

Am29LV256M

256 Megabit (16 M x 16-Bit/32 M x 8-Bit) MirrorBit[™] 3.0 Volt-only Uniform Sector Flash Memory with VersatileI/O[™] Control

DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS

ARCHITECTURAL ADVANTAGES

■ Single power supply operation

- 3 volt read, erase, and program operations

■ VersatileI/O[™] control

- Device generates data output voltages and tolerates data input voltages on the CE# and DQ inputs/outputs as determined by the voltage on the V_{IO} pin; operates from 1.65 to 3.6 V
- Manufactured on 0.23 µm MirrorBit process technology

■ SecSi[™] (Secured Silicon) Sector region

- 128-word/256-byte sector for permanent, secure identification through an 8-word/16-byte random Electronic Serial Number, accessible through a command sequence
- May be programmed and locked at the factory or by the customer

■ Flexible sector architecture

Five hundred twelve 32 Kword (64 Kbyte) sectors

■ Compatibility with JEDEC standards

- Provides pinout and software compatibility for single-power supply flash, and superior inadvertent write protection
- Minimum 100,000 erase cycle guarantee per sector
- 20-year data retention at 125℃

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

■ High performance

- 100 ns access time
- 30 ns page read times
- 0.5 s typical sector erase time
- 15 µs typical effective write buffer word programming time: 16-word/32-byte write buffer reduces overall programming time for multiple-word updates

- 4-word/8-byte page read buffer
- 16-word/32-byte write buffer

Low power consumption (typical values at 3.0 V, 5 MHz)

- 13 mA typical active read current
- 50 mA typical erase/program current
- 1 μA typical standby mode current

Package options

- 56-pin TSOP
- 64-ball Fortified BGA

SOFTWARE & HARDWARE FEATURES

Software features

- Program Suspend & Resume: read other sectors before programming operation is completed
- Erase Suspend & Resume: read/program other sectors before an erase operation is completed
- Data# polling & toggle bits provide status
- Unlock Bypass Program command reduces overall multiple-word or byte programming time
- CFI (Common Flash Interface) compliant: allows host system to identify and accommodate multiple flash devices

Hardware features

- Sector Group Protection: hardware-level method of preventing write operations within a sector group
- Temporary Sector Group Unprotect: V_{ID}-level method of changing code in locked sector groups
- WP#/ACC input accelerates programming time (when high voltage is applied) for greater throughput during system production. Protects first or last sector regardless of sector protection settings
- Hardware reset input (RESET#) resets device
- Ready/Busy# output (RY/BY#) detects program or erase cycle completion

Publication# 25263 Rev: C Amendment/+1 Issue Date: May 28, 2003

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Am29LV256M is a 256 Mbit, 3.0 volt single power supply flash memory devices organized as 16,777,216 words or 33,554,432 bytes. The device has a 16-bit wide data bus that can also function as an 8-bit wide data bus by using the BYTE# input. The device can be programmed either in the host system or in standard EPROM programmers.

An access time of 100, 110, or 120 ns is available. Note that each access time has a specific operating voltage range (V_{CC}) and an I/O voltage range (V_{IO}), as specified in the Product Selector Guide and the Ordering Information sections. The device is offered in a 56-pin TSOP or Fortified BGA package. Each device has separate chip enable (CE#), write enable (WE#) and output enable (OE#) controls.

Each device requires only a **single 3.0 volt power supply** for both read and write functions. In addition to a V_{CC} input, a high-voltage **accelerated program** (WP#/ACC) input provides shorter programming times through increased current. This feature is intended to facilitate factory throughput during system production, but may also be used in the field if desired.

The device is entirely command set compatible with the JEDEC single-power-supply Flash standard. Commands are written to the device using standard microprocessor write timing. Write cycles also internally latch addresses and data needed for the programming and erase operations.

The **sector erase architecture** allows memory sectors to be erased and reprogrammed without affecting the data contents of other sectors. The device is fully erased when shipped from the factory.

Device programming and erasure are initiated through command sequences. Once a program or erase operation has begun, the host system need only poll the DQ7 (Data# Polling) or DQ6 (toggle) **status bits** or monitor the **Ready/Busy# (RY/BY#)** output to determine whether the operation is complete. To facilitate programming, an **Unlock Bypass** mode reduces command sequence overhead by requiring only two write cycles to program data instead of four.

The $VersatileI/O^{TM}$ (V_{IO}) control allows the host system to set the voltage levels that the device generates

and tolerates on the CE# control input and DQ I/Os to the same voltage level that is asserted on the $V_{\rm IO}$ pin. Refer to the Ordering Information section for valid $V_{\rm IO}$ options.

Hardware data protection measures include a low $V_{\rm CC}$ detector that automatically inhibits write operations during power transitions. The hardware sector group protection feature disables both program and erase operations in any combination of sector groups of memory. This can be achieved in-system or via programming equipment.

The **Erase Suspend/Erase Resume** feature allows the host system to pause an erase operation in a given sector to read or program any other sector and then complete the erase operation. The **Program Suspend/Program Resume** feature enables the host system to pause a program operation in a given sector to read any other sector and then complete the program operation.

The hardware RESET# pin terminates any operation in progress and resets the device, after which it is then ready for a new operation. The RESET# pin may be tied to the system reset circuitry. A system reset would thus also reset the device, enabling the host system to read boot-up firmware from the Flash memory device.

The device reduces power consumption in the **standby mode** when it detects specific voltage levels on CE# and RESET#, or when addresses have been stable for a specified period of time.

The SecSi™ (Secured Silicon) Sector provides a 128-word/256-byte area for code or data that can be permanently protected. Once this sector is protected, no further changes within the sector can occur.

The **Write Protect (WP#**/ACC) feature protects the first or last sector by asserting a logic low on the WP# pin

AMD MirrorBit flash technology combines years of Flash memory manufacturing experience to produce the highest levels of quality, reliability and cost effectiveness. The device electrically erases all bits within a sector simultaneously via hot-hole assisted erase. The data is programmed using hot electron injection.

RELATED DOCUMENTS

For a comprehensive information on MirrorBit products, including migration information, data sheets, application notes, and software drivers, please see www.amd.com \rightarrow Flash Memory \rightarrow Product Information \rightarrow MirrorBit \rightarrow Flash Information \rightarrow Technical Documentation. The following is a partial list of documents closely related to this product:

MirrorBit™ Flash Memory Write Buffer Programming and Page Buffer Read

Implementing a Common Layout for AMD MirrorBit and Intel StrataFlash Memory Devices

Migrating from Single-byte to Three-byte Device IDs



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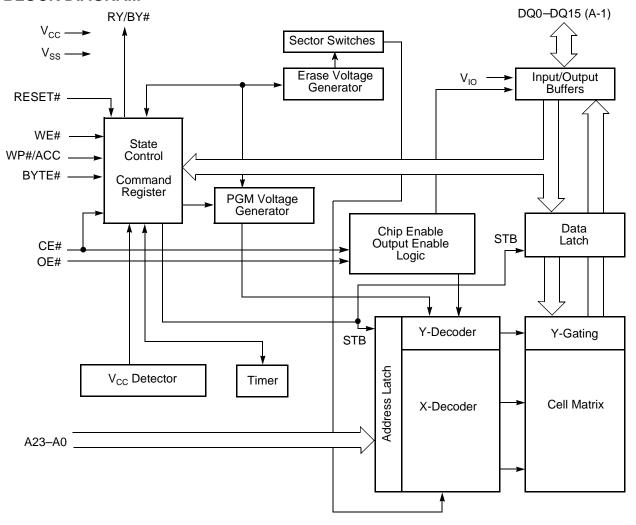
PRODUCT SELECTOR GUIDE

| | Part Number | | | Am29LV256M | | |
|-------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Speed/ | Regulated Voltage Range V _{CC} = 3.0–3.6 V | 103R (Note 2) (V _{IO} = 2.7–3.6) | | 113R (V _{IO} = 1.65–3.6) | | 123R (V _{IO} = 1.65–3.6) |
| Voltage Option | Full Voltage Range V _{CC} = 2.7–3.6 V | 103 (Note 2) (V _{IO} = 2.7–3.6) | 113 (V _{IO} = 1.65–3.6) | | 123 (V _{IO} = 1.65–3.6) | |
| Max. Acces | s Time (ns) | 100 | 1: | 10 | , | 120 |
| Max. CE# A | access Time (ns) | 100 | 1. | 10 | , | 120 |
| Max. Page | access time (t _{PACC}) | 30 | 30 | 40 | 30 | 40 |
| Max. OE# A | access Time (ns) | 30 | 30 | 40 | 30 | 40 |

Notes:

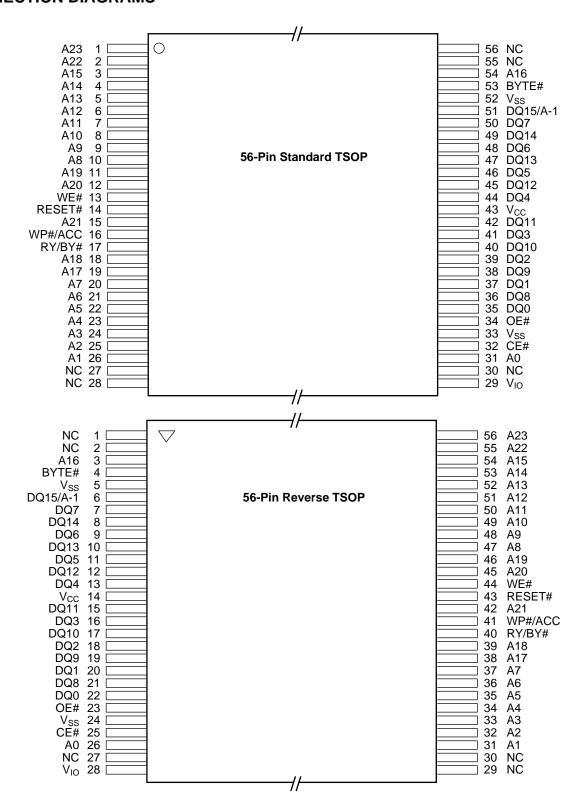
- 1. See "AC Characteristics" for full specifications.
- 2. Contact factory for availability and ordering information.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



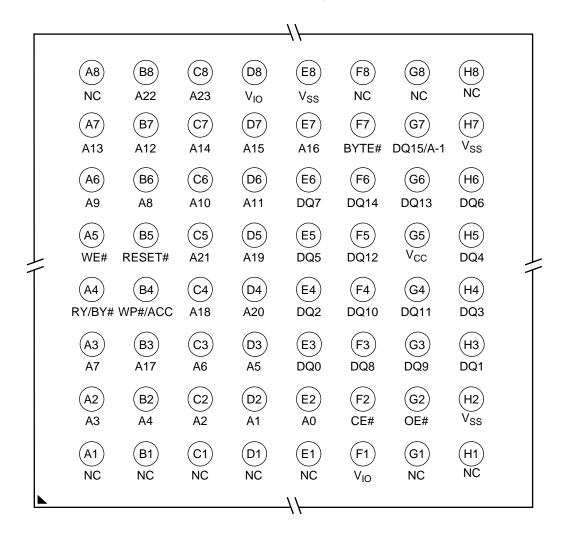


CONNECTION DIAGRAMS



CONNECTION DIAGRAMS

Fortified BGA
Top View, Balls Facing Down



Note: The FBGA package pinout configuration shown is preliminary. The ball count and package physical dimensions have not yet been determined. Contact AMD for further information.

SPECIAL PACKAGE HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

Special handling is required for Flash Memory products in molded packages (TSOP and BGA). The package

and/or data integrity may be compromised if the package body is exposed to temperatures above 150°Cf or prolonged periods of time.



PIN DESCRIPTION

A23-A0 = 24 Address inputs

DQ14-DQ0 = 15 Data inputs/outputs

DQ15/A-1 = DQ15 (Data input/output, word mode),

A-1 (LSB Address input, byte mode)

CE# = Chip Enable input
OE# = Output Enable input
WE# = Write Enable input

WP#/ACC = Hardware Write Protect input;

Acceleration input

RESET# = Hardware Reset Pin input BYTE# = Selects 8-bit or 16-bit mode

RY/BY# = Ready/Busy output

 V_{CC} = 3.0 volt-only single power supply

(see Product Selector Guide for speed options and voltage

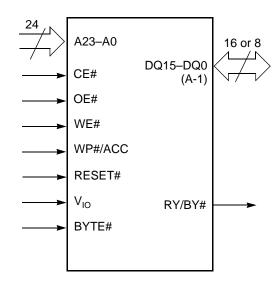
supply tolerances)

 V_{IO} = Output Buffer power

 V_{SS} = Device Ground

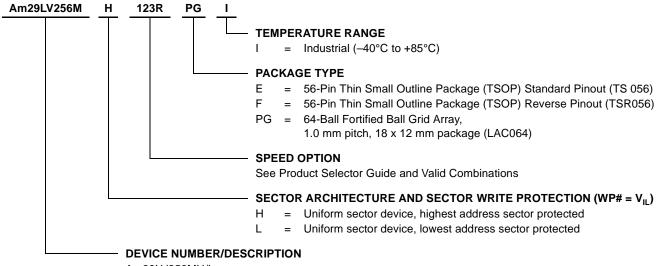
NC = Pin Not Connected Internally

LOGIC SYMBOL



ORDERING INFORMATION Standard Products

AMD standard products are available in several packages and operating ranges. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of the following:



Am29LV256MH/L

256 Megabit (16 M x 16-Bit/32 M x 8-Bit) MirrorBit Uniform Sector Flash Memory with VersatileIO™ Control 3.0 Volt-only Read, Program, and Erase

| Valid Combinations TSOP Package | for | Speed (ns) | V _{io} Range | V _{CC} Range | |
|------------------------------------|-----|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Am29LV256MH113 Am29LV256ML113 | | 110 | 1.65–3.6 V | 2.7–3.6 V | |
| Am29LV256MH123 Am29LV256ML123 | EI, | 120 | 1.65–3.6 V | 2.7-3.0 V | |
| Am29LV256MH113R Am29LV256ML113R | FI | 110 | 1.65–3.6 V | 3.0–3.6 V | |
| Am29LV256MH123R Am29LV256ML123R | | 120 | 1.65–3.6 V | 3.0–3.6 V | |

Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local AMD sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

| Valid Com Fortified B | | Speed (ns) | V _{IO} | V _{CC} | | | |
|------------------------------------|----|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-------|--|
| Order Number | | Package Marki | ing | (115) | Range | Range | |
| Am29LV256MH113 Am29LV256ML113 | | L256MH113V L256ML113V | | 110 | 1.65– 3.6 V | 2.7- | |
| Am29LV256MH123 Am29LV256ML123 | PG | L256MH123V L256ML123V | | 120 | 1.65– 3.6 V | 3.6 V | |
| Am29LV256MH113R Am29LV256ML113R | FG | L256MH113R L256ML113R | ' | 110 | 1.65– 3.6 V | 3.0- | |
| Am29LV256MH123R Am29LV256ML123R | | L256MH123R L256ML123R | | 120 | 1.65– 3.6 V | 3.6 V | |

Note:For 103, 103R speed option shown in product selector guide, contact AMD for availability and ordering information.



DEVICE BUS OPERATIONS

This section describes the requirements and use of the device bus operations, which are initiated through the internal command register. The command register itself does not occupy any addressable memory location. The register is a latch used to store the commands, along with the address and data information needed to execute the command. The contents of the register serve as inputs to the internal state machine. The state machine outputs dictate the function of the device. Table 1 lists the device bus operations, the inputs and control levels they require, and the resulting output. The following subsections describe each of these operations in further detail.

| | | | | | | | | | DQ | 8-DQ15 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|-----|-------------------------|----------|----------|---|------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Operation | CE# | OE# | WE# | RESET# | WP# | ACC | Addresses (Note 2) | DQ0- DQ7 | BYTE# = V _{IH} | BYTE# = V _{IL} |
| Read | L | L | Н | Н | Х | Х | A _{IN} | D _{OUT} | D _{OUT} | DQ8-DQ14 |
| Write (Program/Erase) | L | Н | L | Н | (Note 3) | Х | A _{IN} | (Note 4) | (Note 4) | = High-Z, |
| Accelerated Program | L | Н | L | Н | (Note 3) | V_{HH} | A _{IN} | (Note 4) | (Note 4) | DQ15 = A-1 |
| Standby | V _{CC} ± 0.3 V | х | Х | V _{CC} ± 0.3 V | Х | Н | х | High-Z | High-Z | High-Z |
| Output Disable | L | Н | Н | Н | Х | Х | Х | High-Z | High-Z | High-Z |
| Reset | Х | Х | Х | L | Х | Х | Х | High-Z | High-Z | High-Z |
| Sector Group Protect (Note 2) | L | Н | L | V _{ID} | Н | Х | SA, A6 =L, A3=L, A2=L, A1=H, A0=L | (Note 4) | х | Х |
| Sector Group Unprotect (Note 2) | L | Н | L | V _{ID} | Н | Х | SA, A6=H, A3=L, A2=L, A1=H, A0=L | (Note 4) | х | Х |
| Temporary Sector Group Unprotect | Х | Х | Х | V _{ID} | Н | Х | A _{IN} | (Note 4) | (Note 4) | High-Z |

Table 1. Device Bus Operations

Legend: $L = Logic\ Low = V_{IL}$, $H = Logic\ High = V_{IH}$, $V_{ID} = 11.5 - 12.5\ V$, $V_{HH} = 11.5 - 12.5V$, $X = Don't\ Care$, $SA = Sector\ Address$, $A_{IN} = Address\ In$, $D_{IN} = Data\ In$, $D_{OUT} = Data\ Out$

Notes:

- 1. Addresses are A23:A0 in word mode; A23:A-1 in byte mode. Sector addresses are A23:A15 in both modes.
- 2. The sector group protect and sector unprotect functions may also be implemented via programming equipment. See the "Sector Group Protection and Unprotection" section.
- 3. If WP# = V_{IL}, the first or last sector group remains protected. If WP# = V_{IH}, the first or last sector will be protected or unprotected as determined by the method described in "Write Protect (WP#)". All sectors are unprotected when shipped from the factory (The SecSi Sector may be factory protected depending on version ordered.)
- 4. D_{IN} or D_{OUT} as required by command sequence, data polling, or sector protect algorithm (see Figure 2).

Word/Byte Configuration

The BYTE# pin controls whether the device data I/O pins operate in the byte or word configuration. If the BYTE# pin is set at logic '1', the device is in word configuration, DQ0–DQ15 are active and controlled by CE# and OE#.

If the BYTE# pin is set at logic '0', the device is in byte configuration, and only data I/O pins DQ0-DQ7 are active and controlled by CE# and OE#. The data I/O

pins DQ8–DQ14 are tri-stated, and the DQ15 pin is used as an input for the LSB (A-1) address function.

VersatilelO™ (V_{IO}) Control

The VersatileIOTM (V_{IO}) control allows the host system to set the voltage levels that the device generates and tolerates on CE# and DQ I/Os to the same voltage level that is asserted on V_{IO} . See Ordering Information for V_{IO} options on this device.

For example, a $V_{\rm I/O}$ of 1.65–3.6 volts allows for I/O at the 1.8 or 3 volt levels, driving and receiving signals to and from other 1.8 or 3 V devices on the same data bus.

Requirements for Reading Array Data

To read array data from the outputs, the system must drive the CE# and OE# pins to $V_{\rm IL}$. CE# is the power control and selects the device. OE# is the output control and gates array data to the output pins. WE# should remain at $V_{\rm IH}$.

The internal state machine is set for reading array data upon device power-up, or after a hardware reset. This ensures that no spurious alteration of the memory content occurs during the power transition. No command is necessary in this mode to obtain array data. Standard microprocessor read cycles that assert valid addresses on the device address inputs produce valid data on the device data outputs. The device remains enabled for read access until the command register contents are altered.

See "Reading Array Data" for more information. Refer to the AC Read-Only Operations table for timing specifications and to Figure 13 for the timing diagram. Refer to the DC Characteristics table for the active current specification on reading array data.

Page Mode Read

The device is capable of fast page mode read and is compatible with the page mode Mask ROM read operation. This mode provides faster read access speed for random locations within a page. The page size of the device is 4 words/8 bytes. The appropriate page is selected by the higher address bits A(max)–A2. Address bits A1–A0 in word mode (A1–A-1 in byte mode) determine the specific word within a page. This is an asynchronous operation; the microprocessor supplies the specific word location.

The random or initial page access is equal to t_{ACC} or t_{CE} and subsequent page read accesses (as long as the locations specified by the microprocessor falls within that page) is equivalent to t_{PACC} . When CE# is deasserted and reasserted for a subsequent access, the access time is t_{ACC} or t_{CE} . Fast page mode accesses are obtained by keeping the "read-page addresses" constant and changing the "intra-read page" addresses.

Writing Commands/Command Sequences

To write a command or command sequence (which includes programming data to the device and erasing sectors of memory), the system must drive WE# and CE# to V_{II} , and OE# to V_{IH} .

The device features an **Unlock Bypass** mode to facilitate faster programming. Once the device enters the

Unlock Bypass mode, only two write cycles are required to program a word or byte, instead of four. The "Word/Byte Program Command Sequence" section has details on programming data to the device using both standard and Unlock Bypass command sequences.

An erase operation can erase one sector, multiple sectors, or the entire device. Table 2 indicates the address space that each sector occupies.

Refer to the DC Characteristics table for the active current specification for the write mode. The AC Characteristics section contains timing specification tables and timing diagrams for write operations.

Write Buffer

Write Buffer Programming allows the system write to a maximum of 16 words/32 bytes in one programming operation. This results in faster effective programming time than the standard programming algorithms. See "Write Buffer" for more information.

Accelerated Program Operation

The device offers accelerated program operations through the ACC function. This is one of two functions provided by the WP#/ACC pin. This function is primarily intended to allow faster manufacturing throughput at the factory.

If the system asserts V_{HH} on this pin, the device automatically enters the aforementioned Unlock Bypass mode, temporarily unprotects any protected sector groups, and uses the higher voltage on the pin to reduce the time required for program operations. The system would use a two-cycle program command sequence as required by the Unlock Bypass mode. Removing V_{HH} from the WP#/ACC pin returns the device to normal operation. Note that the WP#/ACC pin must not be at V_{HH} for operations other than accelerated programming, or device damage may result. WP# has an internal pullup; when unconnected, WP# is at V_{IH} .

Autoselect Functions

If the system writes the autoselect command sequence, the device enters the autoselect mode. The system can then read autoselect codes from the internal register (which is separate from the memory array) on DQ7–DQ0. Standard read cycle timings apply in this mode. Refer to the Autoselect Mode and Autoselect Command Sequence sections for more information.

Standby Mode

When the system is not reading or writing to the device, it can place the device in the standby mode. In this mode, current consumption is greatly reduced,



and the outputs are placed in the high impedance state, independent of the OE# input.

The device enters the CMOS standby mode when the CE# and RESET# pins are both held at $V_{IO} \pm 0.3~V$. (Note that this is a more restricted voltage range than V_{IH} .) If CE# and RESET# are held at V_{IH} , but not within $V_{IO} \pm 0.3~V$, the device will be in the standby mode, but the standby current will be greater. The device requires standard access time (t_{CE}) for read access when the device is in either of these standby modes, before it is ready to read data.

If the device is deselected during erasure or programming, the device draws active current until the operation is completed.

Refer to the DC Characteristics table for the standby current specification.

Automatic Sleep Mode

The automatic sleep mode minimizes Flash device energy consumption. The device automatically enables this mode when addresses remain stable for t_{ACC} + 30 ns. The automatic sleep mode is independent of the CE#, WE#, and OE# control signals. Standard address access timings provide new data when addresses are changed. While in sleep mode, output data is latched and always available to the system. Refer to the DC Characteristics table for the automatic sleep mode current specification.

RESET#: Hardware Reset Pin

The RESET# pin provides a hardware method of resetting the device to reading array data. When the RESET# pin is driven low for at least a period of t_{RP}, the device immediately terminates any operation in progress, tristates all output pins, and ignores all read/write commands for the duration of the RESET# pulse. The device also resets the internal state machine to reading array data. The operation that was interrupted should be reinitiated once the device is ready to accept another command sequence, to ensure data integrity.

Current is reduced for the duration of the RESET# pulse. When RESET# is held at $V_{SS}\pm0.3$ V, the device draws CMOS standby current (I_{CC4}). If RESET# is held at V_{IL} but not within $V_{SS}\pm0.3$ V, the standby current will be greater.

The RESET# pin may be tied to the system reset circuitry. A system reset would thus also reset the Flash memory, enabling the system to read the boot-up firmware from the Flash memory.

Refer to the AC Characteristics tables for RESET# parameters and to Figure 15 for the timing diagram.

Output Disable Mode

When the OE# input is at V_{IH} , output from the device is disabled. The output pins are placed in the high impedance state.

Table 2. Sector Address Table

| Sector | | | | Δ | .23–A1 | 5 | | | | Sector Size (Kbytes/Kwords) | 8-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) | 16-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) |
|--------|---|---|---|---|--------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|---|
| SA0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0000000-000FFFF | 000000-007FFF |
| SA1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0010000-001FFFF | 008000-00FFFF |
| SA2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0020000-002FFFF | 010000-017FFF |
| SA3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0030000-003FFFF | 018000-01FFFF |
| SA4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0040000-004FFFF | 020000-027FFF |
| SA5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0050000-005FFFF | 028000-02FFFF |
| SA6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0060000-006FFFF | 030000-037FFF |
| SA7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0070000-007FFFF | 038000-03FFFF |
| SA8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0080000-008FFFF | 040000-047FFF |
| SA9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0090000-009FFFF | 048000-04FFFF |
| SA10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 00A0000-00AFFFF | 050000-057FFF |
| SA11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 00B0000-00BFFFF | 058000-05FFFF |
| SA12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 00C0000-00CFFFF | 060000-067FFF |
| SA13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 00D0000-00DFFFF | 068000-06FFFF |
| SA14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 00E0000-00EFFFF | 070000-077FFF |
| SA15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 00F0000-00FFFFF | 078000-07FFFF |
| SA16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0100000-010FFFF | 080000-087FFF |
| SA17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0110000-011FFFF | 088000-08FFFF |
| SA18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0120000-012FFFF | 090000-097FFF |
| SA19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0130000-013FFFF | 098000-09FFFF |
| SA20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0140000-014FFFF | 0A0000-0A7FFF |
| SA21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0150000-015FFFF | 0A8000-0AFFFF |
| SA22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0160000-016FFFF | 0B0000-0B7FFF |
| SA23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0170000-017FFFF | 0B8000-0BFFFF |
| SA24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0180000-018FFFF | 0C0000-0C7FFF |
| SA25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0190000-019FFFF | 0C8000-0CFFFF |
| SA26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 01A0000-01AFFFF | 0D0000-0D7FFF |
| SA27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 01B0000-01BFFFF | 0D8000-0DFFFF |
| SA28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 01C0000-01CFFFF | 0E0000-0E7FFF |
| SA29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 01D0000-01DFFFF | 0E8000-0EFFFF |
| SA30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 01E0000-01EFFFF | 0F0000-0F7FFF |
| SA31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 01F0000-01FFFFF | 0F8000-0FFFFF |
| SA32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0200000-020FFFF | 100000-107FFF |
| SA33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0210000-021FFFF | 108000-10FFFF |
| SA34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0220000-022FFFF | 110000-117FFF |
| SA35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0230000-023FFFF | 118000–11FFFF |
| SA36 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0240000-024FFFF | 120000–127FFF |
| SA37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0250000-025FFFF | 128000–12FFFF |
| SA38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0260000-026FFFF | 130000–137FFF |
| SA39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0270000-027FFF | 138000–13FFFF |
| SA40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0280000-028FFFF | 140000–147FFF |
| SA41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0290000-029FFFF | 148000–14FFFF |
| SA42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 02A0000-02AFFFF | 150000-157FFF |
| SA43 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 02B0000-02BFFFF | 158000-15FFFF |
| SA44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 02C0000-02CFFFF | 160000-167FFF |
| SA45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 02D0000-02DFFFF | 168000–16FFFF |
| SA46 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 02E0000-02EFFFF | 170000-177FFF |



| Sector | | | | Δ | \23-A1 | 5 | | | | Sector Size (Kbytes/Kwords) | 8-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) | 16-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) |
|--------------|---|---|---|---|--------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|---|
| SA47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 02F0000-02FFFFF | 178000-17FFFF |
| SA48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0300000-030FFFF | 180000-187FFF |
| SA49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0310000-031FFFF | 188000-18FFFF |
| SA50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0320000-032FFFF | 190000-197FFF |
| SA51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0330000-033FFFF | 198000-19FFFF |
| SA52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0340000-034FFFF | 1A0000-1A7FFF |
| SA53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0350000-035FFFF | 1A8000–1AFFFF |
| SA54 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0360000-036FFFF | 1B0000-1B7FFF |
| SA55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0370000-037FFFF | 1B8000-1BFFFF |
| SA56 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0380000-038FFFF | 1C0000-1C7FFF |
| SA57 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0390000-039FFFF | 1C8000-1CFFFF |
| SA58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 03A0000-03AFFFF | 1D0000-1D7FFF |
| SA59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 03B0000-03BFFFF | 1D8000–1DFFFF |
| SA60 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 03C0000-03CFFFF | 1E0000-1E7FFF |
| SA61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 03D0000-03DFFFF | 1E8000–1EFFFF |
| SA62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 03E0000-03EFFFF | 1F0000-1F7FFF |
| SA63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 03F0000-03FFFFF | 1F8000–1FFFFF |
| SA64 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0400000-040FFFF | 200000-207FFF |
| SA65 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0410000-041FFFF | 208000-20FFFF |
| SA66 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0420000-042FFFF | 210000–217FFF |
| SA67 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0430000-043FFFF | 218000–217FFF |
| SA67 SA68 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0440000-044FFFF | 220000–21FFFF 220000–227FFF |
| | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | | |
| SA69 | 0 | | | | | | | | | 64/32 | 0450000-045FFF | 228000-22FFFF |
| SA70 | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0460000-046FFF | 230000-237FFF |
| SA71 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0470000-047FFF | 238000-23FFFF |
| SA72 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0480000-048FFFF | 240000-247FFF |
| SA73 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0490000-049FFFF | 248000-24FFFF |
| SA74 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 04A0000-04AFFF | 250000-257FFF |
| SA75 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 04B0000-04BFFFF | 258000-25FFFF |
| SA76 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 04C0000-04CFFFF | 260000–267FFF |
| SA77 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 04D0000-04DFFFF | 268000–26FFFF |
| SA78 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 04E0000-04EFFFF | 270000–277FFF |
| SA79 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 04F0000-04FFFFF | 278000–27FFFF |
| SA80 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0500000-050FFFF | 280000–287FFF |
| SA81 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0510000-051FFFF | 288000–28FFFF |
| SA82 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0520000-052FFFF | 290000-297FFF |
| SA83 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0530000-053FFFF | 298000-29FFFF |
| SA84 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0540000-054FFFF | 2A0000-2A7FFF |
| SA85 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0550000-055FFFF | 2A8000–2AFFFF |
| SA86 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0560000-056FFFF | 2B0000-2B7FFF |
| SA87 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0570000-057FFFF | 2B8000-2BFFFF |
| SA88 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0580000-058FFFF | 2C0000-2C7FFF |
| SA89 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0590000-059FFFF | 2C8000-2CFFFF |
| SA90 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 05A0000-05AFFFF | 2D0000-2D7FFF |
| SA91 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 05B0000-05BFFFF | 2D8000-2DFFFF |
| SA92 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 05C0000-05CFFFF | 2E0000-2E7FFF |
| SA93 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 05D0000-05DFFFF | 2E8000-2EFFFF |
| SA94 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 05E0000-05EFFFF | 2F0000-2F7FFF |

Table 2. Sector Address Table (Continued)

| Sector | | | | Α | .23–A1 | 5 | | | | Sector Size (Kbytes/Kwords) | 8-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) | 16-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|--------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|---|
| SA95 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 05F0000-05FFFFF | 2F8000–2FFFFF |
| SA96 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0600000-060FFFF | 300000-307FFF |
| SA97 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0610000-061FFFF | 308000-30FFFF |
| SA98 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0620000-062FFFF | 310000-317FFF |
| SA99 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0630000-063FFFF | 318000-31FFFF |
| SA100 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0640000-064FFFF | 320000-327FFF |
| SA101 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0650000-065FFFF | 328000-32FFFF |
| SA102 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0660000-066FFFF | 330000-337FFF |
| SA103 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0670000-067FFFF | 338000-33FFFF |
| SA104 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0680000-068FFFF | 340000-347FFF |
| SA105 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0690000-069FFFF | 348000-34FFFF |
| SA106 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 06A0000-06AFFFF | 350000-357FFF |
| SA107 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 06B0000-06BFFFF | 358000-35FFFF |
| SA108 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 06C0000-06CFFF | 360000 367FFF |
| SA109 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 06D0000-06DFFFF | 368000–36FFFF |
| SA109 SA110 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 06E0000-06EFFFF | 370000–377FFF |
| SA111 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 06F0000-06FFFFF | 378000-37FFFF |
| SA112 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0700000-070FFFF | 380000-387FFF |
| SA113 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 07100000-071FFFF | 388000–38FFFF |
| SA113 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0720000-071FFF | 390000–397FFF |
| SA114 SA115 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0730000-073FFFF | 398000–397FFF |
| SA116 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0740000-074FFFF | 3A0000–39FFFF |
| | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| SA117 | 0 | 0 | | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | 0 | 64/32 | 0750000-075FFFF | 3A8000–3AFFFF |
| SA118 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0760000-076FFF | 3B0000-3B7FFF |
| SA119 | | | | | | | 1 | | | 64/32 | 0770000-077FFFF | 3B8000-3BFFFF |
| SA120 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0780000-078FFFF 0790000-079FFFF | 3C0000–3C7FFF 3C8000–3CFFFF |
| SA121 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | | |
| SA122 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 07A0000-07AFFF | 3D0000-3D7FFF |
| SA123 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 07B0000-07BFFFF | 3D8000-3DFFFF |
| SA124 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 07C0000-07CFFF | 3E0000-3E7FFF |
| SA125 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 07D0000-07DFFFF | 3E8000-3EFFFF |
| SA126 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 07E0000-07EFFFF | 3F0000-3F7FFF |
| SA127 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 07F0000-07FFFF | 3F8000-3FFFFF |
| SA128 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0800000-080FFF | 400000-407FFF |
| SA129 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0810000-081FFFF | 408000-40FFF |
| SA130 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0820000-082FFFF | 410000-417FFF |
| SA131 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0830000-083FFFF | 418000–41FFFF |
| SA132 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0840000-084FFFF | 420000–427FFF |
| SA133 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0850000-085FFFF | 428000-42FFFF |
| SA134 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0860000-086FFFF | 430000–437FFF |
| SA135 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0870000-087FFFF | 438000–43FFFF |
| SA136 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0880000-088FFFF | 440000–447FFF |
| SA137 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0890000-089FFFF | 448000–44FFFF |
| SA138 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 08A0000-08AFFFF | 450000–457FFF |
| SA139 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 08B0000-08BFFFF | 458000-45FFFF |
| SA140 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 08C0000-08CFFFF | 460000-467FFF |
| SA141 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 08D0000-08DFFFF | 468000-46FFFF |
| SA142 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 08E0000-08EFFFF | 470000-477FFF |



| Sector | | | | A | \23-A1 | 5 | | | | Sector Size (Kbytes/Kwords) | 8-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) | 16-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|--------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|---|
| SA143 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 08F0000-08FFFFF | 478000-47FFF |
| SA144 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0900000-090FFFF | 480000-487FFF |
| SA145 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0910000-091FFFF | 488000-48FFFF |
| SA146 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0920000-092FFFF | 490000-497FFF |
| SA147 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0930000-093FFFF | 498000-49FFFF |
| SA148 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0940000-094FFFF | 4A0000-4A7FFF |
| SA149 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0950000-095FFFF | 4A8000-4AFFFF |
| SA150 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0960000-096FFFF | 4B0000-4B7FFF |
| SA151 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0970000-097FFF | 4B8000-4BFFFF |
| SA152 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0980000-098FFFF | 4C0000-4C7FFF |
| SA153 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0990000-099FFFF | 4C8000-4CFFFF |
| SA154 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 09A0000-09AFFFF | 4D0000-4D7FFF |
| SA155 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 09B0000-09BFFFF | 4D8000-4DFFFF |
| SA156 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 09C0000-09CFFFF | 4E0000-4E7FF |
| SA157 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 09D0000-09DFFFF | 4E8000–4EFFFF |
| SA158 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 09E0000-09EFFFF | 4F0000-4F7FFF |
| SA159 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 09F0000-09FFFF | 4F8000–4FFFF |
| SA160 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0A00000-0A0FFFF | 500000-507FFF |
| SA161 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0A10000-0A1FFFF | 508000-50FFFF |
| SA162 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0A20000-0A2FFFF | 510000-517FFF |
| SA163 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0A30000-0A3FFFF | 518000-51FFFF |
| SA164 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0A40000-0A4FFFF | 520000-527FFF |
| SA165 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0A50000-0A5FFFF | 528000-52FFFF |
| SA166 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0A60000-0A6FFF | 530000 527777 530000–537FFF |
| SA167 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0A70000-0A7FFF | 538000-53FFFF |
| SA168 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0A80000-0A8FFFF | 540000-547FFF |
| SA169 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0A90000-0A9FFFF | 548000-54FFF |
| SA170 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0AA0000-0AAFFF | 550000 547111 550000-557FFF |
| SA171 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0AB0000-0ABFFFF | 558000-55FFFF |
| SA172 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0AC0000-0ACFFFF | 560000-567FFF |
| SA173 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0AD0000-0ADFFFF | 568000–56FFFF |
| SA173 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0AE0000-0AEFFFF | 570000-577FFF |
| SA175 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0AF0000-0AFFFFF | 578000–57FFFF |
| SA176 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0B00000-0B0FFFF | 580000–57FFF 580000–587FFF |
| SA176 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0B10000-0B0FFFF | 588000–58FFFF |
| SA177 SA178 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0B20000-0B1FFFF | 590000-597FFF |
| SA178 SA179 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0B30000-0B2FFF 0B30000-0B3FFFF | 598000–597FFF 598000–59FFFF |
| | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0B40000-0B3FFFF | 5A0000-59FFFF 5A0000-5A7FFF |
| SA180 | 0 | | | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| SA181 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | 1 | 64/32 | 0B50000_0B5FFFF | 5A8000-5AFFFF |
| SA182 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0B60000-0B6FFFF | 5B0000-5B7FFF |
| SA183 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 64/32 | 0B70000-0B7FFF | 5B8000-5BFFFF |
| SA184 | 0 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | 0B80000-0B8FFFF | 5C0000-5C7FFF |
| SA185 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0B90000-0B9FFFF | 5C8000-5CFFFF |
| SA186 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0BA0000-0BAFFFF | 5D0000-5D7FFF |
| SA187 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0BB0000-0BBFFFF | 5D8000-5DFFFF |
| SA188 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0BC0000-0BCFFFF | 5E0000-5E7FFF |
| SA189 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0BD0000-0BDFFFF | 5E8000-5EFFFF |
| SA190 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0BE0000-0BEFFFF | 5F0000-5F7FFF |

| | | | | | | | | | | Sector Size | 8-bit Address Range | 16-bit Address Range |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|-------|---|---|----------|---|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Sector | | | | Α | 23-A1 | 5 | | | | (Kbytes/Kwords) | (in hexadecimal) | (in hexadecimal) |
| SA191 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0BF0000-0BFFFFF | 5F8000-5FFFFF |
| SA192 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0C00000-0C0FFFF | 600000-607FFF |
| SA193 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0C10000-0C1FFFF | 608000-60FFFF |
| SA194 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0C20000-0C2FFFF | 610000-617FFF |
| SA195 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0C30000-0C3FFFF | 618000-61FFFF |
| SA196 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0C40000-0C4FFFF | 620000-627FFF |
| SA197 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0C50000-0C5FFFF | 628000-62FFFF |
| SA198 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0C60000-0C6FFFF | 630000-637FFF |
| SA199 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0C70000-0C7FFFF | 638000-63FFFF |
| SA200 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0C80000-0C8FFFF | 640000-647FFF |
| SA201 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0C90000-0C9FFFF | 648000-64FFFF |
| SA202 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0CA0000-0CAFFFF | 650000-657FFF |
| SA203 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0CB0000-0CBFFFF | 658000-65FFFF |
| SA204 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0CC0000-0CCFFFF | 660000-667FFF |
| SA205 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0CD0000-0CDFFFF | 668000-66FFFF |
| SA206 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0CE0000-0CEFFFF | 670000-677FFF |
| SA207 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0CF0000-0CFFFFF | 678000-67FFFF |
| SA208 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0D00000-0D0FFFF | 680000-687FFF |
| SA209 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0D10000-0D1FFFF | 688000-68FFFF |
| SA210 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0D20000-0D2FFFF | 690000-697FFF |
| SA211 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0D30000-0D3FFFF | 698000-69FFFF |
| SA212 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0D40000-0D4FFFF | 6A0000-6A7FFF |
| SA213 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0D50000-0D5FFFF | 6A8000-6AFFFF |
| SA214 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0D60000-0D6FFFF | 6B0000-6B7FFF |
| SA215 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0D70000-0D7FFFF | 6B8000-6BFFFF |
| SA216 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0D80000-0D8FFFF | 6C0000-6C7FFF |
| SA217 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0D90000-0D9FFFF | 6C8000-6CFFFF |
| SA218 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0DA0000-0DAFFFF | 6D0000-6D7FFF |
| SA219 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0DB0000-0DBFFFF | 6D8000-6DFFFF |
| SA220 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0DC0000-0DCFFFF | 6E0000-6E7FFF |
| SA221 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0DD0000-0DDFFFF | 6E8000-6EFFFF |
| SA222 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0DE0000-0DEFFFF | 6F0000-6F7FFF |
| SA223 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0DF0000-0DFFFFF | 6F8000-6FFFFF |
| SA224 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0E00000-0E0FFFF | 700000-707FFF |
| SA225 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0E10000-0E1FFFF | 708000-70FFFF |
| SA226 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0E20000-0E2FFFF | 710000–717FFF |
| SA227 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0E30000-0E3FFFF | 718000–71FFFF |
| SA228 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0E40000-0E4FFFF | 720000–727FFF |
| SA229 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0E50000-0E5FFFF | 728000–72FFFF |
| SA230 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0E60000-0E6FFF | 730000-737FFF |
| SA231 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0E70000-0E7FFF | 738000-73FFFF |
| SA232 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0E80000-0E8FFFF | 740000-747FFF |
| SA233 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0E90000-0E9FFFF | 748000–74FFFF |
| SA234 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0EA0000-0EAFFF | 750000-757FFF |
| SA235 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0EB0000-0EBFFFF | 758000-75FFFF |
| SA236 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0EC0000-0ECFFF | 760000–751111 760000–767FFF |
| SA237 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0ED0000-0EDFFFF | 768000–76FFFF |
| SA237 SA238 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | | 770000–76FFF 770000–777FFF |
| SAZS | U | I | I | I | U | I | I | <u>'</u> | U | 04/32 | 0EE0000-0EEFFFF | //UUUU-///FFF |



| Sector | | | | Α | \23-A1 | 5 | | | | Sector Size (Kbytes/Kwords) | 8-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) | 16-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|--------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|---|
| SA239 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0EF0000-0EFFFFF | 778000-77FFFF |
| SA240 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0F00000-0F0FFFF | 780000-787FFF |
| SA241 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0F10000-0F1FFFF | 788000-78FFFF |
| SA242 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0F20000-0F2FFFF | 790000-797FFF |
| SA243 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0F30000-0F3FFFF | 798000-79FFFF |
| SA244 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0F40000-0F4FFFF | 7A0000-7A7FFF |
| SA245 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0F50000-0F5FFF | 7A8000–7AFFFF |
| SA246 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0F60000-0F6FFF | 7B0000-7B7FFF |
| SA247 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0F70000-0F7FFF | 7B8000-7BFFFF |
| SA248 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0F80000-0F8FFFF | 7C0000-7C7FFF |
| SA249 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0F90000-0F9FFFF | 7C8000-7CFFFF |
| SA250 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0FA0000-0FAFFFF | 7D0000-7D7FFF |
| SA251 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0FB0000-0FBFFFF | 7D8000–7DFFFF |
| SA252 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 0FC0000-0FCFFFF | 7E0000-7E7FFF |
| SA253 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 0FD0000-0FDFFFF | 7E8000-7EFFFF |
| SA254 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 0FE0000-0FEFFFF | 7F0000-7F7FFF |
| SA255 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 0FF0000-0FFFFF | 7F8000-7FFFFF |
| SA256 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1000000-100FFFF | 800000-807FFF |
| SA257 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1010000–101FFFF | 808000-80FFFF |
| SA258 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1020000-102FFFF | 810000–817FFF |
| SA259 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1030000-103FFFF | 818000–81FFFF |
| SA260 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1040000-104FFFF | 820000–827FFF |
| SA261 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1050000-105FFFF | 828000-82FFFF |
| SA262 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1060000-106FFFF | 830000-837FFF |
| SA263 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1070000-107FFFF | 838000–83FFFF |
| SA264 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1080000-108FFFF | 840000-847FFF |
| SA265 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1090000-109FFFF | 848000-84FFFF |
| SA266 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 10A0000-10AFFFF | 850000-857FFF |
| SA267 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 10B0000-10BFFFF | 858000-85FFFF |
| SA268 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 10C0000-10CFFFF | 860000–867FFF |
| SA269 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | 10D0000-10DFFFF | 868000–86FFFF |
| | 1 | | 0 | | | | 1 | _ | 0 | 64/32 | | |
| SA270 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | 1 | - | 64/32 | 10E0000-10EFFFF | 870000–877FFF 878000–87FFFF |
| SA271 SA272 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 64/32 | 10F0000-10FFFFF 1100000-110FFFF | 880000–87FFF 880000–887FFF |
| SA272 SA273 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1100000-110FFFF 1110000-111FFFF | 880000–887FFF 888000–88FFFF |
| SA273 SA274 | 1 | | | | | | | | | 64/32 | | |
| | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | 1120000-112FFFF | 890000-897FFF |
| SA275 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1130000-113FFFF | 898000–89FFFF |
| SA276 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1140000-114FFFF | 8A0000-8A7FFF |
| SA277 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1150000-115FFFF | 8A8000-8AFFFF |
| SA278 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1160000-116FFFF | 8B0000-8B7FFF |
| SA279 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1170000-117FFFF | 8B8000-8BFFFF |
| SA280 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1180000-118FFFF | 8C0000-8C7FFF |
| SA281 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1190000-119FFFF | 8C8000-8CFFFF |
| SA282 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 11A0000–11AFFFF | 8D0000–8D7FFF |
| SA283 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 11B0000–11BFFFF | 8D8000-8DFFFF |
| SA284 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 11C0000-11CFFFF | 8E0000–8E7FFF |
| SA285 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 11D0000-11DFFFF | 8E8000-8EFFFF |
| SA286 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 11E0000-11EFFFF | 8F0000-8F7FFF |

Table 2. Sector Address Table (Continued)

| Sector | A23-A15 | | | | | | | | | Sector Size (Kbytes/Kwords) | 8-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) | 16-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) |
|----------------|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|---|
| SA287 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 11F0000-11FFFFF | 8F8000-8FFFFF |
| SA288 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1200000-120FFFF | 900000-907FFF |
| SA289 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1210000 1201111 1210000–121FFFF | 908000-90FFFF |
| SA290 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1220000-122FFFF | 910000-917FFF |
| SA290 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1230000-123FFFF | 918000-917FFF |
| SA292 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1240000-124FFFF | 920000–917FF |
| SA292 SA293 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1250000-125FFFF | 928000–927111 928000–92FFFF |
| SA293 SA294 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1260000-126FFFF | 930000-92FFFF 930000-937FFF |
| | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | 1 | 64/32 | | |
| SA295 | | 0 | | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1270000–127FFFF | 938000-93FFFF |
| SA296 | 1 | - | 0 | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1280000–128FFFF | 940000-947FFF |
| SA297 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1290000–129FFFF | 948000–94FFF |
| SA298 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 12A0000–12AFFFF | 950000-957FFF |
| SA299 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 12B0000–12BFFFF | 958000-95FFFF |
| SA300 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 12C0000-12CFFFF | 960000-967FFF |
| SA301 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 12D0000-12DFFFF | 968000-96FFFF |
| SA302 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 12E0000-12EFFFF | 970000-977FFF |
| SA303 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 12F0000-12FFFFF | 978000-97FFFF |
| SA304 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1300000-130FFFF | 980000-987FFF |
| SA305 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1310000-131FFFF | 988000-98FFFF |
| SA306 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1320000-132FFFF | 990000-997FFF |
| SA307 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1330000-133FFFF | 998000-99FFFF |
| SA308 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1340000-134FFFF | 9A0000-9A7FFF |
| SA309 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1350000-135FFFF | 9A8000-9AFFFF |
| SA310 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1360000-136FFFF | 9B0000-9B7FFF |
| SA311 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1370000-137FFFF | 9B8000-9BFFFF |
| SA312 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1380000-138FFFF | 9C0000-9C7FFF |
| SA313 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1390000-139FFFF | 9C8000-9CFFFF |
| SA314 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 13A0000-13AFFFF | 9D0000-9D7FFF |
| SA315 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 13B0000-13BFFFF | 9D8000-9DFFFF |
| SA316 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 13C0000-13CFFFF | 9E0000-9E7FFF |
| SA317 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 13D0000-13DFFFF | 9E8000-9EFFFF |
| SA318 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 13E0000-13EFFFF | 9F0000-9F7FFF |
| SA319 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 13F0000-13FFFFF | 9F8000-9FFFF |
| SA320 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1400000-140FFFF | A00000-A07FFF |
| SA321 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1410000–141FFFF | A08000-A0FFFF |
| SA322 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1420000-142FFFF | A10000-A17FFF |
| SA323 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1430000-143FFFF | A18000–A1FFFF |
| SA324 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1440000-144FFFF | A20000–A27FFF |
| SA325 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1450000 145FFFF | A28000–A2FFFF |
| SA326 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1460000-146FFFF | A30000-A27777 |
| SA327 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1470000–147FFFF | A38000–A3FFFF |
| SA327 SA328 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1480000–147FFFF | A40000–A3FFFF |
| SA329 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1490000-149FFFF | A48000–A47FFF |
| | 1 | | 1 | 0 | | 1 | | | | 64/32 | | |
| SA330 | | 0 | | | 0 | | 0 | 1 | 0 | | 14A0000-14AFFFF | A50000-A57FFF |
| SA331 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 14B0000-14BFFFF | A58000-A5FFFF |
| SA332 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 14C0000-14CFFFF | A60000-A67FF |
| SA333 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 14D0000–14DFFFF | A68000–A6FFFF |
| SA334 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 14E0000-14EFFFF | A70000-A77FFF |



| SA335 1 SA336 1 SA337 1 SA337 1 SA338 1 SA339 1 SA340 1 SA341 1 SA342 1 SA343 1 SA344 1 SA345 1 SA346 1 SA346 1 SA347 1 SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 | 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 | 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 | 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 | 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 | 14F0000–14FFFF 1500000–150FFFF 1510000–151FFFF 1520000–152FFFF 1530000–153FFFF 1540000–154FFFF 1550000–155FFFF 1560000–156FFFF | A78000-A7FFFF A80000-A87FFF A88000-A8FFFF A90000-A97FFF A98000-A97FFF AA0000-AA7FFF AA8000-AAFFFF AB0000-ABFFFF AB8000-ABFFFF |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| SA337 1 SA338 1 SA338 1 SA339 1 SA340 1 SA341 1 SA342 1 SA342 1 SA344 1 SA345 1 SA346 1 SA347 1 SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 | 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 | 1 0 1 0 1 0 | 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 | 1510000–151FFFF 1520000–152FFFF 1530000–153FFFF 1540000–154FFFF 1550000–155FFFF 1560000–156FFFF | A88000-A8FFFF A90000-A97FFF A98000-A9FFFF AA0000-AA7FFF AA8000-AAFFFF AB0000-AB7FFF AB8000-ABFFFF |
| SA338 1 SA339 1 SA339 1 SA340 1 SA341 1 SA342 1 SA342 1 SA343 1 SA344 1 SA345 1 SA346 1 SA346 1 SA347 1 SA348 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 | 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 | 0 1 0 1 0 1 | 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 | 1520000–152FFF 1530000–153FFFF 1540000–154FFFF 1550000–155FFFF 1560000–156FFFF | A90000–A97FFF A98000–A97FFF AA0000–AA7FFF AA8000–AAFFFF AB0000–AB7FFF AB8000–ABFFFF |
| SA339 1 SA340 1 SA340 1 SA341 1 SA342 1 SA343 1 SA344 1 SA345 1 SA346 1 SA347 1 SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA350 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 | 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 | 1 0 0 1 1 0 | 1 0 1 0 1 | 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 | 1530000–153FFFF 1540000–154FFFF 1550000–155FFFF 1560000–156FFFF | A98000-A9FFFF AA0000-AA7FFF AA8000-AAFFFF AB0000-AB7FFF AB8000-ABFFFF |
| SA340 1 SA341 1 SA342 1 SA342 1 SA343 1 SA344 1 SA345 1 SA346 1 SA347 1 SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 1 1 | 1 1 1 0 0 | 0 0 1 1 0 | 0 1 0 1 0 | 64/32 64/32 64/32 64/32 | 1540000–154FFFF 1550000–155FFFF 1560000–156FFFF | AA0000-AA7FFF AA8000-AAFFFF AB0000-AB7FFF AB8000-ABFFFF |
| SA341 1 SA342 1 SA343 1 SA344 1 SA345 1 SA346 1 SA346 1 SA347 1 SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 0 | 0 1 1 0 0 | 1 0 1 0 | 64/32 64/32 64/32 | 1550000–155FFFF 1560000–156FFFF | AA8000-AAFFFF AB0000-AB7FFF AB8000-ABFFFF |
| SA342 1 SA343 1 SA344 1 SA344 1 SA346 1 SA346 1 SA347 1 SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 1 1 1 | 1 0 0 | 1 0 0 | 0 1 0 | 64/32 64/32 | 1560000-156FFFF | AB0000-AB7FFF AB8000-ABFFFF |
| SA343 1 SA344 1 SA344 1 SA345 1 SA346 1 SA347 1 SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 | 0 1 1 1 | 1 0 0 | 1 0 0 | 1 0 | 64/32 | | AB8000–ABFFFF |
| SA344 1 SA345 1 SA346 1 SA346 1 SA347 1 SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 | 1 1 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 1570000-157FFFF | |
| SA345 1 SA346 1 SA346 1 SA347 1 SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | 64/32 | | 100000 : 5 |
| SA346 1 SA347 1 SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 1 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | | | 1580000-158FFFF | AC0000-AC7FFF |
| SA347 1 SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 | 1 | 0 | | | 0 | | 1 | 64/32 | 1590000-159FFFF | AC8000–ACFFFF |
| SA348 1 SA349 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 | 1 | | 1 | | | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 15A0000-15AFFFF | AD0000-AD7FFF |
| SA349 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 | 0 | | 0 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 15B0000-15BFFFF | AD8000-ADFFFF |
| SA349 1 SA350 1 SA350 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 | 0 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 15C0000-15CFFFF | AE0000–AE7FFF |
| SA350 1 SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 1 | 0 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 15D0000-15DFFFF | AE8000-AEFFFF |
| SA351 1 SA352 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 1 1 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 15E0000-15EFFFF | AF0000-AF7FFF |
| SA352 1 SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 15F0000-15FFFFF | AF8000–AFFFFF |
| SA353 1 SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1600000-160FFFF | B00000-B07FFF |
| SA354 1 SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1610000-161FFFF | B08000-B0FFFF |
| SA355 1 SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1620000–162FFFF | B10000-B17FFF |
| SA356 1 SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1630000-163FFFF | B18000-B1FFFF |
| SA357 1 SA358 1 SA359 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1640000–164FFFF | B20000-B27FFF |
| SA358 1 SA359 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1650000–165FFFF | B28000-B2FFFF |
| SA359 1 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1660000-166FFFF | B30000-B37FFF |
| | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1670000–167FFFF | B38000-B3FFFF |
| | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1680000–168FFFF | B40000-B47FFF |
| SA361 1 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1690000–169FFFF | B48000-B4FFFF |
| SA362 1 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 16A0000–16AFFFF | B50000-B57FFF |
| SA363 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 16B0000–16BFFFF | B58000-B5FFFF |
| SA364 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 16C0000-16CFFFF | B60000-B67FFF |
| SA365 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 16D0000-16DFFFF | B68000-B6FFFF |
| SA366 1 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 16E0000-16EFFFF | B70000-B77FFF |
| SA367 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 16F0000-16FFFFF | B78000-B7FFF |
| SA368 1 | - | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1700000-170FFFF | B80000-B87FFF |
| SA369 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1710000-171FFFF | B88000-B8FFFF |
| SA370 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1720000-172FFFF | B90000-B97FFF |
| SA370 1 SA371 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1730000–173FFFF | B98000-B9FFFF |
| SA371 1 SA372 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1740000–174FFFF | BA0000-BA7FFF |
| SA372 1 SA373 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1750000–175FFFF | BA8000-BAFFFF |
| SA373 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1760000-176FFFF | BB0000-BB7FFF |
| SA374 1 SA375 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1770000-177FFFF | BB8000-BBFFFF |
| SA376 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1780000–178FFFF | BC0000-BC7FFF |
| SA377 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1790000–179FFFF | BC8000-BCFFFF |
| SA377 1 SA378 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 17A0000-17AFFFF | BD0000-BD7FFF |
| SA376 1 SA379 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 17B0000-17BFFFF | BD8000-BDFFFF |
| SA379 1 SA380 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 17C0000-17CFFFF | BE0000-BE7FFF |
| | | | | | | | | 0 | | 64/32 | | |
| SA381 1 SA382 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 64/32 | 17D0000–17DFFFF 17E0000–17EFFFF | BE8000-BEFFFF BF0000-BF7FFF |

Table 2. Sector Address Table (Continued)

| Sector | | | | Α | \23-A1 | 5 | | | | Sector Size (Kbytes/Kwords) | 8-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) | 16-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|--------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|---|
| SA383 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 17F0000-17FFFFF | BF8000-BFFFFF |
| SA384 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1800000-180FFFF | C00000-C07FFF |
| SA385 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1810000-181FFFF | C08000-C0FFFF |
| SA386 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1820000-182FFFF | C10000-C17FFF |
| SA387 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1830000-183FFFF | C18000-C1FFFF |
| SA388 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1840000-184FFFF | C20000-C27FFF |
| SA389 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1850000–185FFFF | C28000-C2FFFF |
| SA390 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1860000-186FFFF | C30000-C37FFF |
| SA391 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1870000-187FFFF | C38000-C3FFFF |
| SA392 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1880000–188FFFF | C40000-C47FFF |
| SA393 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1890000–189FFFF | C48000-C4FFFF |
| SA394 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 18A0000–18AFFFF | C50000-C57FFF |
| SA395 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 18B0000–18BFFFF | C58000-C5FFFF |
| SA396 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 18C0000-18CFFFF | C60000-C67FFF |
| SA397 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 18D0000–18DFFFF | C68000-C6FFFF |
| SA398 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 18E0000-18EFFFF | C70000-C77FFF |
| SA399 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 18F0000–18FFFFF | C78000–C7FFFF |
| SA400 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1900000–190FFFF | C80000-C87FFF |
| SA401 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1910000–191FFFF | C88000–C8FFFF |
| SA402 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1920000–192FFFF | C90000–C97FFF |
| SA403 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1930000–193FFFF | C98000-C9FFFF |
| SA404 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1940000-194FFFF | CA0000-CA7FFF |
| SA405 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1950000–195FFFF | CA8000-CAFFFF |
| SA406 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1960000–196FFFF | CB0000-CB7FFF |
| SA407 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1970000–197FFF | CB8000-CBFFFF |
| SA408 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1980000-198FFFF | CC0000-CC7FFF |
| SA409 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1990000-199FFFF | CC8000-CCFFFF |
| SA410 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 19A0000-19AFFFF | CD0000-CD7FFF |
| SA411 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 19B0000-19BFFFF | CD8000-CDFFFF |
| SA412 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 19C0000-19CFFFF | CE0000-CE7FFF |
| SA413 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | 19D0000-19DFFFF | CE8000-CEFFFF |
| | | | 0 | | | | 1 | _ | 0 | 64/32 | 19E0000-19EFFFF | |
| SA414 | 1 | 1 | | 0 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | - | 64/32 | | CF0000-CF7FFF |
| SA415 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 64/32 | 19F0000–19FFFFF 1A00000–1A0FFFF | CF8000-CFFFFF D00000-D07FFF |
| SA416 SA417 | 1 | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | | |
| SA417 SA418 | 1 | 1 | | | | | | | | 64/32 | 1A10000–1A1FFFF 1A20000–1A2FFFF | D08000-D0FFFF D10000-D17FFF |
| | | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | D10000-D17FFF D18000-D1FFFF |
| SA419 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1A30000-1A3FFFF | |
| SA420 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1A40000-1A4FFFF | D20000-D27FFF |
| SA421 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1A50000-1A5FFFF | D28000-D2FFFF |
| SA422 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1A60000-1A6FFFF | D30000-D37FFF |
| SA423 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 64/32 | 1A70000-1A7FFFF | D38000-D3FFFF |
| SA424 | 1 | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | 1A80000-1A8FFFF | D40000-D47FFF |
| SA425 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1A90000-1A9FFFF | D48000-D4FFF |
| SA426 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1AA0000–1AAFFFF | D50000-D57FFF |
| SA427 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1AB0000–1ABFFFF | D58000-D5FFFF |
| SA428 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1AC0000-1ACFFFF | D60000-D67FFF |
| SA429 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1AD0000–1ADFFFF | D68000-D6FFFF |
| SA430 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1AE0000-1AEFFFF | D70000-D77FFF |



| Sector | | | | Α | \23-A1 | 5 | | | | Sector Size (Kbytes/Kwords) | 8-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) | 16-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|--------|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|---|
| SA431 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1AF0000–1AFFFFF | D78000-D7FFFF |
| SA432 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1B00000–1B0FFFF | D80000-D87FFF |
| SA433 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1B10000–1B1FFFF | D88000-D8FFFF |
| SA434 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1B20000–1B2FFFF | D90000-D97FFF |
| SA435 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1B30000–1B3FFFF | D98000-D9FFFF |
| SA436 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1B40000–1B4FFFF | DA0000-DA7FFF |
| SA437 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1B50000–1B5FFFF | DA8000-DAFFFF |
| SA438 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1B60000–1B6FFFF | DB0000-DB7FFF |
| SA439 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1B70000–1B7FFFF | DB8000-DBFFFF |
| SA440 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1B80000–1B8FFFF | DC0000-DC7FFF |
| SA441 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1B90000–1B9FFFF | DC8000-DCFFFF |
| SA442 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1BA0000-1BAFFFF | DD0000-DD7FFF |
| SA443 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1BB0000-1BBFFFF | DD8000-DDFFFF |
| SA443 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1BC0000-1BCFFFF | DE0000-DE7FFF |
| SA444 SA445 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1BD0000-1BDFFFF | DE8000-DE7FFF |
| SA445 SA446 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1BE0000-1BEFFFF | DF0000-DF7FFF |
| | - | | | | | | | - | | | | |
| SA447 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1BF0000-1BFFFFF | DF8000-DFFFFF |
| SA448 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1C00000-1C0FFFF | E00000-E07FFF |
| SA449 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1C10000-1C1FFFF | E08000-E0FFFF |
| SA450 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1C20000–1C2FFFF | E10000-E17FFF |
| SA451 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1C30000–1C3FFFF | E18000-E1FFFF |
| SA452 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1C40000–1C4FFFF | E20000-E27FFF |
| SA453 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1C50000-1C5FFFF | E28000-E2FFFF |
| SA454 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1C60000-1C6FFFF | E30000-E37FFF |
| SA455 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1C70000-1C7FFFF | E38000-E3FFFF |
| SA456 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1C80000-1C8FFFF | E40000-E47FFF |
| SA457 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1C90000-1C9FFFF | E48000-E4FFFF |
| SA458 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1CA0000-1CAFFFF | E50000-E57FFF |
| SA459 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1CB0000-1CBFFFF | E58000-E5FFFF |
| SA460 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1CC0000-1CCFFFF | E60000-E67FFF |
| SA461 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1CD0000-1CDFFFF | E68000-E6FFFF |
| SA462 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1CE0000-1CEFFFF | E70000-E77FFF |
| SA463 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1CF0000-1CFFFFF | E78000-E7FFFF |
| SA464 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1D00000-1D0FFFF | E80000-E87FFF |
| SA465 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1D10000-1D1FFFF | E88000-E8FFFF |
| SA466 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1D20000-1D2FFFF | E90000-E97FFF |
| SA467 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1D30000-1D3FFFF | E98000-E9FFFF |
| SA468 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1D40000-1D4FFFF | EA0000-EA7FFF |
| SA469 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1D50000-1D5FFFF | EA8000-EAFFFF |
| SA470 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1D60000-1D6FFFF | EB0000-EB7FFF |
| SA471 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1D70000-1D7FFFF | EB8000-EBFFFF |
| SA472 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1D80000-1D8FFFF | EC0000-EC7FFF |
| SA473 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1D90000-1D9FFFF | EC8000-ECFFFF |
| SA474 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1DA0000-1DAFFFF | ED0000-ED7FFF |
| SA475 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1DB0000-1DBFFFF | ED8000-EDFFFF |
| SA476 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1DC0000-1DCFFFF | EE0000-EE7FFF |
| SA477 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1DD0000-1DDFFFF | EE8000-EEFFFF |
| SA478 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1DE0000-1DEFFFF | EF0000-EF7FFF |

| Sector | A23-A15 | | | | | | | | | Sector Size (Kbytes/Kwords) | 8-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) | 16-bit Address Range (in hexadecimal) |
|--------|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|---|
| SA479 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1DF0000-1DFFFFF | EF8000-EFFFFF |
| SA480 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1E00000-1E0FFFF | F00000-F07FFF |
| SA481 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1E10000-1E1FFFF | F08000-F0FFFF |
| SA482 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1E20000-1E2FFFF | F10000-F17FFF |
| SA483 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1E30000-1E3FFFF | F18000-F1FFFF |
| SA484 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1E40000-1E4FFFF | F20000-F27FFF |
| SA485 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1E50000-1E5FFFF | F28000-F2FFFF |
| SA486 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1E60000-1E6FFFF | F30000-F37FFF |
| SA487 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1E70000-1E7FFFF | F38000-F3FFFF |
| SA488 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1E80000-1E8FFFF | F40000-F47FFF |
| SA489 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1E90000-1E9FFFF | F48000-F4FFFF |
| SA490 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1EA0000-1EAFFFF | F50000-F57FFF |
| SA491 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1EB0000-1EBFFFF | F58000-F5FFFF |
| SA492 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1EC0000-1ECFFFF | F60000-F67FFF |
| SA493 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1ED0000-1EDFFFF | F68000-F6FFFF |
| SA494 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1EE0000-1EEFFFF | F70000-F77FFF |
| SA495 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1EF0000–1EFFFFF | F78000-F7FFFF |
| SA496 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1F00000-1F0FFFF | F80000-F87FFF |
| SA497 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1F10000-1F1FFFF | F88000-F8FFFF |
| SA498 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1F20000-1F2FFFF | F90000-F97FFF |
| SA499 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1F30000-1F3FFFF | F98000-F9FFFF |
| SA500 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1F40000-1F4FFFF | FA0000-FA7FFF |
| SA501 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1F50000–1F5FFFF | FA8000-FAFFFF |
| SA502 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1F60000-1F6FFFF | FB0000-FB7FFF |
| SA503 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1F70000-1F7FFFF | FB8000-FBFFFF |
| SA504 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1F80000–1F8FFFF | FC0000-FC7FFF |
| SA505 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1F90000-1F9FFFF | FC8000-FCFFFF |
| SA506 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1FA0000-1FAFFFF | FD0000-FD7FFF |
| SA507 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1FB0000–1FBFFFF | FD8000-FDFFFF |
| SA508 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 64/32 | 1FC0000-1FCFFFF | FE0000-FE7FFF |
| SA509 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 64/32 | 1FD0000–1FDFFFF | FE8000-FEFFFF |
| SA510 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 64/32 | 1FE0000-1FEFFFF | FF0000-FF7FFF |
| SA511 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 64/32 | 1FF0000-1FFFFF | FF8000-FFFFFF |



Autoselect Mode

The autoselect mode provides manufacturer and device identification, and sector group protection verification, through identifier codes output on DQ7–DQ0. This mode is primarily intended for programming equipment to automatically match a device to be programmed with its corresponding programming algorithm. However, the autoselect codes can also be accessed in-system through the command register.

When using programming equipment, the autoselect mode requires $V_{\rm ID}$ on address pin A9. Address pins A6, A3, A2, A1, and A0 must be as shown in Table 3.

In addition, when verifying sector protection, the sector address must appear on the appropriate highest order address bits (see Table 2). Table 3 shows the remaining address bits that are don't care. When all necessary bits have been set as required, the programming equipment may then read the corresponding identifier code on DQ7–DQ0.

To access the autoselect codes in-system, the host system can issue the autoselect command via the command register, as shown in Tables 11 and 12. This method does not require $V_{\rm ID}$. Refer to the Autoselect Command Sequence section for more information.

Table 3. Autoselect Codes, (High Voltage Method)

| | | | | | A22 | A14 | | A8 | | A5 | А3 | | | DQ8 to | DQ15 | |
|---------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----------|-----------|-----------------|----------|----|----------|----------|----|----|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| | Description | CE# | OE# | WE# | to A15 | to A10 | A9 | to A7 | A6 | to A4 | to A2 | A1 | A0 | BYTE# = V _{IH} | BYTE# = V _{IL} | DQ7 to DQ0 |
| Manuf | acturer ID: AMD | L | L | Н | Х | Х | V_{ID} | Х | L | Х | L | L | L | 00 | Х | 01h |
| □ | Cycle 1 | | | | | | | | | | L | L | Н | 22 | Х | 7Eh |
| Device | Cycle 2 | L | L | Н | Χ | Х | V_{ID} | Х | L | Х | Н | Н | L | 22 | Х | 12h |
| De | Cycle 3 | | | | | | | | | | Н | Н | Н | 22 | Х | 01h |
| | Group tion Verification | L | L | Н | SA | Х | V _{ID} | х | L | Х | L | Н | L | Х | Х | 01h (protected), 00h (unprotected) |
| Bit (DC | Sector Indicator Q7), WP# ts highest ss sector | L | L | Н | х | х | V _{ID} | Х | L | х | L | Н | Н | Х | Х | 98h (factory locked), 18h (not factory locked) |
| Bit (DC | Sector Indicator Q7), WP# ts lowest ss sector | L | L | Н | х | х | V _{ID} | Х | L | х | L | Н | Н | Х | Х | 88h (factory locked), 08h (not factory locked) |

Legend: $L = Logic Low = V_{IL}$, $H = Logic High = V_{IH}$, SA = Sector Address, X = Don't care.

Sector Group Protection and Unprotection

The hardware sector group protection feature disables both program and erase operations in any sector group. The hardware sector group unprotection feature re-enables both program and erase operations in previously protected sector groups. Sector group protection/unprotection can be implemented via two methods.

Sector group protection/unprotection requires $V_{\rm ID}$ on the RESET# pin only, and can be implemented either in-system or via programming equipment. Figure 2 shows the algorithms and Figure 23 shows the timing diagram. For sector group unprotect, all unprotected sector groups must first be protected prior to the first sector group unprotect write cycle. Note that the sector group unprotect algorithm unprotects all sector groups in parallel. All previously protected sector groups must be individually re-protected.

The device is shipped with all sector groups unprotected. AMD offers the option of programming and protecting sector groups at its factory prior to shipping the device through AMD's ExpressFlash™ Service. Contact an AMD representative for details.

It is possible to determine whether a sector group is protected or unprotected. See the Autoselect Mode section for details.

Table 4. Sector Group Protection/Unprotection Address Table

| Sector Group | A23-A15 |
|--------------|-----------|
| SA0 | 00000000 |
| SA1 | 00000001 |
| SA2 | 00000010 |
| SA3 | 00000011 |
| SA4-SA7 | 0000001xx |
| SA8-SA11 | 0000010xx |
| SA12-SA15 | 0000011xx |
| SA16-SA19 | 0000100xx |
| SA20-SA23 | 0000101xx |
| SA24-SA27 | 0000110xx |
| SA28-SA31 | 0000111xx |
| SA32-SA35 | 0001000xx |
| SA36-SA39 | 0001001xx |
| SA40-SA43 | 0001010xx |
| SA44-SA47 | 0001011xx |
| SA48-SA51 | 0001100xx |
| SA52-SA55 | 0001101xx |
| SA56-SA59 | 0001110xx |
| SA60-SA63 | 0001111xx |
| SA64-SA67 | 0010000xx |

| Sector Group | A23-A15 |
|--------------|-----------|
| SA68-SA71 | 0010001xx |
| SA72-SA75 | 0010010xx |
| SA76-SA79 | 0010011xx |
| SA80-SA83 | 0010100xx |
| SA84-SA87 | 0010101xx |
| SA88-SA91 | 0010110xx |
| SA92-SA95 | 0010111xx |
| SA96-SA99 | 0011000xx |
| SA100-SA103 | 0011001xx |
| SA104-SA107 | 0011010xx |
| SA108-SA111 | 0011011xx |
| SA112-SA115 | 0011100xx |
| SA116-SA119 | 0011101xx |
| SA120-SA123 | 0011110xx |
| SA124-SA127 | 0011111xx |
| SA128-SA131 | 0100000xx |
| SA132-SA135 | 0100001xx |
| SA136-SA139 | 0100010xx |
| SA140-SA143 | 0100011xx |
| SA144-SA147 | 0100100xx |
| SA148-SA151 | 0100101xx |
| SA152-SA155 | 0100110xx |
| SA156-SA159 | 0100111xx |
| SA160-SA163 | 0101000xx |
| SA164-SA167 | 0101001xx |
| SA168-SA171 | 0101010xx |
| SA172-SA175 | 0101011xx |
| SA176-SA179 | 0101100xx |
| SA180-SA183 | 0101101xx |
| SA184-SA187 | 0101110xx |
| SA188-SA191 | 0101111xx |
| SA192-SA195 | 0110000xx |
| SA196-SA199 | 0110001xx |
| SA200-SA203 | 0110010xx |
| SA204-SA207 | 0110011xx |
| SA208-SA211 | 0110100xx |
| SA212-SA215 | 0110101xx |
| SA216-SA219 | 0110110xx |
| SA220-SA223 | 0110111xx |
| SA224-SA227 | 0111000xx |
| SA228-SA231 | 0111001xx |
| SA232-SA235 | 0111010xx |
| SA236-SA239 | 0111011xx |
| SA240-SA243 | 0111100xx |
| SA244-SA247 | 0111101xx |



| Sector Group | A23-A15 |
|--------------|-----------|
| SA248-SA251 | 0111110xx |
| SA252-SA255 | 0111111xx |
| SA256-SA259 | 1000000xx |
| SA260-SA263 | 1000001xx |
| SA264-SA267 | 1000010xx |
| SA268-SA271 | 1000011xx |
| SA272-SA275 | 1000100xx |
| SA276-SA279 | 1000101xx |
| SA280-SA283 | 1000110xx |
| SA284-SA287 | 1000111xx |
| SA288-SA291 | 1001000xx |
| SA292-SA295 | 1001001xx |
| SA296-SA299 | 1001010xx |
| SA300-SA303 | 1001011xx |
| SA304-SA307 | 1001100xx |
| SA308-SA311 | 1001101xx |
| SA312-SA315 | 1001110xx |
| SA316-SA319 | 1001111xx |
| SA320-SA323 | 1010000xx |
| SA324-SA327 | 1010001xx |
| SA328-SA331 | 1010010xx |
| SA332-SA335 | 1010011xx |
| SA336-SA339 | 1010100xx |
| SA340-SA343 | 1010101xx |
| SA344-SA347 | 1010110xx |
| SA348-SA351 | 1010111xx |
| SA352-SA355 | 1011000xx |
| SA356-SA359 | 1011001xx |
| SA360-SA363 | 1011010xx |
| SA364-SA367 | 1011011xx |
| SA368-SA371 | 1011100xx |
| SA372-SA375 | 1011101xx |
| SA376-SA379 | 1011110xx |
| SA380-SA383 | 1011111xx |
| SA384-SA387 | 1100000xx |
| SA388-SA391 | 1100001xx |
| SA392-SA395 | 1100010xx |
| SA396-SA399 | 1100011xx |
| SA400-SA403 | 1100100xx |
| SA404-SA407 | 1100101xx |
| SA408-SA411 | 1100110xx |
| SA412-SA415 | 1100111xx |
| SA416-SA419 | 1101000xx |
| SA420-SA423 | 1101001xx |
| SA424-SA427 | 1101010xx |

| Sector Group | A23-A15 |
|--------------|-----------|
| SA428-SA431 | 1101011xx |
| SA432-SA435 | 1101100xx |
| SA436-SA439 | 1101101xx |
| SA440-SA443 | 1101110xx |
| SA444-SA447 | 1101111xx |
| SA448-SA451 | 1110000xx |
| SA452-SA455 | 1110001xx |
| SA456-SA459 | 1110010xx |
| SA460-SA463 | 1110011xx |
| SA464-SA467 | 1110100xx |
| SA468-SA471 | 1110101xx |
| SA472-SA475 | 1110110xx |
| SA476-SA479 | 1110111xx |
| SA480-SA483 | 1111000xx |
| SA484-SA487 | 1111001xx |
| SA488-SA491 | 1111010xx |
| SA492-SA495 | 1111011xx |
| SA496-SA499 | 1111100xx |
| SA500-SA503 | 1111101xx |
| SA504-SA507 | 1111110xx |
| SA508 | 111111100 |
| SA509 | 111111101 |
| SA510 | 111111110 |
| SA511 | 111111111 |

Write Protect (WP#)

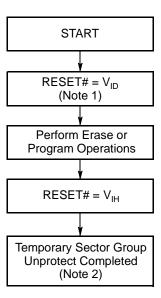
The Write Protect function provides a hardware method of protecting the first or last sector without using $V_{\rm ID}$. Write Protect is one of two functions provided by the WP#/ACC input.

If the system asserts $V_{\rm IL}$ on the WP#/ACC pin, the device disables program and erase functions in the first or last sector independently of whether those sectors were protected or unprotected using the method described in "Sector Group Protection and Unprotection". Note that if WP#/ACC is at $V_{\rm IL}$ when the device is in the standby mode, the maximum input load current is increased. See the table in "DC Characteristics".

If the system asserts V_{IH} on the WP#/ACC pin, the device reverts to whether the first or last sector was previously set to be protected or unprotected using the method described in "Sector Group Protection and Unprotection". Note that WP# has an internal pullup; when unconnected, WP# is at V_{IH} .

Temporary Sector Group Unprotect

This feature allows temporary unprotection of previously protected sector groups to change data in-system. The Sector Group Unprotect mode is activated by setting the RESET# pin to $V_{\rm ID}$. During this mode, formerly protected sector groups can be programmed or erased by selecting the sector addresses. Once $V_{\rm ID}$ is removed from the RESET# pin, all the previously protected sector groups are protected again. Figure 1 shows the algorithm, and Figure 22 shows the timing diagrams, for this feature.



Notes:

- 1. All protected sector groups unprotected (If WP# = V_{IL} , the first or last sector will remain protected).
- All previously protected sector groups are protected once again.

Figure 1. Temporary Sector Group Unprotect Operation



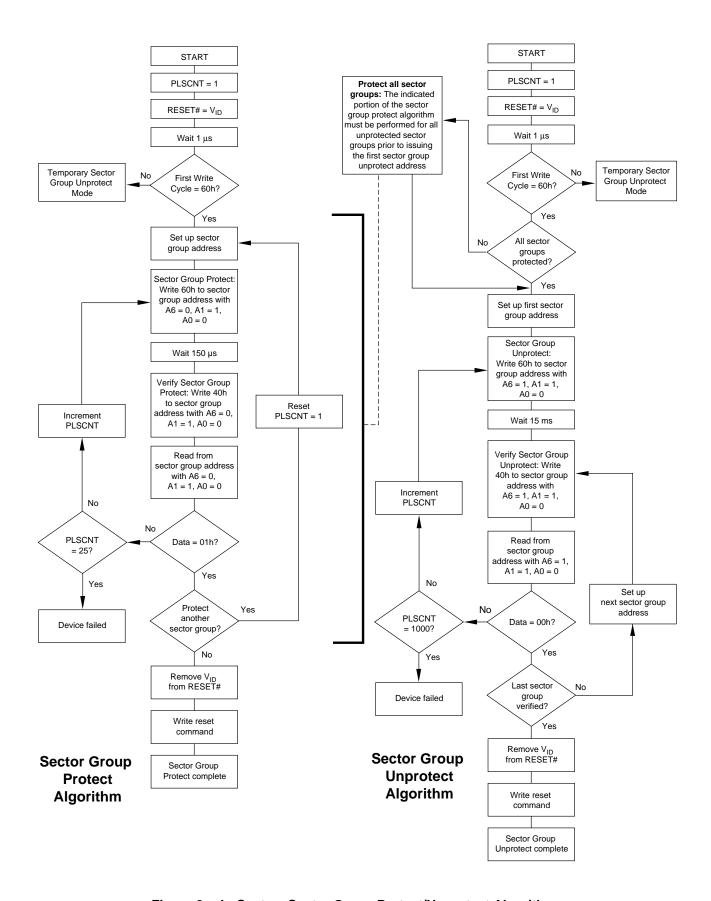


Figure 2. In-System Sector Group Protect/Unprotect Algorithms

SecSi (Secured Silicon) Sector Flash Memory Region

The SecSi (Secured Silicon) Sector feature provides a Flash memory region that enables permanent part identification through an Electronic Serial Number (ESN). The SecSi Sector is 256 bytes in length, and uses a SecSi Sector Indicator Bit (DQ7) to indicate whether or not the SecSi Sector is locked when shipped from the factory. This bit is permanently set at the factory and cannot be changed, which prevents cloning of a factory locked part. This ensures the security of the ESN once the product is shipped to the field.

AMD offers the device with the SecSi Sector either customer lockable (standard shipping option) or factory locked (contact an AMD sales representative for ordering information). The customer-lockable version is shipped with the SecSi Sector unprotected, allowing customers to program the sector after receiving the device. The customer-lockable version also has the SecSi Sector Indicator Bit permanently set to a "0." The factory-locked version is always protected when shipped from the factory, and has the SecSi (Secured Silicon) Sector Indicator Bit permanently set to a "1." Thus, the SecSi Sector Indicator Bit prevents customer-lockable devices from being used to replace devices that are factory locked. Note that the ACC function and unlock bypass modes are not available when the SecSi Sector is enabled.

The SecSi sector address space in this device is allocated as follows:

Table 5. SecSi Sector Contents

| SecSi Sector Address Range | Customer Lockable | ESN Factory Locked | ExpressFlash Factory Locked |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 000000h-000007h | Determined by customer | ESN | ESN or determined by customer |
| 000008h-00007Fh | customer | Unavailable | Determined by customer |

The system accesses the SecSi Sector through a command sequence (see "Enter SecSi Sector/Exit SecSi Sector Command Sequence"). After the system has written the Enter SecSi Sector command sequence, it may read the SecSi Sector by using the addresses normally occupied by the first sector (SA0). This mode of operation continues until the system issues the Exit SecSi Sector command sequence, or until power is removed from the device. On power-up, or following a hardware reset, the device reverts to sending commands to sector SA0.

Customer Lockable: SecSi Sector NOT Programmed or Protected At the Factory

Unless otherwise specified, the device is shipped such that the customer may program and protect the 256-byte SecSi sector.

The system may program the SecSi Sector using the write-buffer, accelerated and/or unlock bypass methods, in addition to the standard programming command sequence. See Command Definitions.

Programming and protecting the SecSi Sector must be used with caution since, once protected, there is no procedure available for unprotecting the SecSi Sector area and none of the bits in the SecSi Sector memory space can be modified in any way.

The SecSi Sector area can be protected using one of the following procedures:

- Write the three-cycle Enter SecSi Sector Region command sequence, and then follow the in-system sector protect algorithm as shown in Figure 2, except that *RESET# may be at either V_{IH} or V_{ID}*. This allows in-system protection of the SecSi Sector without raising any device pin to a high voltage. Note that this method is only applicable to the SecSi Sector.
- To verify the protect/unprotect status of the SecSi Sector, follow the algorithm shown in Figure 3.

Once the SecSi Sector is programmed, locked and verified, the system must write the Exit SecSi Sector Region command sequence to return to reading and writing within the remainder of the array.

Factory Locked: SecSi Sector Programmed and Protected At the Factory

In devices with an ESN, the SecSi Sector is protected when the device is shipped from the factory. The SecSi Sector cannot be modified in any way. An ESN Factory Locked device has an 16-byte random ESN at addresses 000000h–000007h. Please contact your local AMD sales representative for details on ordering ESN Factory Locked devices.

Customers may opt to have their code programmed by AMD through the AMD ExpressFlash service (Express Flash Factory Locked). The devices are then shipped from AMD's factory with the SecSi Sector permanently locked. Contact an AMD representative for details on using AMD's ExpressFlash service.

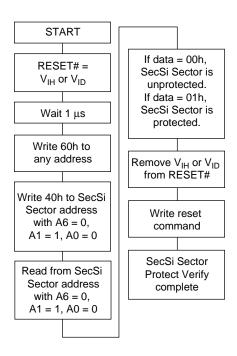


Figure 3. SecSi Sector Protect Verify

Hardware Data Protection

The command sequence requirement of unlock cycles for programming or erasing provides data protection against inadvertent writes (refer to Tables 11 and 12

for command definitions). In addition, the following hardware data protection measures prevent accidental erasure or programming, which might otherwise be caused by spurious system level signals during $V_{\rm CC}$ power-up and power-down transitions, or from system noise.

Low V_{CC} Write Inhibit

When V_{CC} is less than V_{LKO} , the device does not accept any write cycles. This protects data during V_{CC} power-up and power-down. The command register and all internal program/erase circuits are disabled, and the device resets to the read mode. Subsequent writes are ignored until V_{CC} is greater than V_{LKO} . The system must provide the proper signals to the control pins to prevent unintentional writes when V_{CC} is greater than V_{LKO} .

Write Pulse "Glitch" Protection

Noise pulses of less than 5 ns (typical) on OE#, CE# or WE# do not initiate a write cycle.

Logical Inhibit

Write cycles are inhibited by holding any one of OE# = V_{IL} , CE# = V_{IH} or WE# = V_{IH} . To initiate a write cycle, CE# and WE# must be a logical zero while OE# is a logical one.

Power-Up Write Inhibit

If WE# = CE# = $V_{\rm IL}$ and OE# = $V_{\rm IH}$ during power up, the device does not accept commands on the rising edge of WE#. The internal state machine is automatically reset to the read mode on power-up.

COMMON FLASH MEMORY INTERFACE (CFI)

The Common Flash Interface (CFI) specification outlines device and host system software interrogation handshake, which allows specific vendor-specified software algorithms to be used for entire families of devices. Software support can then be device-independent, JEDEC ID-independent, and forward- and backward-compatible for the specified flash device families. Flash vendors can standardize their existing interfaces for long-term compatibility.

This device enters the CFI Query mode when the system writes the CFI Query command, 98h, to address 55h, any time the device is ready to read array data. The system can read CFI information at the addresses given in Tables 6–9. To terminate reading CFI data, the system must write the reset command.

The system can also write the CFI query command when the device is in the autoselect mode. The device

enters the CFI query mode, and the system can read CFI data at the addresses given in Tables 6–9. The system must write the reset command to return the device to reading array data.

For further information, please refer to the CFI Specification and CFI Publication 100, available via the World Wide Web at http://www.amd.com/flash/cfi. Alternatively, contact an AMD representative for copies of these documents.

Table 6. CFI Query Identification String

| Addresses (x16) | Data | Description |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 10h 11h 12h | 0051h 0052h 0059h | Query Unique ASCII string "QRY" |
| 13h 14h | 0002h 0000h | Primary OEM Command Set |
| 15h 16h | 0040h 0000h | Address for Primary Extended Table |
| 17h 18h | 0000h 0000h | Alternate OEM Command Set (00h = none exists) |
| 19h 1Ah | 0000h 0000h | Address for Alternate OEM Extended Table (00h = none exists) |

Table 7. System Interface String

| Addresses (x16) | Data | Description |
|-----------------|-------|---|
| 1Bh | 0027h | V _{CC} Min. (write/erase) D7–D4: volt, D3–D0: 100 millivolt |
| 1Ch | 0036h | V _{CC} Max. (write/erase) D7–D4: volt, D3–D0: 100 millivolt |
| 1Dh | 0000h | V _{PP} Min. voltage (00h = no V _{PP} pin present) |
| 1Eh | 0000h | V_{PP} Max. voltage (00h = no V_{PP} pin present) |
| 1Fh | 0007h | Typical timeout per single byte/word write 2 ^N μs |
| 20h | 0007h | Typical timeout for Min. size buffer write 2 ^N µs (00h = not supported) |
| 21h | 000Ah | Typical timeout per individual block erase 2 ^N ms |
| 22h | 0000h | Typical timeout for full chip erase 2 ^N ms (00h = not supported) |
| 23h | 0001h | Max. timeout for byte/word write 2 ^N times typical |
| 24h | 0005h | Max. timeout for buffer write 2 ^N times typical |
| 25h | 0004h | Max. timeout per individual block erase 2 ^N times typical |
| 26h | 0000h | Max. timeout for full chip erase 2 ^N times typical (00h = not supported) |



Table 8. Device Geometry Definition

| Addresses (x16) | Data | Description |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 27h | 0019h | Device Size = 2 ^N byte |
| 28h 29h | 0002h 0000h | Flash Device Interface description (refer to CFI publication 100) |
| 2Ah 2Bh | 0005h 0000h | Max. number of byte in multi-byte write = 2^N (00h = not supported) |
| 2Ch | 0001h | Number of Erase Block Regions within device (01h = uniform device, 02h = boot device) |
| 2Dh 2Eh 2Fh 30h | 00FFh 0001h 0000h 0001h | Erase Block Region 1 Information (refer to the CFI specification or CFI publication 100) |
| 31h 32h 33h 34h | 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h | Erase Block Region 2 Information (refer to CFI publication 100) |
| 35h 36h 37h 38h | 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h | Erase Block Region 3 Information (refer to CFI publication 100) |
| 39h 3Ah 3Bh 3Ch | 0000h 0000h 0000h 0000h | Erase Block Region 4 Information (refer to CFI publication 100) |

 Table 9. Primary Vendor-Specific Extended Query

| Addresses (x16) | Data | Description |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---|
| 40h 41h 42h | 0050h 0052h 0049h | Query-unique ASCII string "PRI" |
| 43h | 0031h | Major version number, ASCII |
| 44h | 0033h | Minor version number, ASCII |
| 45h | 0008h | Address Sensitive Unlock (Bits 1-0) 0 = Required, 1 = Not Required Process Technology (Bits 7-2) 0010b = 0.23 µm MirrorBit |
| 46h | 0002h | Erase Suspend 0 = Not Supported, 1 = To Read Only, 2 = To Read & Write |
| 47h | 0001h | Sector Protect 0 = Not Supported, X = Number of sectors in per group |
| 48h | 0001h | Sector Temporary Unprotect 00 = Not Supported, 01 = Supported |
| 49h | 0004h | Sector Protect/Unprotect scheme 04 = 29LV800 mode |
| 4Ah | 0000h | Simultaneous Operation 00 = Not Supported, X = Number of Sectors in Bank |
| 4Bh | 0000h | Burst Mode Type 00 = Not Supported, 01 = Supported |
| 4Ch | 0001h | Page Mode Type 00 = Not Supported, 01 = 4 Word Page, 02 = 8 Word Page |
| 4Dh | 00B5h | ACC (Acceleration) Supply Minimum 00h = Not Supported, D7-D4: Volt, D3-D0: 100 mV |
| 4Eh | 00C5h | ACC (Acceleration) Supply Maximum 00h = Not Supported, D7-D4: Volt, D3-D0: 100 mV |
| 4Fh | 0004h/ 0005h | Top/Bottom Boot Sector Flag 00h = Uniform Device without WP# protect, 02h = Bottom Boot Device, 03h = Top Boot Device, 04h = Uniform sectors bottom WP# protect, 05h = Uniform sectors top WP# protect |
| 50h | 0001h | Program Suspend 00h = Not Supported, 01h = Supported |

COMMAND DEFINITIONS

Writing specific address and data commands or sequences into the command register initiates device operations. Tables 11 and 12 define the valid register command sequences. Writing incorrect address and data values or writing them in the improper sequence may place the device in an unknown state. A reset command is then required to return the device to reading array data.

All addresses are latched on the falling edge of WE# or CE#, whichever happens later. All data is latched on the rising edge of WE# or CE#, whichever happens

first. Refer to the AC Characteristics section for timing diagrams.

Reading Array Data

The device is automatically set to reading array data after device power-up. No commands are required to retrieve data. The device is ready to read array data after completing an Embedded Program or Embedded Erase algorithm.

After the device accepts an Erase Suspend command, the device enters the erase-suspend-read mode, after which the system can read data from any



non-erase-suspended sector. After completing a programming operation in the Erase Suspend mode, the system may once again read array data with the same exception. See the Erase Suspend/Erase Resume Commands section for more information.

The system *must* issue the reset command to return the device to the read (or erase-suspend-read) mode if DQ5 goes high during an active program or erase operation, or if the device is in the autoselect mode. See the next section, Reset Command, for more information.

See also Requirements for Reading Array Data in the Device Bus Operations section for more information. The Read-Only Operations table provides the read parameters, and Figure 13 shows the timing diagram.

Reset Command

Writing the reset command resets the device to the read or erase-suspend-read mode. Address bits are don't cares for this command.

The reset command may be written between the sequence cycles in an erase command sequence before erasing begins. This resets the device to the read mode. Once erasure begins, however, the device ignores reset commands until the operation is complete.

The reset command may be written between the sequence cycles in a program command sequence before programming begins. This resets the device to the read mode. If the program command sequence is written while the device is in the Erase Suspend mode, writing the reset command returns the device to the erase-suspend-read mode. Once programming begins, however, the device ignores reset commands until the operation is complete.

The reset command may be written between the sequence cycles in an autoselect command sequence. Once in the autoselect mode, the reset command must be written to return to the read mode. If the device entered the autoselect mode while in the Erase Suspend mode, writing the reset command returns the device to the erase-suspend-read mode.

If DQ5 goes high during a program or erase operation, writing the reset command returns the device to the read mode (or erase-suspend-read mode if the device was in Erase Suspend).

Note that if DQ1 goes high during a Write Buffer Programming operation, the system must write the Write-to-Buffer-Abort Reset command sequence to reset the device for the next operation.

Autoselect Command Sequence

The autoselect command sequence allows the host system to access the manufacturer and device codes, and determine whether or not a sector is protected. Table 12 shows the address and data requirements. This method is an alternative to that shown in Table 3, which is intended for PROM programmers and requires V_{ID} on address pin A9. The autoselect command sequence may be written to an address that is either in the read or erase-suspend-read mode. The autoselect command may not be written while the device is actively programming or erasing.

The autoselect command sequence is initiated by first writing two unlock cycles. This is followed by a third write cycle that contains the autoselect command. The device then enters the autoselect mode. The system may read at any address any number of times without initiating another autoselect command sequence:

- A read cycle at address XX00h returns the manufacturer code.
- Three read cycles at addresses 01h, 0Eh, and 0Fh return the device code.
- A read cycle to an address containing a sector address (SA), and the address 02h on A7–A0 in word mode returns 01h if the sector is protected, or 00h if it is unprotected.

The system must write the reset command to return to the read mode (or erase-suspend-read mode if the device was previously in Erase Suspend).

Enter SecSi Sector/Exit SecSi Sector Command Sequence

The SecSi Sector region provides a secured data area containing an 8-word/16-byte random Electronic Serial Number (ESN). The system can access the SecSi Sector region by issuing the three-cycle Enter SecSi Sector command sequence. The device continues to access the SecSi Sector region until the system issues the four-cycle Exit SecSi Sector command sequence. The Exit SecSi Sector command sequence returns the device to normal operation. Tables 11 and 12 show the address and data requirements for both command sequences. See also "SecSi (Secured Silicon) Sector Flash Memory Region" for further information. Note that the ACC function and unlock bypass modes are not available when the SecSi Sector is enabled.

Word/Byte Program Command Sequence

Programming is a four-bus-cycle operation. The program command sequence is initiated by writing two unlock write cycles, followed by the program set-up command. The program address and data are written next, which in turn initiate the Embedded Program algorithm. The system is *not* required to provide further controls or timings. The device automatically provides internally generated program pulses and verifies the programmed cell margin. Tables 11 and 12 show the

address and data requirements for the word program command sequence.

When the Embedded Program algorithm is complete, the device then returns to the read mode and addresses are no longer latched. The system can determine the status of the program operation by using DQ7 or DQ6. Refer to the Write Operation Status section for information on these status bits.

Any commands written to the device during the Embedded Program Algorithm are ignored. *Note that the SecSi Sector, autoselect, and CFI functions are unavailable when a program operation is in progress.* Note that a **hardware reset** immediately terminates the program operation. The program command sequence should be reinitiated once the device has returned to the read mode, to ensure data integrity.

Programming is allowed in any sequence and across sector boundaries. A bit cannot be programmed from "0" back to a "1." Attempting to do so may cause the device to set DQ5 = 1, or cause the DQ7 and DQ6 status bits to indicate the operation was successful. However, a succeeding read will show that the data is still "0." Only erase operations can convert a "0" to a "1."

Unlock Bypass Command Sequence

The unlock bypass feature allows the system to program words to the device faster than using the standard program command sequence. The unlock bypass command sequence is initiated by first writing two unlock cycles. This is followed by a third write cycle containing the unlock bypass command, 20h. The device then enters the unlock bypass mode. A two-cycle unlock bypass program command sequence is all that is required to program in this mode. The first cycle in this sequence contains the unlock bypass program command, A0h; the second cycle contains the program address and data. Additional data is programmed in the same manner. This mode dispenses with the initial two unlock cycles required in the standard program command sequence, resulting in faster total programming time. Tables 11 and 12 show the requirements for the command sequence.

During the unlock bypass mode, only the Unlock Bypass Program and Unlock Bypass Reset commands are valid. To exit the unlock bypass mode, the system must issue the two-cycle unlock bypass reset command sequence. (See Table 9).

Write Buffer Programming

Write Buffer Programming allows the system write to a maximum of 16 words/32 bytes in one programming operation. This results in faster effective programming time than the standard programming algorithms. The Write Buffer Programming command sequence is initi-

ated by first writing two unlock cycles. This is followed by a third write cycle containing the Write Buffer Load command written at the Sector Address in which programming will occur. The fourth cycle writes the sector address and the number of word locations, minus one, to be programmed. For example, if the system will program 6 unique address locations, then 05h should be written to the device. This tells the device how many write buffer addresses will be loaded with data and therefore when to expect the Program Buffer to Flash command. The number of locations to program cannot exceed the size of the write buffer or the operation will abort.

The fifth cycle writes the first address location and data to be programmed. The write-buffer-page is selected by address bits A_{MAX} – A_4 . All subsequent address/data pairs must fall within the selected-write-buffer-page. The system then writes the remaining address/data pairs into the write buffer. Write buffer locations may be loaded in any order.

The write-buffer-page address must be the same for all address/data pairs loaded into the write buffer. (This means Write Buffer Programming cannot be performed across multiple write-buffer pages. This also means that Write Buffer Programming cannot be performed across multiple sectors. If the system attempts to load programming data outside of the selected write-buffer page, the operation will abort.

Note that if a Write Buffer address location is loaded multiple times, the address/data pair counter will be decremented for every data load operation. The host system must therefore account for loading a write-buffer location more than once. The counter decrements for each data load operation, not for each unique write-buffer-address location. Note also that if an address location is loaded more than once into the buffer, the final data loaded for that address will be programmed.

Once the specified number of write buffer locations have been loaded, the system must then write the Program Buffer to Flash command at the sector address. Any other address and data combination aborts the Write Buffer Programming operation. The device then begins programming. Data polling should be used while monitoring the last address location loaded into the write buffer. DQ7, DQ6, DQ5, and DQ1 should be monitored to determine the device status during Write Buffer Programming.

The write-buffer programming operation can be suspended using the standard program suspend/resume commands. Upon successful completion of the Write Buffer Programming operation, the device is ready to execute the next command.

The Write Buffer Programming Sequence can be aborted in the following ways:



- Load a value that is greater than the page buffer size during the Number of Locations to Program step.
- Write to an address in a sector different than the one specified during the Write-Buffer-Load command.
- Write an Address/Data pair to a different write-buffer-page than the one selected by the Starting Address during the write buffer data loading stage of the operation.
- Write data other than the Confirm Command after the specified number of data load cycles.

The abort condition is indicated by DQ1 = 1, DQ7 = DATA# (for the last address location loaded), DQ6 = toggle, and DQ5=0. A Write-to-Buffer-Abort Reset command sequence must be written to reset the device for the next operation. Note that the full 3-cycle Write-to-Buffer-Abort Reset command sequence is required when using Write-Buffer-Programming features in Unlock Bypass mode.

Programming is allowed in any sequence and across sector boundaries. A bit cannot be programmed

from "0" back to a "1." Attempting to do so may cause the device to set DQ5 = 1, or cause the DQ7 and DQ6 status bits to indicate the operation was successful. However, a succeeding read will show that the data is still "0." Only erase operations can convert a "0" to a "1."

Accelerated Program

The device offers accelerated program operations through the WP#/ACC pin. When the system asserts V_{HH} on the WP#/ACC pin, the device automatically enters the Unlock Bypass mode. The system may then write the two-cycle Unlock Bypass program command sequence. The device uses the higher voltage on the WP#/ACC pin to accelerate the operation. Note that the WP#/ACC pin must not be at V_{HH} for operations other than accelerated programming, or device damage may result. WP# has an internal pullup; when unconnected, WP# is at V_{HH} .

Figure 5 illustrates the algorithm for the program operation. Refer to the Erase and Program Operations table in the AC Characteristics section for parameters, and Figure 16 for timing diagrams.

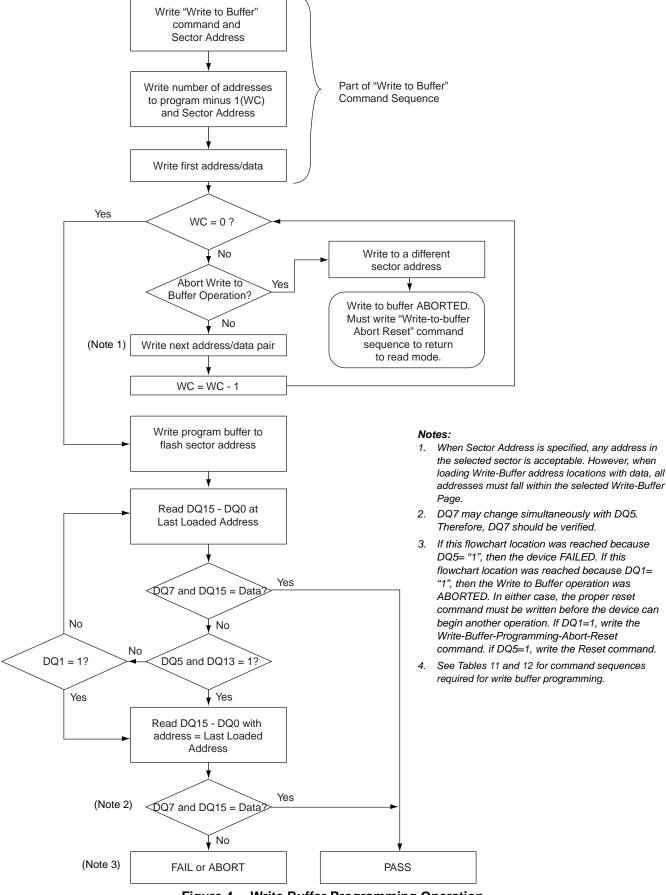
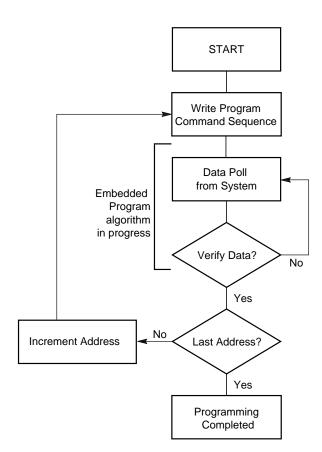


Figure 4. Write Buffer Programming Operation



Note: See Tables 11 and 12 for program command sequence.

Figure 5. Program Operation

Program Suspend/Program Resume Command Sequence

The Program Suspend command allows the system to interrupt a programming operation or a Write to Buffer programming operation so that data can be read from any non-suspended sector. When the Program Suspend command is written during a programming process, the device halts the program operation within 15 μs maximum (5 μs typical) and updates the status bits. Addresses are not required when writing the Program Suspend command.

After the programming operation has been suspended, the system can read array data from any non-suspended sector. The Program Suspend command may also be issued during a programming operation while an erase is suspended. In this case, data may be read from any addresses not in Erase Suspend or Program Suspend. If a read is needed from the SecSi Sector area (One-time Program area), then user must use the proper command sequences to enter and exit this region.

The system may also write the autoselect command sequence when the device is in the Program Suspend mode. The system can read as many autoselect codes as required. When the device exits the autoselect mode, the device reverts to the Program Suspend mode, and is ready for another valid operation. See Autoselect Command Sequence for more information.

After the Program Resume command is written, the device reverts to programming. The system can determine the status of the program operation using the DQ7 or DQ6 status bits, just as in the standard program operation. See Write Operation Status for more information.

The system must write the Program Resume command (address bits are don't care) to exit the Program Suspend mode and continue the programming operation. Further writes of the Resume command are ignored. Another Program Suspend command can be written after the device has resume programming.

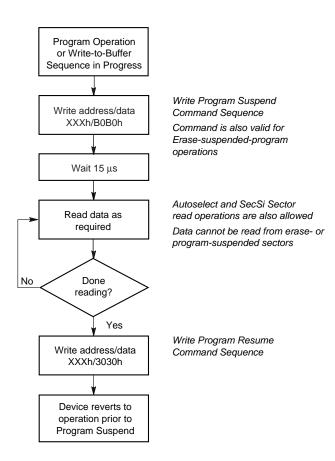


Figure 6. Program Suspend/Program Resume

Chip Erase Command Sequence

Chip erase is a six bus cycle operation. The chip erase command sequence is initiated by writing two unlock cycles, followed by a set-up command. Two additional unlock write cycles are then followed by the chip erase command, which in turn invokes the Embedded Erase algorithm. The device does *not* require the system to preprogram prior to erase. The Embedded Erase algorithm automatically preprograms and verifies the entire memory for an all zero data pattern prior to electrical erase. The system is not required to provide any controls or timings during these operations. Tables 11 and 12 show the address and data requirements for the chip erase command sequence.

When the Embedded Erase algorithm is complete, the device returns to the read mode and addresses are no longer latched. The system can determine the status of the erase operation by using DQ7, DQ6, or DQ2. Refer to the Write Operation Status section for information on these status bits.

Any commands written during the chip erase operation are ignored. However, note that a **hardware reset** immediately terminates the erase operation. If that occurs, the chip erase command sequence should be reinitiated once the device has returned to reading array data, to ensure data integrity.

Figure 10 illustrates the algorithm for the erase operation. Refer to the Erase and Program Operations tables in the AC Characteristics section for parameters, and Figure 18 section for timing diagrams.

Sector Erase Command Sequence

Sector erase is a six bus cycle operation. The sector erase command sequence is initiated by writing two unlock cycles, followed by a set-up command. Two additional unlock cycles are written, and are then followed by the address of the sector to be erased, and the sector erase command. Table 12 shows the address and data requirements for the sector erase command sequence.

The device does *not* require the system to preprogram prior to erase. The Embedded Erase algorithm automatically programs and verifies the entire memory for an all zero data pattern prior to electrical erase. The system is not required to provide any controls or timings during these operations.

After the command sequence is written, a sector erase time-out of 50 µs occurs. During the time-out period, additional sector addresses and sector erase commands may be written. Loading the sector erase buffer may be done in any sequence, and the number of sectors may be from one sector to all sectors. The time between these additional cycles must be less than 50 us, otherwise erasure may begin. Any sector erase address and command following the exceeded time-out may or may not be accepted. It is recommended that processor interrupts be disabled during this time to ensure all commands are accepted. The interrupts can be re-enabled after the last Sector Erase command is written. Any command other than Sector Erase or Erase Suspend during the time-out period resets the device to the read mode. The system must rewrite the command sequence and any additional addresses and commands. Note that the SecSi Sector, autoselect, and CFI functions are unavailable when an erase operation in is progress.

The system can monitor DQ3 to determine if the sector erase timer has timed out (See the section on DQ3:

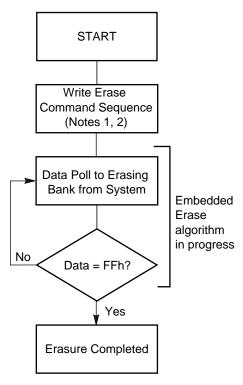


Sector Erase Timer.). The time-out begins from the rising edge of the final WE# pulse in the command sequence.

When the Embedded Erase algorithm is complete, the device returns to reading array data and addresses are no longer latched. The system can determine the status of the erase operation by reading DQ7, DQ6, or DQ2 in the erasing sector. Refer to the Write Operation Status section for information on these status bits.

Once the sector erase operation has begun, only the Erase Suspend command is valid. All other commands are ignored. However, note that a **hardware reset** immediately terminates the erase operation. If that occurs, the sector erase command sequence should be reinitiated once the device has returned to reading array data, to ensure data integrity.

Figure 10 illustrates the algorithm for the erase operation. Refer to the Erase and Program Operations tables in the AC Characteristics section for parameters, and Figure 18 section for timing diagrams.



Notes

- 1. See Tables 11 and 12 for program command sequence.
- See the section on DQ3 for information on the sector erase timer.

Table 10. Erase Operation

Erase Suspend/Erase Resume Commands

The Erase Suspend command, B0h, allows the system to interrupt a sector erase operation and then read data from, or program data to, any sector not selected for erasure. This command is valid only during the sector erase operation, including the 50 µs time-out period during the sector erase command sequence. The Erase Suspend command is ignored if written during the chip erase operation or Embedded Program algorithm.

When the Erase Suspend command is written during the sector erase operation, the device requires a typical of 5 μs (maximum of 20 μs) to suspend the erase operation. However, when the Erase Suspend command is written during the sector erase time-out, the device immediately terminates the time-out period and suspends the erase operation.

After the erase operation has been suspended, the device enters the erase-suspend-read mode. The system can read data from or program data to any sector not selected for erasure. (The device "erase suspends" all sectors selected for erasure.) Reading at any address within erase-suspended sectors produces status information on DQ7–DQ0. The system can use DQ7, or DQ6 and DQ2 together, to determine if a sector is actively erasing or is erase-suspended. Refer to the Write Operation Status section for information on these status bits.

After an erase-suspended program operation is complete, the device returns to the erase-suspend-read mode. The system can determine the status of the program operation using the DQ7 or DQ6 status bits, just as in the standard word program operation. Refer to the Write Operation Status section for more information.

In the erase-suspend-read mode, the system can also issue the autoselect command sequence. Refer to the Autoselect Mode and Autoselect Command Sequence sections for details.

To resume the sector erase operation, the system must write the Erase Resume command. The address of the erase-suspended sector is required when writing this command. Further writes of the Resume command are ignored. Another Erase Suspend command can be written after the chip has resumed erasing.

Command Definitions

Table 11. Command Definitions (x16 Mode, BYTE# = V_{IH})

| | Command | Ś | | | | | Βι | ıs Cycle | es (Notes 2 | 2–5) | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|--------|------|------|------|------|------|----------|-------------|-----------|-------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| | Sequence | Cycles | Fir | rst | Sec | ond | Thi | rd | Fourth | | Fifth | | Six | ĸth | | | |
| | (Note 1) | G | Addr | Data | Addr | Data | Addr | Data | Addr | Data | Addr | Data | Addr | Data | | | |
| Rea | d (Note 6) | 1 | RA | RD | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Res | et (Note 7) | 1 | XXX | F0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8) | Manufacturer ID | 4 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | 90 | X00 | 0001 | | | | | | | |
| ote | Device ID (Note 9) | 4 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | 90 | X01 | 227E | X0E | 2212 | X0F | 2201 | | | |
| lect (N | SecSi [™] Sector Factory Protect (Note 10) | 4 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | 90 | X03 | (Note 10) | | | | | | | |
| Autoselect (Note | Sector Group Protect Verify (Note 12) | 4 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | 90 | (SA)X02 | 00/01 | | | | | | | |
| Ente | er SecSi Sector Region | 3 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | 88 | | | | | | | | | |
| Exit | SecSi Sector Region | 4 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | 90 | XXX | 00 | | | | | | | |
| Prog | gram | 4 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | A0 | PA | PD | | | | | | | |
| Writ | e to Buffer (Note 11) | 3 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | SA | 25 | SA | WC | PA | PD | WBL | PD | | | |
| Prog | gram Buffer to Flash | 1 | SA | 29 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Writ | e to Buffer Abort Reset (Note 13) | 3 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | F0 | | | | | | | | | |
| Unic | ock Bypass | 3 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | 20 | | | | | | | | | |
| Unic | ock Bypass Program (Note 14) | 2 | XXX | A0 | PA | PD | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unic | ock Bypass Reset (Note 15) | 2 | XXX | 90 | XXX | 00 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chip | Erase | 6 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | 80 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | 10 | | | |
| Sect | tor Erase | 6 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | 555 | 80 | 555 | AA | 2AA | 55 | SA | 30 | | | |
| Prog | gram/Erase Suspend (Note 16) | 1 | BA | В0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Prog | gram/Erase Resume (Note 17) | 1 | BA | 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CFI | Query (Note 18) | 1 | 55 | 98 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Legend:

X = Don't care

RA = Read Address of the memory location to be read.

RD = Read Data read from location RA during read operation.

PA = Program Address. Addresses latch on the falling edge of the WE# or CE# pulse, whichever happens later.

PD = Program Data for location PA. Data latches on the rising edge of WE# or CE# pulse, whichever happens first.

SA = Sector Address of sector to be verified (in autoselect mode) or erased. Address bits A23–A15 uniquely select any sector.

WBL = Write Buffer Location. Address must be within the same write buffer page as PA.

WC = Word Count. Number of write buffer locations to load minus 1.

- 1. See Table 1 for description of bus operations.
- 2. All values are in hexadecimal.
- Except for the read cycle and the fourth cycle of the autoselect command sequence, all bus cycles are write cycles.
- Data bits DQ15–DQ8 are don't care in command sequences, except for RD, PD and WC.
- 5. Unless otherwise noted, address bits A23-A11 are don't cares.
- No unlock or command cycles required when device is in read mode.
- 7. The Reset command is required to return to the read mode (or to the erase-suspend-read mode if previously in Erase Suspend) when the device is in the autoselect mode, or if DQ5 goes high while the device is providing status information.
- The fourth cycle of the autoselect command sequence is a read cycle. Data bits DQ15–DQ8 are don't care. See the Autoselect Command Sequence section for more information.
- 9. The device ID must be read in three cycles.
- 10. If WP# protects the highest address sector, the data is 98h for factory locked and 18h for not factory locked. If WP# protects the

- lowest address sector, the data is 88h for factory locked and 08h for not factor locked.
- 11. The total number of cycles in the command sequence is determined by the number of words written to the write buffer. The maximum number of cycles in the command sequence is 21.
- 12. The data is 00h for an unprotected sector and 01h for a protected sector.
- 13. Command sequence resets device for next command after aborted write-to-buffer operation.
- 14. The Unlock Bypass command is required prior to the Unlock Bypass Program command.
- 15. The Unlock Bypass Reset command is required to return to the read mode when the device is in the unlock bypass mode.
- 16. The system may read and program in non-erasing sectors, or enter the autoselect mode, when in the Erase Suspend mode. The Erase Suspend command is valid only during a sector erase coording.
- 17. The Erase Resume command is valid only during the Erase Suspend mode.
- Command is valid when device is ready to read array data or when device is in autoselect mode.



Table 12. Command Definitions (x8 Mode, BYTE# = V_{IL})

| | Command | ø | | | | | Ві | ıs Cycle | es (Notes 2 | 2–5) | | | | |
|------------------|---|--------|------|------|------|------|------|----------|-------------|-----------|-------|------|-------|------|
| | Sequence | Cycles | Fir | st | Sec | ond | Thi | rd | Fourth | | Fifth | | Sixth | |
| | (Note 1) | ઈ | Addr | Data | Addr | Data | Addr | Data | Addr | Data | Addr | Data | Addr | Data |
| Rea | d (Note 6) | 1 | RA | RD | | | | | | | | | | |
| Res | et (Note 7) | 1 | XXX | F0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8) | Manufacturer ID | 4 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | 90 | X00 | 01 | | | | |
| ote | Device ID (Note 9) | 4 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | 90 | X02 | 7E | X1C | 12 | X1E | 01 |
| lect (N | SecSi [™] Sector Factory Protect (Note 10) | 4 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | 90 | X06 | (Note 10) | | | | |
| Autoselect (Note | Sector Group Protect Verify (Note 12) | 4 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | 90 | (SA)X04 | 00/01 | | | | |
| Ente | er SecSi Sector Region | 3 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | 88 | | | | | | |
| Exit | SecSi Sector Region | 4 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | 90 | XXX | 00 | | | | |
| Prog | gram | 4 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | A0 | PA | PD | | | | |
| Writ | e to Buffer (Note 11) | 3 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | SA | 25 | SA | BC | PA | PD | WBL | PD |
| Prog | gram Buffer to Flash | 1 | SA | 29 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Writ | e to Buffer Abort Reset (Note 13) | 3 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | F0 | | | | | | |
| Unic | ock Bypass | 3 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | 20 | | | | | | |
| Unic | ock Bypass Program (Note 14) | 2 | XXX | A0 | PA | PD | | | | | | | | |
| Unic | ock Bypass Reset (Note 15) | 2 | XXX | 90 | XXX | 00 | | | | | | | | |
| Chip Erase | | | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | 80 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | 10 |
| Sec | tor Erase | 6 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | AAA | 80 | AAA | AA | 555 | 55 | SA | 30 |
| Prog | gram/Erase Suspend (Note 16) | 1 | BA | В0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Prog | gram/Erase Resume (Note 17) | 1 | BA | 30 | | | | | | | | | | |
| CFI | Query (Note 18) | 1 | AA | 98 | | | | | | | | | | |

Legend:

X = Don't care

RA = Read Address of the memory location to be read.

RD = Read Data read from location RA during read operation.

PA = Program Address. Addresses latch on the falling edge of the WE# or CE# pulse, whichever happens later.

PD = Program Data for location PA. Data latches on the rising edge of WE# or CE# pulse, whichever happens first.

SA = Sector Address of sector to be verified (in autoselect mode) or erased. Address bits A23–A15 uniquely select any sector.

WBL = Write Buffer Location. Address must be within the same write buffer page as PA.

BC = Byte Count. Number of write buffer locations to load minus 1.

- 1. See Table 1 for description of bus operations.
- 2. All values are in hexadecimal.
- Except for the read cycle and the fourth cycle of the autoselect command sequence, all bus cycles are write cycles.
- Data bits DQ15–DQ8 are don't care in command sequences, except for RD and PD.
- 5. Unless otherwise noted, address bits A22-A11 are don't cares.
- No unlock or command cycles required when device is in read mode.
- 7. The Reset command is required to return to the read mode (or to the erase-suspend-read mode if previously in Erase Suspend) when the device is in the autoselect mode, or if DQ5 goes high while the device is providing status information.
- The fourth cycle of the autoselect command sequence is a read cycle. Data bits DQ15–DQ8 are don't care. See the Autoselect Command Sequence section for more information.
- The device ID must be read in three cycles.
- 10. If WP# protects the highest address sector, the data is 98h for factory locked and 18h for not factory locked. If WP# protects the

- lowest address sector, the data is 88h for factory locked and 08h for not factor locked.
- 11. The total number of cycles in the command sequence is determined by the number of bytes written to the write buffer. The maximum number of cycles in the command sequence is 37.
- The data is 00h for an unprotected sector group and 01h for a protected sector group.
- Command sequence resets device for next command after aborted write-to-buffer operation.
- The Unlock Bypass command is required prior to the Unlock Bypass Program command.
- 15. The Unlock Bypass Reset command is required to return to the read mode when the device is in the unlock bypass mode.
- 16. The system may read and program in non-erasing sectors, or enter the autoselect mode, when in the Erase Suspend mode. The Erase Suspend command is valid only during a sector erase operation.
- 17. The Erase Resume command is valid only during the Erase Suspend mode.
- 18. Command is valid when device is ready to read array data or when device is in autoselect mode.

WRITE OPERATION STATUS

The device provides several bits to determine the status of a program or erase operation: DQ2, DQ3, DQ5, DQ6, and DQ7. Table 13 and the following subsections describe the function of these bits. DQ7 and DQ6 each offer a method for determining whether a program or erase operation is complete or in progress. The device also provides a hardware-based output signal, RY/BY#, to determine whether an Embedded Program or Erase operation is in progress or has been completed.

DQ7: Data# Polling

The Data# Polling bit, DQ7, indicates to the host system whether an Embedded Program or Erase algorithm is in progress or completed, or whether the device is in Erase Suspend. Data# Polling is valid after the rising edge of the final WE# pulse in the command sequence.

During the Embedded Program algorithm, the device outputs on DQ7 the complement of the datum programmed to DQ7. This DQ7 status also applies to programming during Erase Suspend. When the Embedded Program algorithm is complete, the device outputs the datum programmed to DQ7. The system must provide the program address to read valid status information on DQ7. If a program address falls within a protected sector, Data# Polling on DQ7 is active for approximately 1 μ s, then the device returns to the read mode.

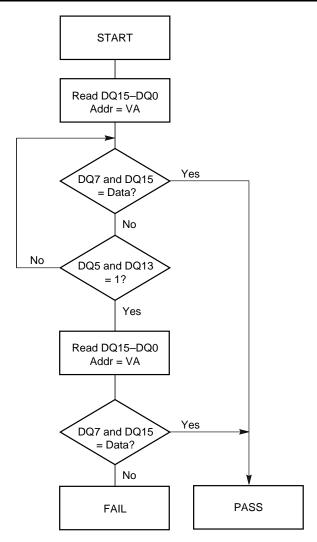
During the Embedded Erase algorithm, Data# Polling produces a "0" on DQ7. When the Embedded Erase algorithm is complete, or if the device enters the Erase Suspend mode, Data# Polling produces a "1" on DQ7. The system must provide an address within any of the sectors selected for erasure to read valid status information on DQ7.

After an erase command sequence is written, if all sectors selected for erasing are protected, Data# Polling on DQ7 is active for approximately 100 μ s, then the device returns to the read mode. If not all selected sectors are protected, the Embedded Erase algorithm erases the unprotected sectors, and ignores the selected sectors that are protected. However, if the system reads DQ7 at an address within a protected sector, the status may not be valid.

Just prior to the completion of an Embedded Program or Erase operation, DQ7 may change asynchronously with DQ0–DQ6 while Output Enable (OE#) is asserted low. That is, the device may change from providing status information to valid data on DQ7. Depending on when the system samples the DQ7 output, it may read the status or valid data. Even if the device has completed the program or erase operation and DQ7 has

valid data, the data outputs on DQ0–DQ6 may be still invalid. Valid data on DQ0–DQ7 will appear on successive read cycles.

Table 13 shows the outputs for Data# Polling on DQ7. Figure 7 shows the Data# Polling algorithm. Figure 19 in the AC Characteristics section shows the Data# Polling timing diagram.



- VA = Valid address for programming. During a sector erase operation, a valid address is any sector address within the sector being erased. During chip erase, a valid address is any non-protected sector address.
- 2. DQ7 should be rechecked even if DQ5 = "1" because DQ7 may change simultaneously with DQ5.

Figure 7. Data# Polling Algorithm



RY/BY#: Ready/Busy#

The RY/BY# is a dedicated, open-drain output pin which indicates whether an Embedded Algorithm is in progress or complete. The RY/BY# status is valid after the rising edge of the final WE# pulse in the command sequence. Since RY/BY# is an open-drain output, several RY/BY# pins can be tied together in parallel with a pull-up resistor to $V_{\rm CC}$.

If the output is low (Busy), the device is actively erasing or programming. (This includes programming in the Erase Suspend mode.) If the output is high (Ready), the device is in the read mode, the standby mode, or in the erase-suspend-read mode. Table 13 shows the outputs for RY/BY#.

DQ6: Toggle Bit I

Toggle Bit I on DQ6 indicates whether an Embedded Program or Erase algorithm is in progress or complete, or whether the device has entered the Erase Suspend mode. Toggle Bit I may be read at any address, and is valid after the rising edge of the final WE# pulse in the command sequence (prior to the program or erase operation), and during the sector erase time-out.

During an Embedded Program or Erase algorithm operation, successive read cycles to any address cause DQ6 to toggle. The system may use either OE# or CE# to control the read cycles. When the operation is complete, DQ6 stops toggling.

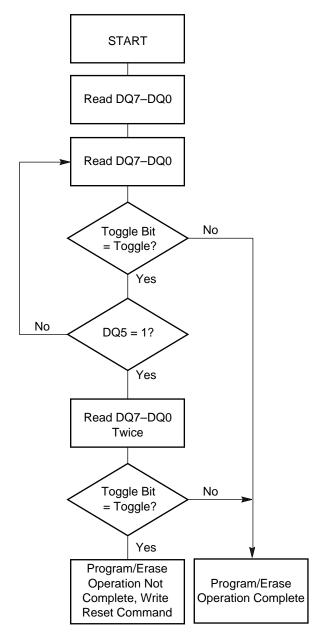
After an erase command sequence is written, if all sectors selected for erasing are protected, DQ6 toggles for approximately 100 μ s, then returns to reading array data. If not all selected sectors are protected, the Embedded Erase algorithm erases the unprotected sectors, and ignores the selected sectors that are protected.

The system can use DQ6 and DQ2 together to determine whether a sector is actively erasing or is erase-suspended. When the device is actively erasing (that is, the Embedded Erase algorithm is in progress), DQ6 toggles. When the device enters the Erase Suspend mode, DQ6 stops toggling. However, the system must also use DQ2 to determine which sectors are erasing or erase-suspended. Alternatively, the system can use DQ7 (see the subsection on DQ7: Data# Polling).

If a program address falls within a protected sector, DQ6 toggles for approximately 1 µs after the program command sequence is written, then returns to reading array data.

DQ6 also toggles during the erase-suspend-program mode, and stops toggling once the Embedded Program algorithm is complete.

Table 13 shows the outputs for Toggle Bit I on DQ6. Figure 8 shows the toggle bit algorithm. Figure 20 in the "AC Characteristics" section shows the toggle bit timing diagrams. Figure 21 shows the differences between DQ2 and DQ6 in graphical form. See also the subsection on DQ2: Toggle Bit II.



Note: The system should recheck the toggle bit even if DQ5 = "1" because the toggle bit may stop toggling as DQ5 changes to "1." See the subsections on DQ6 and DQ2 for more information.

Figure 8. Toggle Bit Algorithm

DQ2: Toggle Bit II

The "Toggle Bit II" on DQ2, when used with DQ6, indicates whether a particular sector is actively erasing (that is, the Embedded Erase algorithm is in progress), or whether that sector is erase-suspended. Toggle Bit II is valid after the rising edge of the final WE# pulse in the command sequence.

DQ2 toggles when the system reads at addresses within those sectors that have been selected for erasure. (The system may use either OE# or CE# to control the read cycles.) But DQ2 cannot distinguish whether the sector is actively erasing or is erase-suspended. DQ6, by comparison, indicates whether the device is actively erasing, or is in Erase Suspend, but cannot distinguish which sectors are selected for erasure. Thus, both status bits are required for sector and mode information. Refer to Table 13 to compare outputs for DQ2 and DQ6.

Figure 8 shows the toggle bit algorithm in flowchart form, and the section "DQ2: Toggle Bit II" explains the algorithm. See also the RY/BY#: Ready/Busy# subsection. Figure 20 shows the toggle bit timing diagram. Figure 21 shows the differences between DQ2 and DQ6 in graphical form.

Reading Toggle Bits DQ6/DQ2

Refer to Figure 8 for the following discussion. Whenever the system initially begins reading toggle bit status, it must read DQ7–DQ0 at least twice in a row to determine whether a toggle bit is toggling. Typically, the system would note and store the value of the toggle bit after the first read. After the second read, the system would compare the new value of the toggle bit with the first. If the toggle bit is not toggling, the device has completed the program or erase operation. The system can read array data on DQ7–DQ0 on the following read cycle.

However, if after the initial two read cycles, the system determines that the toggle bit is still toggling, the system also should note whether the value of DQ5 is high (see the section on DQ5). If it is, the system should then determine again whether the toggle bit is toggling, since the toggle bit may have stopped toggling just as DQ5 went high. If the toggle bit is no longer toggling, the device has successfully completed the program or erase operation. If it is still toggling, the device did not completed the operation successfully, and the system must write the reset command to return to reading array data.

The remaining scenario is that the system initially determines that the toggle bit is toggling and DQ5 has not gone high. The system may continue to monitor the toggle bit and DQ5 through successive read cycles, determining the status as described in the previous paragraph. Alternatively, it may choose to perform



other system tasks. In this case, the system must start at the beginning of the algorithm when it returns to determine the status of the operation (top of Figure 8).

DQ5: Exceeded Timing Limits

DQ5 indicates whether the program, erase, or write-to-buffer time has exceeded a specified internal pulse count limit. Under these conditions DQ5 produces a "1," indicating that the program or erase cycle was not successfully completed.

The device may output a "1" on DQ5 if the system tries to program a "1" to a location that was previously programmed to "0." **Only an erase operation can change a "0" back to a "1."** Under this condition, the device halts the operation, and when the timing limit has been exceeded. DQ5 produces a "1."

In all these cases, the system must write the reset command to return the device to the reading the array (or to erase-suspend-read if the device was previously in the erase-suspend-program mode).

DQ3: Sector Erase Timer

After writing a sector erase command sequence, the system may read DQ3 to determine whether or not erasure has begun. (The sector erase timer does not apply to the chip erase command.) If additional sectors are selected for erasure, the entire time-out also applies after each additional sector erase com-

mand. When the time-out period is complete, DQ3 switches from a "0" to a "1." If the time between additional sector erase commands from the system can be assumed to be less than 50 μ s, the system need not monitor DQ3. See also the Sector Erase Command Sequence section.

After the sector erase command is written, the system should read the status of DQ7 (Data# Polling) or DQ6 (Toggle Bit I) to ensure that the device has accepted the command sequence, and then read DQ3. If DQ3 is "1," the Embedded Erase algorithm has begun; all further commands (except Erase Suspend) are ignored until the erase operation is complete. If DQ3 is "0," the device will accept additional sector erase commands. To ensure the command has been accepted, the system software should check the status of DQ3 prior to and following each subsequent sector erase command. If DQ3 is high on the second status check, the last command might not have been accepted.

Table 13 shows the status of DQ3 relative to the other status bits.

DQ1: Write-to-Buffer Abort

DQ1 indicates whether a Write-to-Buffer operation was aborted. Under these conditions DQ1 produces a "1". The system must issue the Write-to-Buffer-Abort-Reset command sequence to return the device to reading array data. See Write Buffer

| | Stat | us | DQ7 (Note 2) | DQ6 | DQ5 (Note 1) | DQ3 | DQ2 (Note 2) | DQ1 | RY/BY# |
|--------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----|-----------------|-----|--------|
| Standard | Embedded | Program Algorithm | DQ7# | Toggle | 0 | N/A | No toggle | 0 | 0 |
| Mode | Embedded | Erase Algorithm | 0 | Toggle | 0 | 1 | Toggle | N/A | 0 |
| Program Suspend | Program- Suspend | Program-Suspended Sector | Invalid (not allowed) Data | | | | | | 1 |
| Mode | Read | Non-Program Suspended Sector | | | | | | | 1 |
| Erase | Erase- Suspend | Erase-Suspended Sector | 1 | No toggle | 0 | N/A | Toggle | N/A | 1 |
| Suspend Mode | Read | Non-Erase Suspended Sector | Data | | | | | | 1 |
| Wiodo | Erase-Suspend-Program (Embedded Program) | | DQ7# | Toggle | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0 |
| Write-to- | Busy (Note | 3) | DQ7# | Toggle | 0 | N/A | N/A | 0 | 0 |
| Buffer | Abort (Note | 4) | DQ7# | Toggle | 0 | N/A | N/A | 1 | 0 |

Table 13. Write Operation Status

- 1. DQ5 switches to '1' when an Embedded Program, Embedded Erase, or Write-to-Buffer operation has exceeded the maximum timing limits. Refer to the section on DQ5 for more information.
- 2. DQ7 and DQ2 require a valid address when reading status information. Refer to the appropriate subsection for further details.
- 3. The Data# Polling algorithm should be used to monitor the last loaded write-buffer address location.
- 4. DQ1 switches to '1' when the device has aborted the write-to-buffer operation.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Storage Temperature Plastic Packages |
|--|
| Ambient Temperature with Power Applied −65°Ct o +125°C |
| Voltage with Respect to Ground |
| V _{CC} (Note 1)0.5 V to +4.0 V |
| V _{IO} |
| A9, OE#, ACC, and RESET# |
| (Note 2)0.5 V to +12.5 V |
| All other pins (Note 1) -0.5 V to V_{CC} +0.5 V |
| Output Short Circuit Current (Note 3) 200 mA |
| Notoci |

1. Minimum DC voltage on input or I/O pins is -0.5 V. During voltage transitions, input or I/O pins may overshoot V_{SS} to -2.0 V for periods of up to 20 ns. Maximum DC voltage on input or I/O pins is V_{CC} +0.5 V. See Figure 9. During voltage transitions, input or I/O pins

may overshoot to V_{CC} +2.0 V for periods up to 20 ns. See

- Minimum DC input voltage on pins A9, OE#, ACC, and RESET# is −0.5 V. During voltage transitions, A9, OE#, ACC, and RESET# may overshoot V_{SS} to −2.0 V for periods of up to 20 ns. See Figure 9. Maximum DC input voltage on pin A9, OE#, ACC, and RESET# is +12.5 V which may overshoot to +14.0 V for periods up to 20 ns.
- No more than one output may be shorted to ground at a time. Duration of the short circuit should not be greater than one second.

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this data sheet is not implied. Exposure of the device to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

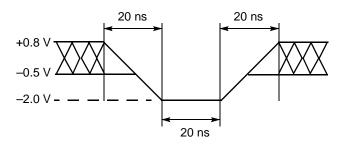


Figure 9. Maximum Negative Overshoot Waveform

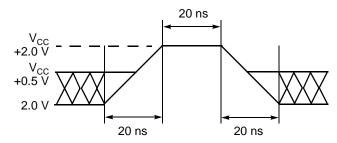


Figure 10. Maximum Positive Overshoot Waveform

OPERATING RANGES

Industrial (I) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A) −40°C to +85°C

Supply Voltages

- 1. Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.
- 2. See Ordering Information section for valid $V_{\rm CC}/V_{\rm IO}$ range combinations. The I/Os will not operate at 3 V when $V_{\rm IO}$ =1.8 V.



DC CHARACTERISTICS CMOS Compatible

| Parameter Symbol | Parameter Description (Notes) | Test Conditions | | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|--|--|----------------------|----------------------|-----|------------------------|------|
| I _{LI} | Input Load Current (1) | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ to } V_{CC},$ $V_{CC} = V_{CC \text{ max}}$ | | | | ±1.0 | μA |
| I _{LIT} | A9, ACC Input Load Current | V _{CC} = V _{CC max} ; A9 = 12.5 V | | | | 35 | μΑ |
| I _{LO} | Output Leakage Current | $V_{OUT} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} , $V_{CC} = V_{CC \text{ max}}$ | | | | ±1.0 | μA |
| I _{LR} | Reset Leakage Current | $V_{CC} = V_{CC \text{ max}}$; RESET# = 12.5 V | | | | 35 | μΑ |
| , | V _{CC} Active Read Current | CE# \/ OE# \/ | 1 MHz | | 3 | 34 | A |
| I _{CC1} | (2, 3) | $CE# = V_{IL}$, $OE# = V_{IH}$, | 5 MHz | | 13 | 43 | mA |
| - | V Initial Page Read Current (2, 2) | CE# \/ OE# \/ | 1 MHz | | 4 | 50 | A |
| I _{CC2} | V _{CC} Initial Page Read Current (2, 3) | $CEH = V_{IL}, OEH = V_{IH}$ | 10 MHz | | 40 | 80 | mA |
| | V Intra Daga Bood Courset (2, 2) | OF# \/ OF# \/ | 10 MHz | | 3 | 20 | ^ |
| I _{CC3} | V _{CC} Intra-Page Read Current (2, 3) | $CE# = V_{IL}$, $OE# = V_{IH}$ | 33 MHz | | 6 | 40 | mA |
| I _{CC4} | V _{CC} Active Write Current (3, 4) | CE# = V _{IL,} OE# = V _{IH} | 1 | | 50 | 60 | mA |
| I _{CC5} | V _{CC} Standby Current (3) | CE#, RESET# = V _{CC} ± 0.3 V, WF | P# = V _{IH} | | 1 | 5 | μΑ |
| I _{CC6} | V _{CC} Reset Current (3) | RESET# = V _{SS} ± 0.3 V, WP# = V | lH | | 1 | 5 | μA |
| I _{CC7} | Automatic Sleep Mode (3, 5) | $V_{IH} = V_{CC} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}; V_{IL} = V_{SS} \pm 0.3 \text{ WP\#} = V_{IH}$ | V, | | 1 | 5 | μΑ |
| V _{IL1} | Input Low Voltage 1(6, 7) | | | -0.5 | | 0.8 | V |
| V _{IH1} | Input High Voltage 1 (6, 7) | | | 1.9 | | V _{CC} + 0.5 | V |
| V_{IL2} | Input Low Voltage 2 (6, 8) | | | -0.5 | | 0.3 x V _{IO} | V |
| $V_{\rm IH2}$ | Input High Voltage 2 (6, 8) | | | 1.9 | | V _{IO} + 0.5 | V |
| V_{HH} | Voltage for ACC Program Acceleration | $V_{CC} = 2.7 - 3.6 \text{ V}$ | | 11.5 | | 12.5 | V |
| V _{ID} | Voltage for Autoselect and Temporary Sector Unprotect | V _{CC} = 2.7 –3.6 V | | 11.5 | | 12.5 | V |
| V _{OL} | Output Low Voltage (10) | $I_{OL} = 4.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = V_{CC \text{ min}} = V_{IO}$ | | | | 0.15 x V _{IO} | V |
| V _{OH1} | Output High Voltage | $I_{OH} = -2.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = V_{CC \text{ min}} = V_{I}$ | 0 | 0.85 V _{IO} | | | V |
| V_{OH2} | Output Flight Voltage | $I_{OH} = -100 \mu A, V_{CC} = V_{CC min} = V_{I}$ | 0 | V _{IO} -0.4 | | | V |
| V_{LKO} | Low V _{CC} Lock-Out Voltage (9) | | | 2.3 | | 2.5 | V |

- 1. On the WP#/ACC pin only, the maximum input load current when WP# = V_{lL} is \pm 5.0 μ A.
- 2. The $I_{\rm CC}$ current listed is typically less than 2 mA/MHz, with OE# at $V_{\rm IH}$.
- 3. Maximum I_{CC} specifications are tested with $V_{CC} = V_{CC} max$.
- 4. $I_{\rm CC}$ active while Embedded Erase or Embedded Program is in progress.
- 5. Automatic sleep mode enables the low power mode when addresses remain stable for $t_{\rm ACC}$ + 30 ns.
- 6. If V_{IO} < V_{CC} , maximum V_{IL} for CE# and DQ I/Os is 0.3 V_{IO} . Maximum V_{IH} for these connections is V_{IO} + 0.3 V
- 7. V_{CC} voltage requirements.
- 8. V_{IO} voltage requirements.
- 9. Not 100% tested
- 10. Includes RY/BY#

TEST CONDITIONS

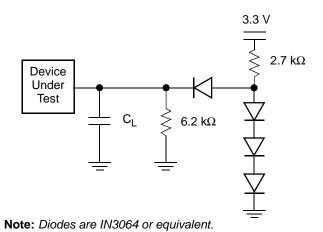


Figure 11. Test Setup

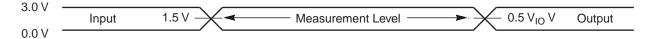
Table 14. Test Specifications

| Test Condition | All Speeds | Unit | | | |
|---|---------------------|------|--|--|--|
| Output Load | 1 TTL gate | | | | |
| Output Load Capacitance, C _L (including jig capacitance) | 30 | pF | | | |
| Input Rise and Fall Times | 5 | ns | | | |
| Input Pulse Levels | 0.0–3.0 | V | | | |
| Input timing measurement reference levels (See Note) | 1.5 | V | | | |
| Output timing measurement reference levels | 0.5 V _{IO} | V | | | |

Note: If $V_{IO} < V_{CC}$, the reference level is 0.5 V_{IO} .

KEY TO SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

| WAVEFORM | INPUTS | OUTPUTS | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Steady | | | | | | |
| | Cha | anging from H to L | | | | | |
| _//// | Cha | anging from L to H | | | | | |
| XXXXX | Don't Care, Any Change Permitted | Changing, State Unknown | | | | | |
| \longrightarrow | Does Not Apply | Center Line is High Impedance State (High Z) | | | | | |



Note: If $V_{\rm IO}$ < $V_{\rm CC}$, the input measurement reference level is 0.5 $V_{\rm IO}$.

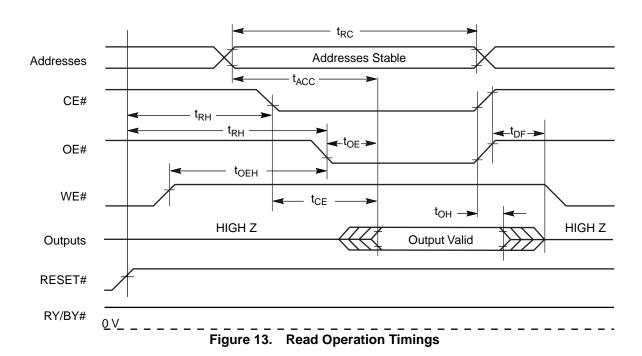
Figure 12. Input Waveforms and Measurement Levels

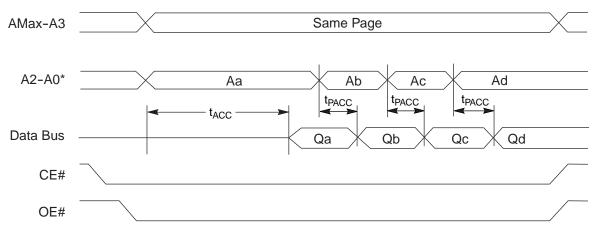


Read-Only Operations

| Param | eter | | | | | | Sp | eed Option | ıs | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------|------|------------|------|-----|------|
| JEDE C | Std. | Description | | Test Setup | | 103, 103R | 113R | 113 | 123R | 123 | Unit |
| t _{AVAV} | t _{RC} | Read Cycle Time | (Note 1) | | Min | 100 | 1 | 110 | | 120 | |
| t _{AVQV} | t _{ACC} | Address to Outpu | CE#, OE# = V _{IL} | Max | 100 | 1: | 10 | 120 | | ns | |
| t _{ELQV} | t _{CE} | Chip Enable to Output Delay | | OE# = V _{IL} | Max | 100 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 20 | ns |
| | t _{PACC} | Page Access Time | | | Max | 30 | 30 | 40 | 30 | 40 | ns |
| t _{GLQV} | t _{OE} | Output Enable to | Output Delay | | Max | 30 | 30 | 40 | 30 | 40 | ns |
| t _{EHQZ} | t _{DF} | Chip Enable to Ou 1) | utput High Z (Note | | Max | | 16 | | | | |
| t _{GHQZ} | t _{DF} | Output Enable to (Note 1) | Output High Z | | Max | | 16 | | | | |
| t _{AXQX} | t _{OH} | Output Hold Time From Addresses, CE# or OE#, Whichever Occurs First | | | Min | | | 0 | | | ns |
| | | Output Enable Read | | | Min | 0 | | | | | ns |
| | t _{OEH} | Hold Time (Note 1) Toggle and Data# Polling | | | Min | | | 10 | | | ns |

- 1. Not 100% tested.
- 2. See Figure 11 and Table 14 for test specifications.
- 3. AC specifications listed are tested with $V_{IO} = V_{CC}$. Contact AMD for information on AC operation with $V_{IO} \neq V_{CC}$





^{*} Figure shows word mode. Addresses are A1–A-1 for byte mode.

Figure 14. Page Read Timings



Hardware Reset (RESET#)

| Paran | neter | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|---|-------------------|------|----|
| JEDEC | Std. | Description | All Speed Options | Unit | |
| | t _{Ready} | RESET# Pin Low (During Embedded Algorithms) to Read Mode (See Note) | Max | 20 | μs |
| | t _{Ready} | RESET# Pin Low (NOT During Embedded Algorithms) to Read Mode (See Note) | | 500 | ns |
| | t _{RP} | RESET# Pulse Width | Min | 500 | ns |
| t _{RH} | | Reset High Time Before Read (See Note) | | 50 | ns |
| | t _{RPD} | RESET# Low to Standby Mode | Min | 20 | μs |

Note:

- 1. Not 100% tested.
- 2. AC specifications listed are tested with $V_{IO} = V_{CC}$. Contact AMD for information on AC operation with $V_{IO} \neq V_{CC}$. RY/BY#

CE#, OE#

RESET#

t_{RP}

t_{Ready}

Reset Timings NOT during Embedded Algorithms
-----Reset Timings during Embedded Algorithms

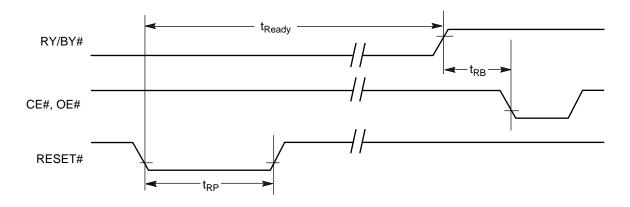


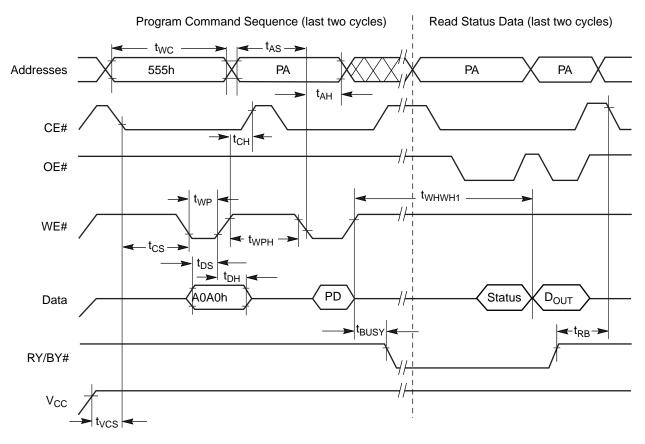
Figure 15. Reset Timings

Erase and Program Operations

| Parai | meter | | | | 5 | Speed Option | ıs | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--|----------------|-----|-----------|--------------|-----------|------|
| JEDEC | Std. | Description | | | 103, 103R | 113, 113R | 123, 123R | Unit |
| t _{AVAV} | t _{WC} | Write Cycle Time (Note 1) | | Min | 100 | 110 | 120 | ns |
| t _{AVWL} | t _{AS} | Address Setup Time | | Min | 0 | | | ns |
| | t _{ASO} | Address Setup Time to OE# low during togg | le bit polling | Min | 15 | | | ns |
| t _{WLAX} | t _{AH} | Address Hold Time | | Min | 45 | | | ns |
| | t _{AHT} | Address Hold Time From CE# or OE# high during toggle bit polling | | Min | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{DVWH} | t _{DS} | Data Setup Time | | Min | | 45 | | ns |
| t _{WHDX} | t _{DH} | Data Hold Time | | Min | 0 | | | ns |
| | t _{OEPH} | Output Enable High during toggle bit polling | | Min | 20 | | | ns |
| t _{GHWL} | t _{GHWL} | Read Recovery Time Before Write OE# High to WE# Low) | | Min | 0 | | | ns |
| t _{ELWL} | t _{CS} | CE# Setup Time | | Min | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{WHEH} | t _{CH} | CE# Hold Time | | Min | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{WLWH} | t _{WP} | Write Pulse Width | | Min | | 35 | | ns |
| t _{WHDL} | t _{WPH} | Write Pulse Width High | | Min | 30 | | | ns |
| | | Write Buffer Program Operation (Notes 2, 3) | | Тур | | 240 | | μs |
| | | Effective Write Buffer Program Operation | Per Byte | Тур | 7.5 | | | μs |
| | | (Notes 2, 4) | Per Word | Тур | | 15 | | μs |
| | | Accelerated Effective Write Buffer Program | Per Byte | Тур | 6.25 | | | μs |
| t _{WHWH1} | t _{WHWH1} | Operation (Notes 2, 4) | Per Word | Тур | | 12.5 | | μs |
| | | Single Byte/Word | Byte | Тур | Тур 60 | | | μs |
| | | Program Operation (Note 2, 5) | Word | Тур | | 60 | | μs |
| | | Accelerated Single Byte/Word | Byte | Тур | | 54 | | μs |
| | | Programming Operation (Note 2, 5) | Word | Тур | | 54 | | μs |
| t _{WHWH2} | t _{WHWH2} | Sector Erase Operation (Note 2) | | Тур | | 0.5 | | sec |
| t _{WHWH2} t _{WHWH2} | | V _{HH} Rise and Fall Time (Note 1) | | Min | | 250 | | ns |
| | t _{VCS} | V _{CC} Setup Time (Note 1) | | Min | | 50 | | μs |

- 1. Not 100% tested.
- 2. See the "Erase And Programming Performance" section for more information.
- 3. For 1–16 words/1–32 bytes programmed.
- 4. Effective write buffer specification is based upon a 16-word/32-byte write buffer operation.
- 5. Byte/Word programming specification is based upon a single word/byte programming operation not utilizing the write buffer.
- 6. AC specifications listed are tested with $V_{IO} = V_{CC}$. Contact AMD for information on AC operation with $V_{IO} \neq V_{CC}$.





- 1. $PA = program \ address, \ PD = program \ data, \ D_{OUT}$ is the true data at the program address.
- 2. Illustration shows device in word mode.

Figure 16. Program Operation Timings

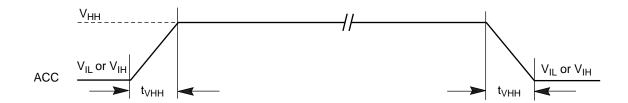
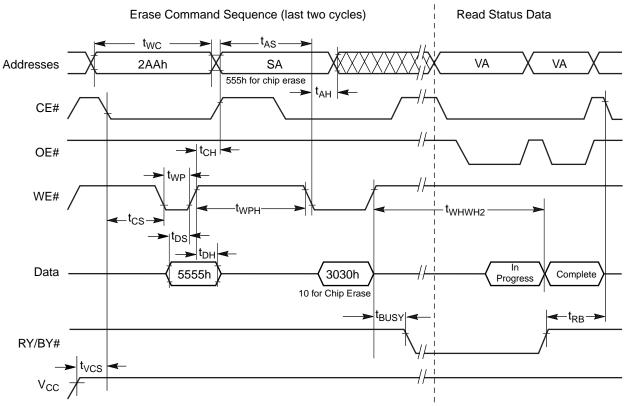


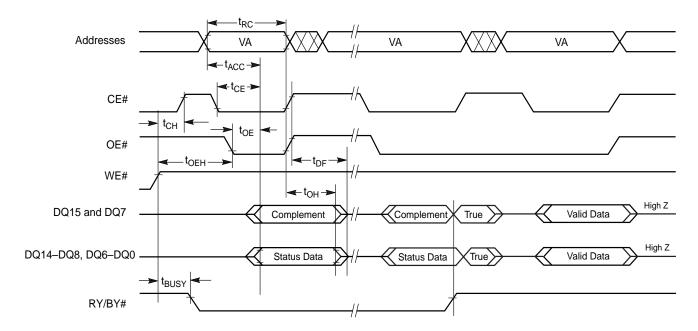
Figure 17. Accelerated Program Timing Diagram



- 1. SA = sector address (for Sector Erase), VA = Valid Address for reading status data (see "Write Operation Status".
- 2. These waveforms are for the word mode.

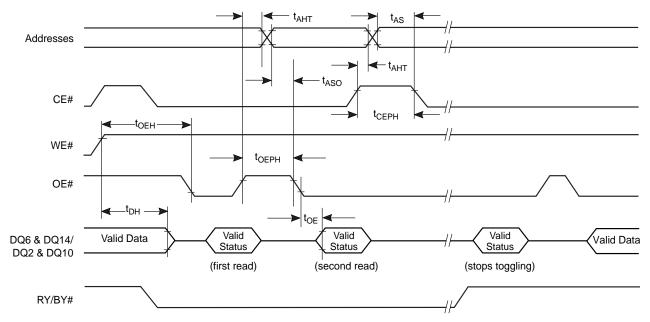
Figure 18. Chip/Sector Erase Operation Timings





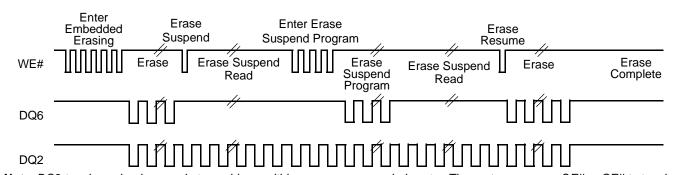
Note: VA = Valid address. Illustration shows first status cycle after command sequence, last status read cycle, and array data read cycle.

Figure 19. Data# Polling Timings (During Embedded Algorithms)



Note: VA = Valid address; not required for DQ6. Illustration shows first two status cycle after command sequence, last status read cycle, and array data read cycle

Figure 20. Toggle Bit Timings (During Embedded Algorithms)



Note: DQ2 toggles only when read at an address within an erase-suspended sector. The system may use OE# or CE# to toggle DQ2 and DQ6.

Figure 21. DQ2 vs. DQ6



Temporary Sector Unprotect

| Parameter | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|---|-----|-------------------|------|
| JEDEC | JEDEC Std Description | | | All Speed Options | Unit |
| | t _{VIDR} | V _{ID} Rise and Fall Time (See Note) | Min | 500 | ns |
| | t _{RSP} | RESET# Setup Time for Temporary Sector Unprotect | | 4 | μs |

Note: Not 100% tested.

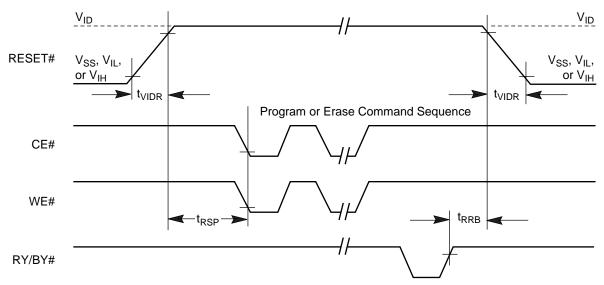
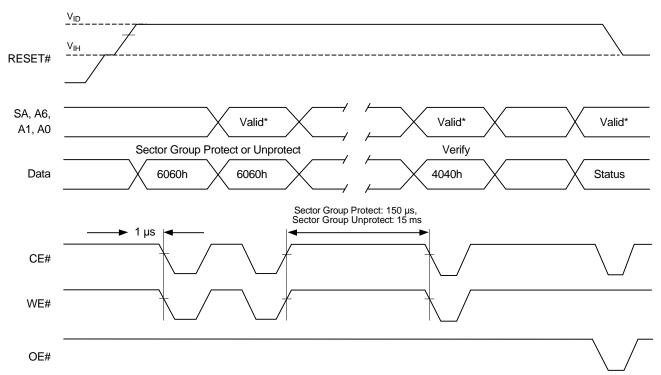


Figure 22. Temporary Sector Group Unprotect Timing Diagram



^{*} For sector group protect, A6 = 0, A1 = 1, A0 = 0. For sector group unprotect, A6 = 1, A1 = 1, A0 = 0.

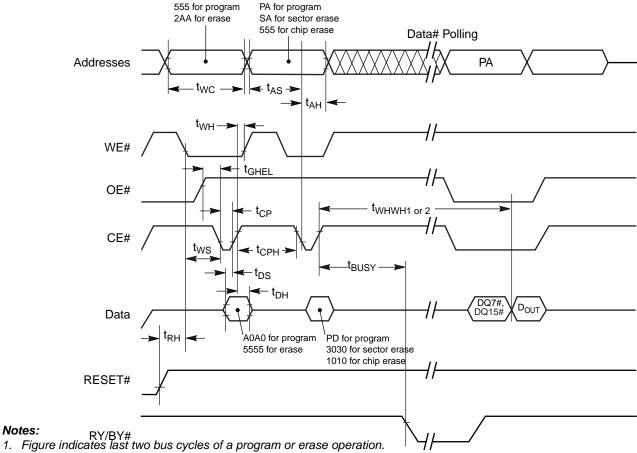
Figure 23. Sector Group Protect and Unprotect Timing Diagram



Alternate CE# Controlled Erase and Program Operations

| Parar | neter | | | | S | peed Option | ıs | |
|--------------------|--------------------|---|----------|-----|-----------|-------------|-----------|------|
| JEDEC Std. | | Description | | | 103, 103R | 113, 113R | 123, 123R | Unit |
| t _{AVAV} | t _{WC} | Write Cycle Time (Note 1) | | Min | 100 | 110 | 120 | ns |
| t _{AVWL} | t _{AS} | Address Setup Time | | Min | 0 | | | ns |
| t _{ELAX} | t _{AH} | Address Hold Time | | Min | 45 | | | ns |
| t _{DVEH} | t _{DS} | Data Setup Time | | Min | 45 | | | ns |
| t _{EHDX} | t _{DH} | Data Hold Time | Min | | 0 | | ns | |
| t _{GHEL} | t _{GHEL} | Read Recovery Time Before Write (OE# High to WE# Low) | Min | | 0 | | ns | |
| t _{WLEL} | t _{WS} | WE# Setup Time | | Min | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{EHWH} | t_{WH} | WE# Hold Time | | Min | | 0 | | ns |
| t _{ELEH} | t _{CP} | CE# Pulse Width | Min | | 45 | | ns | |
| t _{EHEL} | t _{CPH} | CE# Pulse Width High | | Min | 30 | | | ns |
| | | Write Buffer Program Operation (Notes 2, 3 | 3) | Тур | | 240 | | μs |
| | | Effective Write Buffer Program Operation | Per Byte | Тур | 7.5 | | | μs |
| | | (Notes 2, 4) | Per Word | Тур | 15 | | | μs |
| | | Effective Accelerated Write Buffer | Per Byte | Тур | 6.25 | | | μs |
| t _{WHWH1} | t _{WHWH1} | Program Operation (Notes 2, 4) | Per Word | Тур | | 12.5 | | μs |
| | | Single Byte/Word | Byte | Тур | | 60 | | μs |
| | | Program Operation (Note 2, 5) | Word | Тур | | 60 | | μs |
| | | Accelerated Single Byte/Word | Byte | Тур | 54 | | | μs |
| | | Programming Operation (Note 2, 5) | Word | Тур | | 54 | | μs |
| t _{WHWH2} | t _{WHWH2} | Sector Erase Operation (Note 2) | | Тур | | 0.5 | | sec |

- 1. Not 100% tested.
- 2. See the "Erase And Programming Performance" section for more information.
- 3. For 1-16 words/1-32 bytes programmed.
- 4. Effective write buffer specification is based upon a 16-word/32-byte write buffer operation.
- 5. Byte/Word programming specification is based upon a single word/byte programming operation not utilizing the write buffer.
- 6. AC specifications listed are tested with $V_{IO} = V_{CC}$. Contact AMD for information on AC operation with $V_{IO} \neq V_{CC}$



- 2. PA = program address, SA = sector address, PD = program data.
- DQ7# is the complement of the data written to the device. D_{OUT} is the data written to the device.
- Waveforms are for the word mode.

Figure 24. Alternate CE# Controlled Write (Erase/Program) **Operation Timings**

LATCHUP CHARACTERISTICS

| Description | Min | Max |
|--|---------|-------------------------|
| Input voltage with respect to $V_{\rm SS}$ on all pins except I/O pins (including A9, OE#, and RESET#) | –1.0 V | 12.5 V |
| Input voltage with respect to V _{SS} on all I/O pins | –1.0 V | V _{CC} + 1.0 V |
| V _{CC} Current | –100 mA | +100 mA |

Note: Includes all pins except V_{CC} . Test conditions: $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, one pin at a time.



ERASE AND PROGRAMMING PERFORMANCE

| Parameter | | Typ (Note 1) | Max (Note 2) | Unit | Comments |
|--|----------|--------------|--------------|------|---|
| Sector Erase Time Chip Erase Time | | 0.5 | 3.5 | sec | Excludes 00h programming |
| | | 256 | 512 | sec | prior to erasure (Note 6) |
| Single Byte/Word | Byte | 60 | 600 | μs | |
| Program Time (Note 3) | Word | 60 | 600 | μs | |
| Accelerated Single Byte/Word | Byte | 54 | 540 | μs | |
| Program Time (Note 3) | Word | 54 | 540 | μs | |
| Total Write Buffer Program Time (Note 4) | | 240 | 1200 | μs | |
| Effective Write Buffer Program | Per Byte | 7.5 | 38 | μs | Excludes system level overhead (Note 7) |
| Time (Note 5) | Per Word | 15 | 75 | μs | (, |
| Total Accelerated Write Buffer Program Time (Note 4) | | 200 | 1040 | μs | |
| Effective Accelerated Write | Per Byte | 6.25 | 33 | μs | |
| Buffer Program Time (Note 5) | Per Word | 12.5 | 65 | μs | |
| Chip Program Time | | 252 | 584 | sec | |

Notes

- 1. Typical program and erase times assume the following conditions: 25°C, 3.0 V V_{CC}. Programming specifications assume that all bits are programmed to 00h.
- 2. Maximum values are measured at VCC = 3.0, worst case temperature. Maximum values are valid up to and including 100,000 program/erase cycles.
- 3. Byte/Word programming specification is based upon a single word/byte programming operation not utilizing the write buffer.
- 4. For 1-16 words or 1-32 bytes programmed in a single write buffer programming operation.
- 5. Effective write buffer specification is based upon a 16-word/32-byte write buffer operation.
- 6. In the pre-programming step of the Embedded Erase algorithm, all bits are programmed to 00h before erasure.
- 7. System-level overhead is the time required to execute the two- or four-bus-cycle sequence for the program command. See Table 11 for further information on command definitions.
- 8. The device has a minimum erase and program cycle endurance of 100,000 cycles.

TSOP PIN AND BGA PACKAGE CAPACITANCE

| Parameter Symbol | Parameter Description | Test Setup | | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|------|-----|-----|------|
| C | Innut Congoitance | Oppositor of No. 0 | | 6 | 7.5 | pF |
| C _{IN} | Input Capacitance | $V_{IN} = 0$ | BGA | 4.2 | 5 | pF |
| C | Output Capacitance | V _{OUT} = 0 | TSOP | 8.5 | 12 | pF |
| C _{OUT} | Output Capacitance | | BGA | 5.4 | 6.5 | pF |
| | Control Din Conggitance | V - 0 | TSOP | 7.5 | 9 | pF |
| C _{IN2} Control Pin Capacitance | $V_{IN} = 0$ | BGA | 3.9 | 4.7 | pF | |

- 1. Sampled, not 100% tested.
- 2. Test conditions $T_A = 25$ °C, f = 1.0 MHz.

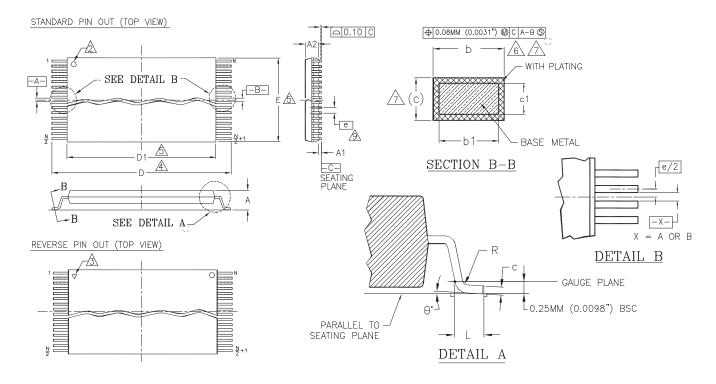
DATA RETENTION

| Parameter Description | Test Conditions | Min | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-------|
| Minimum Pattern Data Retention Time | 150℃ | 10 | Years |
| Willing Fattern Data Retention Time | 125°C | 20 | Years |



PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

TS056/TSR056—56-Pin Standard/Reverse Thin Small Outline Package (TSOP)



| TS/TSR 56 | | | |
|---------------|--|---|--|
| MO-142 (B) EC | | | |
| MIN. | MIN. NOM. MA | | |
| | | 1.20 | |
| 0.05 | | 0.15 | |
| 0.95 | 1.00 | 1.05 | |
| 0.17 | 0.20 | 0.23 | |
| 0.17 | 0.22 | 0.27 | |
| 0.10 | | 0.16 | |
| 0.10 | | 0.21 | |
| 19.90 | 20.00 | 20.20 | |
| 18.30 | 18.40 | 18.50 | |
| 13.90 | 14.00 | 14.10 | |
| 0.50 BASIC | | | |
| 0.50 0.60 0.7 | | 0.70 | |
| 0° | 3° | 5° | |
| 0.08 | * | 0.20 | |
| 56 | | | |
| | MIN 0.05 0.95 0.17 0.17 0.10 0.10 19.90 18.30 13.90 0.50 | MO-142 (B) E MIN. NOM 0.05 0.95 1.00 0.17 0.20 0.17 0.22 0.10 19.90 20.00 18.30 18.40 13.90 14.00 0.50 BASIC 0.50 0.60 0° 3° 0.08 | |

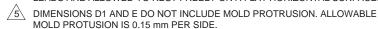
NOTES:







TO BE DETERMINED AT THE SEATING PLANE [-C-]. THE SEATING PLANE IS DEFINED AS THE PLANE OF CONTACT THAT IS MADE WHEN THE PACKAGE LEADS ARE ALLOWED TO REST FREELY ON A FLAT HORIZONTAL SURFACE.



DIMENSION 6 DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTUSION SHALL BE 0.08 mm TOTAL IN EXCESS OF 6 DIMENSION AT MAX MATERIAL CONDITION. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSION AND AN ADJACENT LEAD TO BE 0.07 mm.

THESE DIMESIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN 0.10 mm AND 0.25 mm FROM THE LEAD TIP.

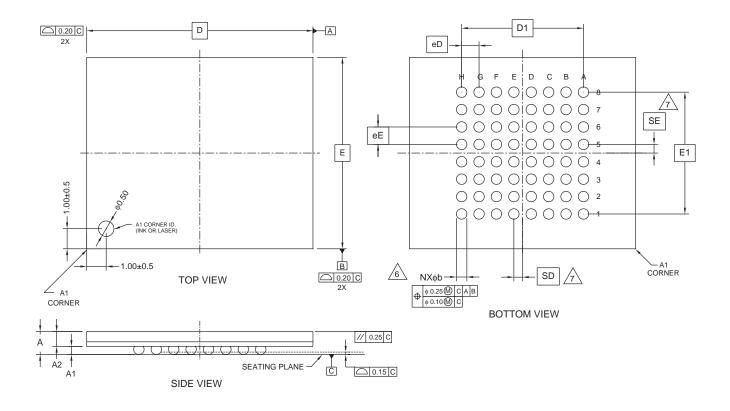
8. LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE WITHIN 0.10 mm AS MEASURED FROM THE SEATING PLANE.

9 DIMENSION "e" IS MEASURED AT THE CENTERLINE OF THE LEADS.

3160\38.10A

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

LAC064—64-Ball Fortified Ball Grid Array 18 x 12 mm Package



| PACKAGE | | LAC 064 | | |
|---------|--------------------------------|---------|------|--------------------------|
| JEDEC | N/A | | | |
| | 18.00 mm x 12.00 mm PACKAGE | | 0 mm | |
| SYMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX | NOTE |
| Α | | | 1.40 | PROFILE HEIGHT |
| A1 | 0.40 | | | STANDOFF |
| A2 | 0.60 | | | BODY THICKNESS |
| D | 18.00 BSC. | | | BODY SIZE |
| Е | 12.00 BSC. | | | BODY SIZE |
| D1 | 7.00 BSC. | | | MATRIX FOOTPRINT |
| E1 | 7.00 BSC. | | | MATRIX FOOTPRINT |
| MD | 8 | | | MATRIX SIZE D DIRECTION |
| ME | 8 | | | MATRIX SIZE E DIRECTION |
| N | 64 | | | BALL COUNT |
| φb | 0.50 | 0.60 | 0.70 | BALL DIAMETER |
| eD | 1.00 BSC. | | | BALL PITCH - D DIRECTION |
| eЕ | 1.00 BSC. | | | BALL PITCH - E DIRECTION |
| SD / SE | 0.50 BSC. | | | SOLDER BALL PLACEMENT |
| | NONE | | | DEPOPULATED SOLDER BALLS |

NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- BALL POSITION DESIGNATION PER JESD 95-1, SPP-010 (EXCEPT AS NOTED).
- 4. e REPRESENTS THE SOLDER BALL GRID PITCH.
- 5. SYMBOL "MD" IS THE BALL ROW MATRIX SIZE IN THE "D" DIRECTION.
 - SYMBOL "ME" IS THE BALL COLUMN MATRIX SIZE IN THE "E" DIRECTION.

N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF SOLDER BALLS.

- 6 DIMENSION "b" IS MEASURED AT THE MAXIMUM BALL DIAMETER IN A PLANE PARALLEL TO DATUM C.
- SD AND SE ARE MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO DATUMS A AND B AND DEFINE THE POSITION OF THE CENTER SOLDER BALL IN THE OUTER ROW.

WHEN THERE IS AN ODD NUMBER OF SOLDER BALLS IN THE OUTER ROW PARALLEL TO THE D OR E DIMENSION, RESPECTIVELY, SD OR SE = 0.000.

WHEN THERE IS AN EVEN NUMBER OF SOLDER BALLS IN THE OUTER ROW, SD OR SE = $\boxed{e/2}$

- 8. NOT USED.
- 9. "+" INDICATES THE THEORETICAL CENTER OF DEPOPULATED BALLS.

3243 \ 16-038.12d



REVISION SUMMARY

Revision A (August 3, 2001)

Initial release as abbreviated Advance Information data sheet.

Revision A+1 (September 12, 2001)

Ordering Information

Changed package part number designation from WH to PC.

Physical Dimensions

Added the TS056 and LAA064 packages.

Revision A+2 (October 3, 2001)

Global

Corrected title from 64 Mbit to 256 Mbit. Added 120 ns speed option.

Distinctive Characteristics

SecSi[™] (Secured Silicon) Sector region: Corrected 64-byte to 256-byte.

Connection Diagram

Modified Fortified BGA ball grid to an 8 x 8 ball matrix. Changed RFU (reserved for future use) balls to NC (No Connection).

Ordering Information

Changed operating voltage range on 90 ns speed option to 3.0–3.6 V.

Pin Description

Added A-1 description.

Revision A+3 (March 25, 2002)

Distinctive Characteristics

Clarified description of Enhanced VersatileIO control.

Physical Dimensions

Added drawing that shows both TS056 and TSR056 specifications.

Revision B (July 1, 2002)

Expanded data sheet to full specification version.

Revision B+1 (July 10, 2002)

Ordering Information, Physical Dimensions

Corrected package description to LAC064, 18 x 12 mm Fortified BGA.

DC Characteristics table

Deleted I_{ACC} specification.

Revision B+2 (September 9, 2002)

Product Selector Guide, Ordering Information, Read-Only Operations, Erase and Program Operations, and Alternate CE# Controlled Erase and Program Operations

Added regulated OPNs.

Changed all OPNs that end with 4 or 9 to end with 3 or 8.

Changed all package markings that contain combinations that end with 4 or 9 to end with 3 or 8.

CFI

Modified wording of last paragraph to read: "reading array data."

Program Suspend/Program Resume Command Sequence

Changed 15 μ s typical to maximum and added 5 μ s typical.

Erase Suspend/Erase Resume Commands

Changed typical from 20 μs to 5 μs and added a maximum of 20 μs .

LAC064—64-Ball Fortified Ball Grid Array

Added final package drawing.

Revision B+3 (October 23, 2002)

SecSi (Secured Silicon) Sector Flash Memory Region

Added x8 address range.

Physical Dimensions

Modified drawing to show the actual number of balls on device package.

Revision B+4 (November 6, 2002)

Global

Removed the Enhanced VI/O option and changed it to VI/O only.

Product Selector Guide

Removed the 98R, 108, 108R, 118, 118R, 128, and 128R Speed Options.

Modified Note #2.

Moved V_{IO} from far left side of the block diagram and moved it to Input/Output Buffers.

Ordering Information

Modified Order numbers and package markings to reflect the removal of speed options.

Table 4. SecSi Sector Contents

Added x8 and x16

Operating Ranges

Changed the V_{IO} supply range to 1.65–3.6 V.

Erase and Programming Performance

Changed the typicals and/or maximums of Chip Erase Time, Effective Write Buffer Program Time, and Program Time to TBD.

Customer Lockable: SecSi Sector NOT Programmed or Protected at the factory.

Added second bullet, SecSi sector-protect verify text and figure 3.

Table 7. Device Geometry Definition

Changed the x16 data for 2Dh to 00FFh.

SecSi Sector Flash Memory Region, and Enter SecSi Sector/Exit SecSi Sector Command Sequence

Noted that the ACC function and unlock bypass modes are not available when the SecSi sector is enabled.

Byte/Word Program Command Sequence, Sector Erase Command Sequence, and Chip Erase Command Sequence

Noted that the SecSi Sector, autoselect, and CFI functions are unavailable when a program or erase operation is in progress.

Common Flash Memory Interface (CFI)

Changed CFI website address.

Revision B+5 (November 11, 2002)

Product Selector Guide and Read Only Operations

Added a 30 ns Page Access time and Output Enable Access time to the 113R and 123R Speed Options.

Revision B+6 (December 2, 2002)

Global

Added Sector Group Protection and added Table 4.

Product Selector Guide

Added V_{IO}s to table and removed Note #2

Ordering Information

Corrected typos in V_{IO} ranges.

Removed Note.

Figure 6. Program Suspend/Program Resume

Change wait time to 15 µs.

Operating Ranges

Corrected typos in V_{IO} ranges.

Removed full voltage range.

CMOS Compatible

Changed V_{IH1} and V_{IH2} minimum to 1.9.

Removed typos in notes.

Read-Only Characteristics

Added note #3.

Hardware Reset, Erase and Program Operations, Temporary Sector Unprotect, and Alternate CE# Controlled Erase and Program Operations

Added Note.

Revision C (February 14, 2003)

Distinctive Characteristics

Corrected performance characteristics.

Product Selector Guide

Removed 93R speed option.

Added note 2.

Ordering Information

Corrected Valid Combination to reflect speed option changes.

Added Note.

AC Characteristics

Removed 93, 93R speed option.

Added Note

Input values in the t_{WHWH} 1 and t_{WHWH} 2 parameters in the Erase and Program Options table that were previously TBD. Also added notes 5 and 6.

Input values in the $t_{WHWH}1$ and $t_{WHWH}2$ parameters in the Alternate CE# Controlled Erase and Program Options table that were previously TBD. Also added notes 5.

Erase and Programming Performance

Input values into table that were previously TBD.

Added note 4.



Revision C+1 (May 28, 2003)

Global

Converted to full datasheet version.

Modified SecSi Sector Flash Memory Region section to include ESN references.

Erase and Programming Performance

Input values into table that were previously TBD.

Modified notes.

CMOS Compatible

Corrected typos in table.

Erase and Program Operations and Alternate CE# Controlled Erase and Program Operations

Changed the typical for the Accelerated Effective Write Buffer Program Operation for Byte and Word to 6.25 and 12.5.

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