interface examples for the HiPerClockS CLK/nCLK input driven by the most common driver types. The input interfaces suggested

FIGURE 5A. HIPERCLOCKS CLK/nCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY ICS HIPERCLOCKS LVHSTL DRIVER

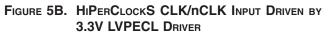


here are examples only. Please consult with the vendor of the

driver component to confirm the driver termination requirements. For example in *Figure 5A*, the input termination applies for ICS

HiPerClockS LVHSTL drivers. If you are using an LVHSTL driver

from another vendor, use their termination recommendation.



Zo = 50 Ohr

50 Ohr

FIGURE 5D. HIPERCLOCKS CLK/nCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY

3.3V LVDS DRIVER

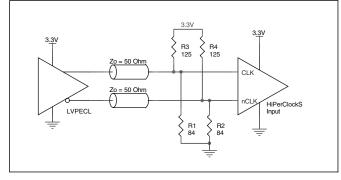


FIGURE 5C. HIPERCLOCKS CLK/nCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY 3.3V LVPECL DRIVER

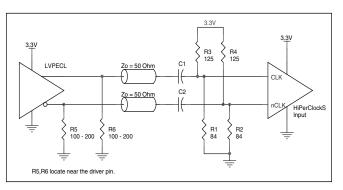


FIGURE 5E. HIPERCLOCKS CLK/NCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY 3.3V LVPECL DRIVER WITH AC COUPLE

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3.3\

LVDS\_Drive

3<u>.3</u>\

CLK

nCL

. Receive

R1 100



# Power Considerations

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS87332I-01. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS87332I-01 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for  $V_{cc} = 3.8V$ , which gives worst case results. **NOTE:** Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)<sub>MAX</sub> =  $V_{CC_MAX} * I_{EE_MAX} = 3.8V * 30mA = 114mW$
- Power (outputs)<sub>MAX</sub> = 30mW/Loaded Output pair

Total Power (3.8V, with all outputs switching) = 114mW + 30mW = 144mW

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, Tj, is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for HiPerClockS<sup>™</sup> devices is 125°C.

The equation for Tj is as follows: Tj =  $\theta_{JA}$  \* Pd\_total + T<sub>A</sub>

Tj = Junction Temperature

 $\theta_{JA}$  = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd\_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

 $T_A =$  Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance  $\theta_{JA}$  must be used. Assuming a moderate air flow of 200 linear feet per minute and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 103.3°C/W per Table 5 below.

Therefore, Tj for an ambient temperature of 85°C with all outputs switching is:

 $85^{\circ}C + 0.144W * 103.3^{\circ}C/W = 99.9^{\circ}C$ . This is well below the limit of  $125^{\circ}C$ 

This calculation is only an example. Tj will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

### TABLE 5. THERMAL RESISTANCE $\theta_{JA}$ for 8-pin SOIC, Forced Convection

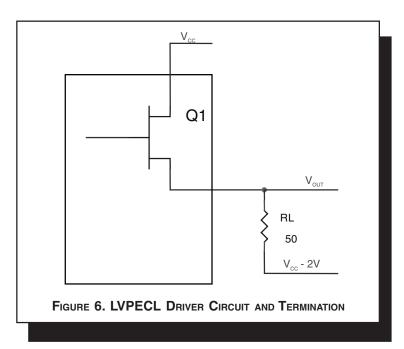
	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	153.3°C/W	128.5°C/W	115.5°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	112.7°C/W	103.3°C/W	97.1°C/W



#### 3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

LVPECL output driver circuit and termination are shown in Figure 6.



To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50 $\Omega$  load, and a termination voltage of V<sub>cc</sub> - 2V.

- For logic high,  $V_{OUT} = V_{OH\_MAX} = V_{CC\_MAX} 0.9V$  $(V_{CC\_MAX} - V_{OH\_MAX}) = 0.9V$
- For logic low,  $V_{OUT} = V_{OL_{MAX}} = V_{CC_{MAX}} 1.7V$  $(V_{CC_{MAX}} - V_{OL_{MAX}}) = 1.7V$

Pd\_H is power dissipation when the output drives high. Pd\_L is the power dissipation when the output drives low.

$$Pd_{-}H = [(V_{OH_{-}MAX} - (V_{CC_{-}MAX} - 2V))/R_{L}] * (V_{CC_{-}MAX} - V_{OH_{-}MAX}) = [(2V - (V_{CC_{-}MAX} - V_{OH_{-}MAX}))/R_{L}] * (V_{CC_{-}MAX} - V_{OH_{-}MAX}) = [(2V - 0.9V)/50\Omega] * 0.9V = 19.8mW$$

$$Pd_{L} = [(V_{OL_{MAX}} - (V_{CC_{MAX}} - 2V))/R_{L}] * (V_{CC_{MAX}} - V_{OL_{MAX}}) = [(2V - (V_{CC_{MAX}} - V_{OL_{MAX}}))/R_{L}] * (V_{CC_{MAX}} - V_{OL_{MAX}}) = [(2V - 1.7V)/50\Omega] * 1.7V = 10.2mW$$

Total Power Dissipation per output pair = Pd\_H + Pd\_L = 30mW

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# **R**ELIABILITY INFORMATION

### TABLE 6. $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{JA} \text{vs.}$ Air Flow Table

	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	153.3°C/W	128.5°C/W	115.5°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	112.7°C/W	103.3°C/W	97.1°C/W

#### TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for ICS87332I-01 is: 383 Compatible to part number MC100EP32



### PACKAGE OUTLINE - M SUFFIX

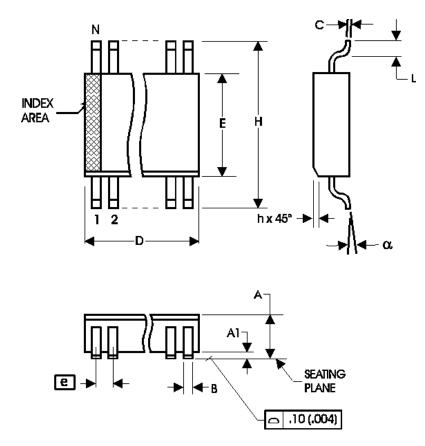


TABLE 7. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

0////201	Millimeters				
SYMBOL	MINIMUN	MAXIMUM			
Ν		8			
А	1.35	1.75			
A1	0.10	0.25			
В	0.33	0.51			
С	0.19	0.25			
D	4.80	5.00			
E	3.80	4.00			
е	1.27	BASIC			
Н	5.80	6.20			
h	0.25	0.50			
L	0.40	1.27			
α	0°	8°			

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MS-012



#### TABLE 8. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Package	Temperature
87332AMI-01	7332Al01	8 lead SOIC	tube	-40°C to 85°C
87332AMI-01T	7332Al01	8 lead SOIC	2500 tape & reel	-40°C to 85°C
87332AMI-01LF	TBD	8 lead "Lead-Free" SOIC	tube	-40°C to 85°C
87332AMI-01LFT	TBD	8 lead "Lead-Free" SOIC	2500 tape & reel	-40°C to 85°C

NOTE: Parts that are ordered with an "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

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87332AMI-01



Integrated Circuit Systems, Inc.

# ICS87332I-01 ÷2 DIFFERENTIAL-TO-2.5V/3.3V ECL/LVPECL CLOCK GENERATOR

REVISION HISTORY SHEET					
Rev	Table	Page	Description of Change		
T2 B		1	Features Section - added Lead-Free bullet.		
	2	Pin Characteristics Table - changed CIN from 4pF max. to 4pF typical.			
	6	Added "Wiring the Differential Input to Accept Single Ended Levels.			
	6	Added Termination for 3.3V LVPECL Output.			
	7	Added Termination for 2.5V LVPECL Output.	7/5/05		
		8	Added Differential Clock Input Interface.		
	Т8	13	Ordering Information Table - corrected marking. Added Lead-Free part number		
			and note.		
			Updated format of datasheet.		
C T3D	T3D	4	LVPECL DC Characteristics Table -corrected $V_{OH}$ max. from $V_{CC}$ - 1.0V to		
			$V_{cc}$ - 0.9V; and $V_{swing}$ max. from 0.9V to 1.0V.		
		9 - 10	Power Considerations - corrected power dissipation to reflect V <sub>OH</sub> max in Table	4/13/07	
			$^{\circ}$ 3D.		