

Clear Material Sensor

Optimum Sensor for Detecting Transparent Glass and Plastic Bottles

- Detects clear bottles reliably, even with "lens" effect
- Narrow, precise beam for accurate sensing
- Advanced optics for enhanced reliability
- Sensing distance 250 mm or 1 m
- Visible red LED for easy alignment
- Water-tight IP67 (NEMA 6P) rating
- Rugged die-cast metal housing
- 10-30 VDC
- Versatile NPN, PNP, Light-ON/Dark-ON, switch-selectable

Ordering Information

E3S-CR67/62 CLEAR GLASS SENSORS

Connections	Sensing method	Control output	Sensing distance	Reflector (See Note.)	Part number
Plug-in	Retroreflective	PNP open collector, NPN open collector (switch selectable)	0 to 250 mm	E39-R6	E3S-CR67-C (See Note.)
connector (M12)			250 to 1,000 mm	E39-R1	
Prewired			0 to 250 mm	E39-R6	E3S-CR62-C (See Note.)
			250 to 1,000 mm	E39-R1	

Note: Reflector is not included. Order separately.

■ ACCESSORIES (ORDER SEPARATELY)

Reflectors

Application	Part number
At a sensing distance of 250 mm min.	E39-R1
At a sensing distance of 250 mm max. The distance between adjacent objects, such as transparent bottles, is short.	E39-R6

ACCESSORIES

Description	Length	Part number	
Cable connectors	2 m	XS2F-D421-DC0-A	
	5 m	XS2F-D421-GC0-A	
Mounting bracket		E39-L87	

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Description	Part number
Mounting bracket included with sensor	E39-L113



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E3S-CR67/62



Specifications _____

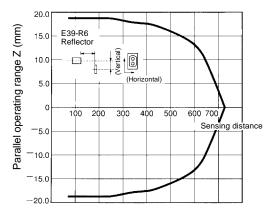
Part number		E3S-CR67	E3S-CR62	
Method of detection		Retroreflective		
Supply voltage		10 to 30 VDC ripple 10% max.		
Current consumption		40 mA		
Sensing distance w/E39-R6 reflector (optional) w/E39-R1 reflector (optional)		250 mm, for closely-spaced bottles		
		1 meter, for widely-spaced bottles		
Object size		30 mm dia. x 150 long	glass tube, 1.8 mm wall thickness	
Light source		Red LED (670 nm)		
Mode		Light-ON/Dark-ON, sw	itch selectable	
Sensitivity adjustment		2-turn potentiometer		
Output		NPN/PNP, switch select	table	
Capacity		30 VDC, 100 mA; resid	ual voltage, NPN 1.2 V, PNP 2.0 V	
Response time		1 ms on, 1 ms off		
Circuit protection		Reverse polarity and short circuit protection		
Indicators		Red: light received, Green: stability		
Material	Case	Die-cast zinc		
	Panel	Sulfonated polyether		
	Lens	Acrylic		
	Bracket	Stainless steel		
Connection		M12 connector	2-m prewired	
Weight		80 g	115 g	
Cable bending radius			25 mm min.	
Enclosure rating		IP67 NEMA 6P		
Ambient light immunity		Incandescent: 5,000 lx max.		
		Sunlight: 10,000 ℓx max.		
		Mutual interference protection (See Note.)		
Ambient operating temperature		-25°C to 55°C (-13°F to 131°F) no icing		
Relative operating humidity		35% to 85% RH		
Insulation resistance		20 MΩ min. at 500 VDC		
Dielectric strength		1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min.		
Vibration		10-2000 Hz, 1.5 mm double amplitude, or 300 m/s ² (approx. 30G) for 0.6 hours in X, Y, Z axes		
Shock resistance		1 m/s ² (approx, 100 G) 3 times, X, Y, Z axes		

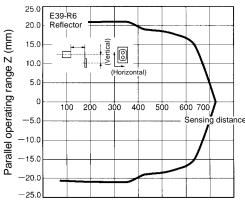
Note: Mutual Interference Protection: Allows sensor to filter out interfering light sources from nearby sensors and avoid interference.

Engineering Data

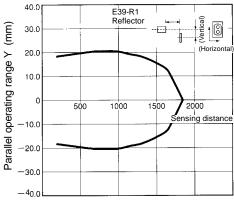
■ REFLECTOR PARALLEL MOVEMENT (TYPICAL)

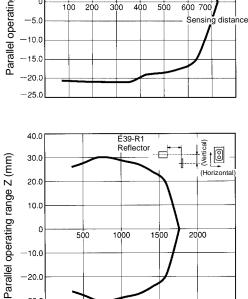
E3S-CR67/62 (E39-R6 Reflector optional)





E3S-CR67/62 (optional E39-R1 Reflector)





1000

1500

2000

500

-10.0

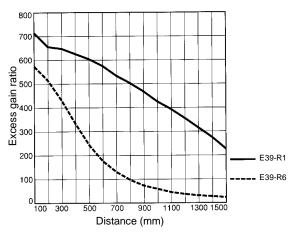
-20.0

-30.0

-40.0

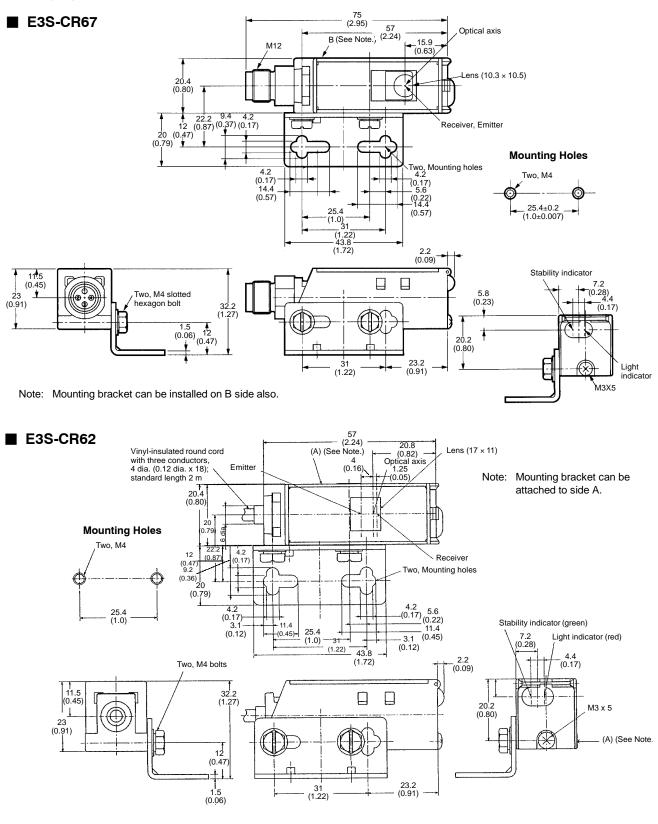
SET DISTANCE VS. EXCESS GAIN (TYPICAL)

E3S-CR67/62



Dimensions

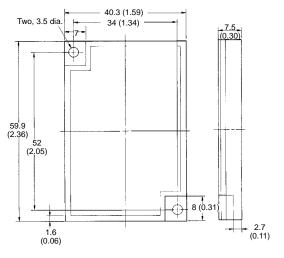
Unit: mm (inch)



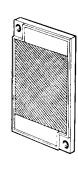
ACCESSORIES

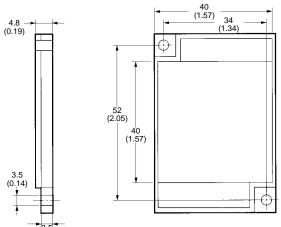
E39-R1 Reflector





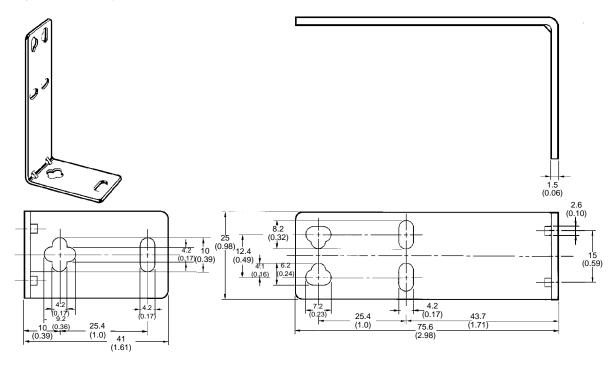
E39-R6 Reflector





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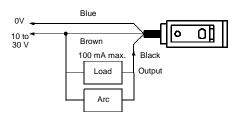
E39-L87 Special Mounting Bracket



Installation

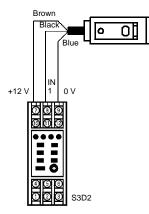
■ CONNECTIONS

Wiring Diagram (NPN Shown)

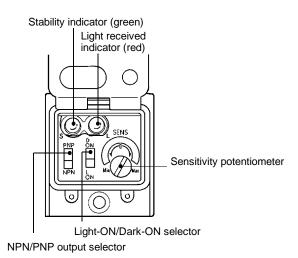


Note: If the load is a relay, insert arc suppressor across the coils of the relay.

With Sensor Controller (S3D2)



Nomenclature __



Operation Panel

Use the NPN/PNP output selector on the operation panel to select the type of output transistor.

Use the Light-ON and Dark-ON selector on the operation panel to select the operation mode of the E3S-CR67/62.

Brown (No connection) Blue Black

Operation

■ WIRING DIAGRAM

Output configuration	Mode switch	Output transistor	Output circuits
NPN	Light-ON	On when light is received.	Brown () 10 to 30 VDC Clear Clear Clear Sensor NPN and PNP Clear Sensor NPN and PNP Clear Clear Clear Clear Clear NPN and PNP Competition Clear C
	Dark-ON	ON when light is not received.	$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\$
PNP	Light-ON	On when light is received.	Brown ① 10 to 30 VDC Clear Glass NPN and PNP ③ Black
	Dark-ON	ON when light is not received.	ZD : V _Z = 39 V

Cable Connector

NPN Output

PNP Output Terminal no. Terminal no. Brown (No connection) Blue 23 3 4 Black XS2F-D421-DC0-A XS2F-D421-GC0-A XS2F-D421-DC0-A XS2F-D421-GC0-A

NPN output			PNP output				
Туре	Conductor	Connector pin	Application	Туре	Conductor	Connector pin	Application
DC	Brown	1	Power supply (+V)	DC	Brown	1	Power supply (+V)
	Black	4	Output	1	Black	4	Output
	Blue	3	Power supply (0 V)	1	Blue	3	Power supply (0 V)
		2	No connection			2	No connection

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TIMING CHART

Output configuration	Mode switch	Output transistor	Timing chart
NPN	Light-ON	On when light is received.	Light received Light not received Light indicator ON (Red) OFF Output ON transistor OFF Load Operate (Retween terminals 1 and 4 or between brown and black)
	Dark-ON	ON when light is not received.	Light received Light not received Light indicator ON (Red) OFF Output ON transistor OFF Load Operate (Between terminals 1 and 4 or between brown and black)
PNP	Light-ON	On when light is received.	Light received Light not received Light indicator ON (Red) OFF Output ON transistor OFF Load Operate (Relase (Between terminals 3 and 4 or between blue and black)
	Dark-ON	ON when light is not received.	Light received Light not received Light indicator ON (Red) OFF Output ON transistor OFF Load Operate (Between terminals 3 and 4 or between blue and black)

MUTUAL INTERFERENCE PROTECTION

If reflective Clear Glass Sensors are installed side by side, each one may be influenced by the light emitted from the other Clear Glass Sensors.

The fuzzy mutual interference prevention function of the E3S-CR67/62 enables the E3S-CR67/62 to monitor any light interference for a certain period before the E3S-CR67/62 starts emitting light so that the E3S-CR67/62 can retrieve the intensity and frequency of the light interference as data. Using this data, the E3S-CR67/62 estimates with fuzzy inference the risk of the malfunctioning of the E3S-CR67/62 and controls the timing of the E3S-CR67/62 light emission.

When the risk is low:

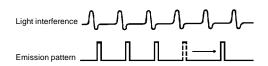
The E3S-CR67/62 waits until there is no light interference and emits light.

OPTICAL AXIS ADJUSTMENT



When the risk is high:

The E3S-CR67/62 emits light between each light interference moment.



Move the Sensor and Reflector upwards, downwards, left, and right within areas respectively to locate the Sensor and Reflector in the center of each area where the red incident indicator is lit. Then check that the green stability indicator is lit.

SENSITIVITY ADJUSTMENT

After optical axis adjustment, make the following sensitivity adjustment according to the type of sensing object.

Item	Transparent bottle or glass plate	Opaque object
Sensing condition	Without the target object	With or without the target object
Sensitivity potentiometer	Min. Max.	Min. Max.
Indicators	ON ON STABILITY LIGHT (green) (red)	ON ON STABILITY LIGHT (green) (red)
Procedure	Turn the sensitivity potentiometer from minimum to maximum and set the sensitivity potentiometer to the position where a stable condition can be obtained.	If the target is larger than the reflector diameter, set the sensitivity potentiometer to maximum. If the target is the same or smaller than the lens diameter, turn the sensitivity potentiometer from minimum to maximum to set the sensitivity potentiometer to the position where a stable condition can be obtained.

Precautions

If the input/output lines of the Clear Material Sensor are placed in the same conduit or duct as power lines or high-voltage lines, the Clear Material Sensor may malfunction, or be damaged by electrical noise. Either separate the wiring, or use shielded lines as input/output lines to the Clear Material Sensor.

The cable connected to the E3S-CR67/62 can be extended up to 100 m provided that the diameter of each wire of the cable is 0.3 mm^2 minimum.

START-UP OPERATION

A maximum of 100 ms is required from the time power is turned on until the E3S-CR67/62 is able to detect objects. If power is supplied to the loads and the E3S-CR67/62 from different sources, turn on power to the E3S-CR67/62 first.

POWER SUPPLY

If a standard switching regulator is used as a power supply, the frame ground (FG) terminal and the ground (G) terminal must be grounded, or the E3S-CR67/62 may malfunction, due to the switching noise of the power supply.

If an inverter motor or servomotor is used with the E3S-CR67/62, the frame ground (FG) terminal and the ground (G) terminal must be grounded, or the E3S-CR67/62 may malfunction.

■ WATER RESISTANCE

Do not use the E3S-CR67/62 in water, in the rain, or outdoors.

To ensure the E3S-CR67/62 meets IP67 water resistance, tighten the screws of the operation panel cover to a torque of 3.5 to 5.5 kgf • cm (36.4 to 60.2 in • lb).

OIL AND CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

Do not use the E3S-CR67/62 in oils or liquid chemicals.

The E3S-CR67/62 uses an oil-resistive cable to ensure oil resistance.

Do not allow the cable to be repeatedly bent during application.

Do not allow the cable to be bent to a radius of less than 25 mm.

MOUNTING

When mounting the E3S-CR67/62, avoid heavy impact (see shock and vibration specifications) which may damage the sensor.

Use M4 screws to mount the E3S-CR67/62.

The tightening torque of each screw must be $12 \text{ kgf} \cdot \text{m}$ (124 in $\cdot \text{lb}$) maximum.

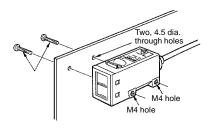
Mounting Bracket

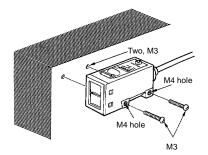
When mounting the E3S-CR67/62 with the mounting bracket so that sensing targets will be in the direction of the mechanical axis, use the optical axis lock holes.

If it is not possible to mount the E3S-CR67/62 so that the sensing targets will be in the direction the mechanical axis, move the E3S-CR67/62 up, down, left, or right and secure the E3S-CR67/62 in the center of the range where the light indicator will be lit. Then make sure that the stability indicator is lit.

Direct Mounting

Mount the E3S-CR67/62 as shown in the following illustration.



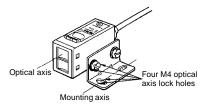


OPTICAL AXIS ADJUSTMENT

Direct the mounting axis of the mounting bracket in the direction where sensing objects will be located. The optical axis of the E3S-CR67/62 coincides with the mounting axis of the mounting bracket, which enables the user to adjust the optical axis of the E3S-CR67/62 with ease.

Optical Lock Holes

By tightening the optical axis lock holes with screws, the mounting bracket will be in the direction of the optical axis of the E3S-CR67/62.



NOTE: DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS. To convert millimeters to inches divide by 25.4.



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Cat. No. CEDSAX4

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